their example; and I think, therefore, that it is by no means unlikely that Ladakh trade may in this way receive a new and powerful impetus.

GENERAL REMARKS ON THE PAST YEAR'S TRADE AND PROSPECTS OF THE CENTRAL ASIAN TRADING COMPANY.

77. Apart from the actual amount of the trade totals, which is in itself a satisfactory illustration of the progress that has characterised our commerce with Eastern Turkistán during the past year, there are not wanting other indications, such as, for instance, the marked increase of imports from Yárkand, the rise in almost all the chief articles of Indian import, the prospect of a new market for indigo, the rates of prices current in the different markets, &c., &c., all of which may be said to speak well for the present, and promisingly for the future, condition of trade.

78. At the same time I think it as well to say, that such insight as my experience here has given me of the workings of trade certainly lead me to the conclusion that, notwithstanding the elasticity the Turkistán market has hitherto shown, its capacities are nevertheless limited. The steady and unvarying progress that has ever since the record of Ladakh statistics marked the past history of trade is sufficient evidence of this elasticity. All the same, the country is still young, its resources are to a great extent undeveloped, and its wealth certainly at present is inconsiderable, and in guaging the capabilities of its market these circumstances should not be overlooked.

79. In drawing inferences from the statistics of Ladakh trade there is, moreover, another fact which should always be borne in mind, or else erroneous conclusions may be arrived at. It is that almost all commercial transactions are effected by barter, very little money being exchanged; for truth to tell, very few of the traders have any money to exchange. If cash could be realised at the rates that figure in the tables of prices current, it would not take long to make a fortune in this trade; but such is not the case. A trader, for instance, comes to Leh with a consignment of piece-goods, in exchange for which say he makes a bargain for charras and silk. A certain amount of chance, to begin with, must attend the success of this transaction, but his business is as yet only half over; he has still to get rid of the silk and charras, and the profits he ultimately realizes must of course depend on the state of the Indian market as regards these goods. Then, again, in balancing gain, consideration must be taken of the expense of carriage, risk of loss or damage on the road, mortality of horses, &c., &c., and all these contingencies are, it should be remembered, much increased in case of a trader's travels being prolonged to Turkistán.

80. As to the prospects of the Central Asian Trading Company, the accounts first received of Mr. Russell's chance of getting rid of his goods were wonderfully promising. More recent reports, however, do not bear out the sanguine expectations he seems first to have formed of the success likely to attend his sales. But that he should have sold but little of his caravan hitherto is, I think, in no way surprising; for my idea is that even under favourable circumstances it would take a considerable time to effect the sale of so large a caravan—that is, on the condition of the goods being bought up in the ordinary way of trade by the people of the country. It is quite likely, however, that the Amír, if he thinks that Mr. Russell is using his eyes to too good purpose in Yárkand, will, in order to give him his *congé*, treat him as he seems on several occasions to have treated Russian merchants in similar circumstances, and buy up the whole or the greater part of his goods himself. But of course if the caravan were sold in this way it would not afford a reliable test for gauging the capacities of the Turkistán market. I have, however, after having given the matter a good deal of consideration, come to the conclusion that, whatever measure of success may attend his business,—and Mr. Russell's energy and enterprise are deserving of a high measure of success,—we shall still only have an imperfect test of the capacities of the Yárkand market: for it seems to me quite certain that Mr. Russell's goods are not entirely suited to the wants of the country he has taken them to. In the first place they are *universally* spoken of as being excessively expensive, and in the next place, a portion of them at any rate, are quite out of place in the Turkistán bazár.

81. Let us examine some of the principal items of his importations. To begin with the chief article, *piece-goods*, which figure to the extent of Rs. 62,500. As has been already pointed out, these piece-goods are a good deal more expensive than the fabrics that ordinarily find importation to Yárkand. They are no doubt of finer texture and better quality and possibly more worth their price than the inferior kind, but this is not to the point, for it may be no recommendation in the eyes of the Yárkandis, whose taste in the matter will determine the sale of the goods. If they, as would seem to be the case, prefer coarse and cheap long-cloth, it is an open question whether they will purchase finer cloth at an enhanced price.

82. Merino, Rs. 35,644; broad cloth, Rs. 8,155,—total Rs. 43,799. These fabrics have hitherto been imported in but exceedingly small quantities to Turkistán. I should think the demand for them is likely to be very limited, especially as Mr. Russell's prices are more than 35 per cent. higher than other traders.

83. Flannel, Rs. 5,665; alpacca, Rs. 2,490; serge, Rs. 4,377; cotton-cloth, Rs. 3,015,—total Rs. 15,547. These fabrics will be entirely new to the country, and, with the exception, perhaps, of cotton cloth, I do not know what grounds there are for thinking that there will be any

demand for them. Any way, considering their prices, I think the chances of their finding sale somewhat hazardous.

84. Silk fabrics, Rs. 44,514. The average price of these, according to Mr. Russell's valuation, is Rs. 3 per yard, and the silks of other traders Rs. 2-2 per yard. Mr. Russell's silks are probably much superior to other merchants, but so are their prices; and it is, *quantity not quality*, that finds favour in Yárkand.

85. Neck scarves or comforters, Rs. 2,700; jackets, Rs. 2,304; merino shawls, Rs. 3,620; English blankets, Rs. 240; English shawls, Rs. 240; stuff for veils, Rs. 1,624; silk stockings, Rs. 500; curtains Rs. 430,—total Rs. 11,658. It must have cost a good deal of money to transport these articles from Bradford to Yárkand, and whether they would not be much more appropriately placed in an English warehouse than a shop in a Central Asian bazár is a question about which there could hardly be, I should think, two opinions. However, now they have got to Yárkand, let us hope some one will buy them; though should they not find a sale it would be very hard to blame the market of the country. The Túrkís, though they are reported to be an enlightened race, have probably hardly yet advanced sufficiently far in civilization to take to wearing silk stockings.

86. Imitation fur-robes, Rs. 800; 4 were detailed at Rs. 200 a piece. Now considering that an embroidered portion of expensive Russian furs (genuine of course) could be bought for this sum in Yárkand, Mr. Russell will be very fortunate if he succeeds in persuading any body to take his *imitation* fur-robes at this price.

87. Needles, Rs. 100; pins, Rs. 3,434. Needles sell in Yárkand, but pins will be quite new to the country, and Mr. Russell will, I should think, have to enlighten the people as to the uses they are adapted to before he finds any purchasers.

88. Gun caps, Rs. 2,000, priced at Rs. 10 per 1,000. Yárkandís have, however, been accustomed to buy caps that cost only Rs. 6 per 1,000, and though these are no doubt very inferior caps, still they appear to have satisfied their wants, and they will probably think twice before they pay as much as Mr. Russell is asking.

89. Guns, cartridges, &c. Mr. Russell took up a large consignment of both these in his caravan, but his prices seem to be thought excessively high. If he will abate them, however these articles should sell well.

90. I trust my motive in making the above remarks, by no means all that might be said on the same subject, will not be misunderstood. As conclusions will inevitably be drawn as to the probable results of Mr. Russell's venture, I take it to be only my duty to do all I can to contribute to the correctness of these conclusions; and unless some consideration be given to the adaptability in price as well as in kind of Mr. Russell's goods to the wants of the country he has taken them to for sale, I do not see how even approximately correct conclusions can be arrived at in the matter. Their suitability in this respect should, I take it, be not only the standard his success should be judged by, but also the test of the capacity of the Yárkand market. I will only add that Mr. Russell has no doubt had a very difficult task before him, and the pluck and enterprise he has brought to bear on it deserve every success. This I wish him with all my heart, notwithstanding the prominence I have thought it my duty to give to the odds that are against it.

91. *Drawbacks.*—I see in the Punjab report for 1873-74 that it is in contemplation to allow the payment of refunds of duties on goods for Turkistán to be made at Leh by the British Joint-Commissioner, and I trust that nothing may prevent this arrangement being carried out. Ladakh would, I take it, for every reason, be the most convenient place for the payment of drawbacks. Last year all the traders that came *vid* Kullu got their refunds paid by the Assistant Commissioner of that district, and several who came *vid* Kashmir petitioned me for a similar favour and appeared unable to comprehend why I could not grant it them.

Events of the Year.

92. During the early summer of 1874 Sir Douglas Forsyth's mission repassed through Ladakh on their return journey to India, and, thanks to the able way Mr. Johnson carried out the orders of the Mahárája on the subject, the arrangements made for their requirements were very elaborate and complete. Some fears were entertained in the spring that in consequence of the withdrawal of a portion of the cultivators of this district for employment as coolies, &c., the crops might suffer; but such was not the case: arrangements were made for the tillage of the usual amount of ground, and the yield of the harvest was quite up to, if not in excess of, the average of past seasons. The autumn of the year was marked by the death of the Rája of Ladakh, which occurred rather suddenly on the 20th September. Since the Kashmir conquest of Ladakh, in 1834, by Wazir Zoráwar Singh, the Rája has been in the position of a mere stipendiary, retaining the nominal title of Rája but having no authority whatsoever. He is succeeded in the title by his son, a boy of about 10 years of age.

93. The death of the Rája was followed about two months later by that of the "Kahlone," the head Bôte munshi of the Ladakh wizárat. In bye-gone days, when the Ladakh State was independent, the Kahlone was the prime minister of the Rája, and an

official of no mean importance. The late Kahlone was a fine specimen of a Bôte, and it will be difficult to replace him in the wizárat. He was on his way to Lhássa as commercial envoy from the Mahárája, when he contracted the illness that brought on his death.

94. *Jurisdiction.*—During the year 29 civil and 6 criminal cases came for jurisdiction before the Joint-Commissioner's court. The civil cases were almost all suits to recover debts, and none deserve special comment. The criminal cases, with the exception of one for theft, tried by Mr. Johnson at Lama Gyrá, on his way to Kashmir, were of a very trivial character.

95. *Leh Dispensary.*—In the autumn of the year the services of Assa Rám, Hospital Assistant, were lost to the dispensary; the duties of which, as well as those of meteorological observer, he had carried on for a period extending over 18 months with great assiduity and attention. I am glad, however, to be able to speak in equally high terms of the efficient way these duties have been since carried on by his successor, Hospital Assistant Chirágh Dín, who has been most regular and attentive in his work. I submit with the dispensary statistics a short report of his, and, with reference to the working of the dispensary during the past year, I should like to say that the great falling-off in the number of vaccinations is due to the circumstance that Lámá Tandúp, on receipt of the reward granted him for his work during 1873, disappeared for some time, and I have only lately been able to unearth him. As he was the means of all the district vaccinations being carried out, of course in his absence there was a cessation of work. Now, however, I am glad to say that he has recommenced his vaccinations again, and I trust that the return for *this* year may be up to the mark of 1873.

96. Karím Baksh, the office munshi, has rendered me invaluable assistance in the compilation of the statistics accompanying this report. The ability and assiduity of Karím Baksh have, on previous occasions, been brought to the notice of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, and last year, as on several previous years, His Honour was graciously pleased to grant him, on the recommendation of the British Joint-Commissioner, the gratuity of one month's pay. This year I have, however, ventured to recommend (in a separate letter) the munshi for a permanent increase of pay, and I venture to hope His Honour may not think the reward unmerited.

97. In bringing this report to a close I should like to place on record the thanks I feel are due to Mr. Johnson, the Mahárája's Wazír of Ladakh, for the cordial co-operation he has always given me in carrying out the duties of my office here. Yárkand trade, moreover, owes no little to the help it has had from Mr. Johnson; since his departure on furlough to England, the duties of the wizárat have been carried on by Munshi Bayli Rám, and I have reason to be pleased with the assistance Bayli Rám, as well as officials of the Mahárája's have given me in carrying on my work here.

A.

IMPORTS FROM TURKISTAN INTO LADAKH DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Turkistan.		Remarks.
			Weight.	Value.	
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Coarse cotton cloth ("Garha") ...	87 8 0	143 31	12,577	
2	Silk thread ("Réshum")	240 0 0	209 20	50,280	
3	Pashm ("Turfáni")	Various.	765 10	60,030	
4	Soap	40 0 0	6 0	240	
5	Charras	Various.	575 12	29,125	
6	Jade stone ("Sangyeshm") ..	.....	12 30	3,560	
			By Number.		
7	Khokand silk ("Shábi") ... thán	5 0 0	Thâns 68	340	Shábi is a fine silk.
8	Khotán silk ("Darái Khotán") ,,	2 0 0	Do. 3,235	6,470	Darái is a coarse silk.
9	Daroyá, Khokand ... ,,	5 0 0	Do. 60	300	"Daroyá," silk and cotton cloth, fine.
10	Khotán mashru ... ... ,,	4 0 0	Do. 130	520	"Mashru," ditto ditto coarse.
11	Yárkand cotton cloth ("Chakmán") ,,	2 0 0	Do. 7,200	14,400	Used as a lining for chogas, and in Chinese Tartary as a material for trade.
12	Postins	Various.	No. 71	1,240	
13	Chogas	.....	Do. 32	230	
14	Carpets ("Zilcha")	.....	Do. 238	3,305	
15	Felts ("Namda")	.....	Do. 4,468	9,285	
16	Green leather ("Sogri") ... each	2 0 0	Do. 13	26	
17	Metallic lustred leather ... 100	20 0 0	Do. 2,400	480	
18	Yak tails ("Chaori") ... each	1 8 0	Do. 20	30	
19	"Mamirán," thalictrum, a drug tola	1 0 0	Tolas 240	240	
20	Precious stones	Various.	.....	13,590	
21	Gold-dust ... ... ,,	14 0 0	Tolas 5,732	80,248	
22	Gold coins ... ... each	5 8 0	No. 2,391	13,150	
23	Kárs ... ... ,,	170 0 0	Do. 166	28,220	
24	Silver and cash ... ... Rs.	.....	.....	20,036	
25	Horses	.....	No. 396	33,880	
	TOTAL ...	.....	.....	3,81,802	

NOTE.—No annas have been entered to simplify the addition.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain*,
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

B.

EXPORTS FROM LADAKH TO TURKISTAN DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Turkistan.		Remarks.
			Weight.	Value.	
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Piece-goods, 1st quality ("Bazázi") ...	250 0 0	250 0	62,000	
2	Do., 2nd do.	175 0 0	810 0	1,41,750	
3	Sugar, 1st quality	40 0 0	202 20	8,100	
4	Do., 2nd do.	30 0 0	400 13	12,010	
5	Do., unrefined	25 0 0	55 24	1,390	
6	Honey	20 0 0	19 20	390	
7	"Morsaba-i-amla" (a confection) ...	40 0 0	7 5	285	
8	Spices, 1st quality	90 0 0	31 0	2,790	Nutmeg, cinnamon, and cardamums.
9	Do., 2nd do.	Various.	219 18	12,594	Black pepper, cloves, &c.
10	Do., 3rd do.	25 0 0	261 0	6,525	Turmeric and ginger.
11	Tea, green, Lhássa	160 0 0	6 0	960	
12	Do., do., Calcutta	Various.	107 20	19,760	
13	Do., ball, do.	Do.	144 24	12,765	
14	Do., hill, Kángra	120 0 0	326 30	39,210	
15	Cardamoms	400 0 0	3 0	1,200	
16	Dried fruits	40 0 0	6 0	240	
17	Rice, 1st quality, ("Bára")	30 0 0	3 0	90	From Pesháwar.
18	Tin	100 0 0	7 20	750	
19	Cutlery, ("Manihári")	160 0 0	11 12	1,808	
20	Carbonate of lead	120 0 0	1 20	180	"Safeda kashkari."

B —*continued.*

EXPORTS FROM LADAKH TO TURKISTAN DURING THE YEAR 1874 —*continued.*

Number.	Name of Goods.		Rate per maund pakka.	Turkistan.		Remarks.
				Weight.	Value.	
			Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
21	Indigo		Various.	349 20	40,530	
22	Borax		8 0 0	12 0	96	
23	Opium		400 0 0	25 26	10,260	
24	Medicines		Various.	12 20	3,300	
25	"Jadwár-i-khatái," (Zedoary) ...		Do.	0 5	400	
26	Fish bait		120 0 0	15 0	1,800	
27	Tamarinds		20 0 0	18 20	370	
28	Senna		20 0 0	24 0	480	
29	Dry myrobolans, ("Halela")		20 0 0	31 20	630	
30	"Amaltás," Cassia fistula		20 0 0	28 20	570	
			By Number.			
31	Brocade, ("Kinkháb") ...	thán	...	Thán 212	12,720	
32	Silk velvet, ("Makhmal") ...	yard	5 0 0	Yards 391	1,955	
33	Silk cloth, English ...	do.	3 0 0	Do. 14,838	44,514	
34	Satin cloth	thán	...	Thán 201	16,700	
35	Broad-cloth		...	Yards 1,599	9,219	
36	Serge cloth	yard	3 0 0	Do. 1,459	4,377	
37	Merino and woollen cloth ...	do.	2 0 0	17,922	35,844	
38	Cotton broad-cloth ...	do.	1 2 0	Do. 2,680	3,015	
39	Alpaca	do.	1 0 0	Do. 2,490	2,490	
40	Flannel		Various.	Do. 4,098	5,655	
41	"Shawls, pashm," Kashmíri		Do.	Thán 135	5,620	
42	Do. Báltistáni ...		Do.	Do. 11	520	
43	Do. Amritsari		40 0 0	Do. 5	200	
44	Shawls, merino, English		Various.	Dozens 10	3,620	
45	Scarves, English		Do.	Do. 12	2,700	
46	Blankets, do. ...	dozen	120 0 0	Do. 2	240	
47	Woollen Shawls, English ...	thán	1 0 0	Thán 240	240	
48	Colored kamrbands	dozen	200 0 0	Dozens 24	4,800	
49	Cloaks and jackets ...	do.	192 0 0	Do. 12	2,304	
50	Imitation fur cloth ...	each	200 0 0	Thán 4	800	
51	Veils	do.	7 0 0	Do. 232	1,624	
52	Silk socks	dozen	100 0 0	Dozens 5	500	
53	Cotton socks	do.	10 0 0	Do. 6	60	
54	Curtains	do.	107 8 0	Do. 4	430	
55	Otter skins		Various.	Thán 15,015	52,698	
56	Goat skins dyed red ...	score	25 0 0	Scores 2,345½	58,630	"Lot."
57	"Kalgi," (plumes of pheasant)	each	0 6 0	No. 450	169	
58	Foxes' skins	do.	1 0 0	Do. 95	95	
59	Korans and other books ...		Various.	Do. 2,948	11,830	
60	Aniline dye, ("Rang-i-ábási")		Do.	Boxes 200	800	
61	Thread, silk		Do.	Bundles 18	347	
62	Do. cotton		Do.	Do. 69	275	
63	Pin boxes and needles ...		Do.	Boxes 1,138	3,534	
64	Imitation jewellery ...		Do.	...	500	
65	Model railway		Do.	No. 1	120	
66	Corn-grinding machine ...		...	Do. 1	30	
67	Printing-die		...	Do. 1	120	
68	Telegraph		...	Do. 1	60	
69	Galvanic battery		...	Do. 1	40	
70	Barometer		...	Do. 1	30	
71	Pictures of sorts		...	...	90	
72	Knives		...	No. 2,000	6,000	
73	Lamps and candlesticks ...		...	Do. 23	274	
74	Telescopes		...	Do. 13	383	
75	Bells		...	Do. 8	68	
76	Musical boxes and watches ...		...	...	6,000	
77	Cups, China	each	0 8 0	No. 200	100	
78	Flint and steel		...	Do. 2,000	150	
79	Gunpowder	box	2 0 0	Boxes 60	120	
80	Cartridges	100	12 0 0	No. 100,000	12,000	
81	Swords, "talwár" ...	each	20 0 0	Do. 56	1,120	
82	Gun caps		...	Do. 6,210,000	32,050	
83	Rifles		...	Do. 359	68,990	
84	Pistols		...	Do. 52	2,550	
				Grand Total ...	8,02,563	

Note.—No annas have been entered to simplify addition.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

C.

IMPORTS INTO LEH FROM INDIA VIÁ KULLU, RÁMPUR, AND KASHMÍR DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Kullu.		Rámpur.		Kashmír.		Total.		Remarks.
			Weight.	Valhe.	Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.	
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Piece-goods, 1st quality ("Bazázi") ...	250 0 0	250 0	62,500	...	...	...	...	250 0	62,500	
2	Piece-goods, 2nd quality ("Bazázi") ...	175 0 0	364 4	63,717	16 0	2,800	174 20	30,538	554 24	97,055	
3	Coarse cotton cloth ("Gárha") ...	87 8 0	20 30	1,806	...	...	...	...	20 30	1,806	
4	Sugar, 1st quality ...	40 0 0	202 20	8,100	...	...	...	...	202 20	8,100	
5	Do., 2nd do. ...	30 0 0	238 36	7,167	7 10	218	34 10	1,028	280 16	8,413	
6	Do., unrefined ...	22 0 0	89 0	1,958	...	...	3 10	71	92 10	2,029	
7	Molasses	15 0 0	8 0	120	...	...	...	...	8 0	120	
8	Morab-i-ámla (a confection)	40 0 0	4 20	180	...	...	3 0	120	7 20	300	
9	Spices, 1st quality ...	90 0 0	24 32	2,232	...	...	...	...	24 32	2,232	Cinnamon, nutmeg.
10	Do., 2nd do. ...	55 0 0	40 32	2,243	6 0	330	46 20	2,558	93 12	5,131	Pepper cloves.
11	Do., 3rd do. ...	25 0 0	93 0	2,325	3 5	78	21 27	542	117 32	2,945	Ginger turmeric
12	Tea, green, Calcutta ...	200 0 0	36 0	7,200	...	...	39 1	7,805	75 1	15,005	
13	Tea, ball, do. ...	80 0 0	6 0	480	...	...	42 0	3,360	48 0	3,840	
14	Tea, hill, Kángra ...	120 0 0	176 12	21,216	...	...	90 0	10,800	266 12	32,016	
15	Rice ...	Various.	16 0	115	...	...	...	...	16 0	115	
16	Dál ...	8 0 0	3 0	24	...	...	...	...	3 0	24	
17	Oil ...	22 0 0	5 0	110	...	...	...	...	5 0	110	
18	Dried fruits ...	40 0 0	45 32	1,832	1 0	40	...	...	46 32	1,872	
19	Cardamoms ...	400 0 0	1 20	600	...	...	...	...	1 20	600	
20	Copper vessels ..	80 0 0	28 25	2,290	...	...	3 5	250	31 30	2,540	
21	Iron vessels ...	Various.	9 22	452	1 0	40	...	...	10 22	492	
22	Iron ...	15 0 0	87 16	1,311	1 0	15	...	...	88 16	1,326	
23	Steel ...	40 0 0	1 0	40	...	...	...	...	1 0	40	
24	Tin ...	100 0 0	4 22	455	...	...	0 32	80	5 14	535	
25	Cutlery ("Maniári") ...	160 0 0	10 16	1,664	...	...	1 22	248	11 30	1,912	
26	Salt, Punjab ...	13 0 0	...	...	...	...	0 13	4	0 13	4	
27	Soap	Various.	12 2	392	...	...	...	...	12 2	392	
28	Indigo	Do.	253 5	37,875	...	...	28 20	3,180	281 25	41,055	
29	Opium	400 0 0	...	...	1 10	600	...	...	1 10	500	
30	Tobacco	20 0 0	4 10	85	...	...	...	...	4 10	85	
31	Snuff	120 0 0	...	...	...	...	0 19	57	0 19	57	
32	Medicines	...	7 20	1,300	...	...	1 20	500	9 0	1,800	
33	Dry tamarind ("Imbli") ...	20 0 0	4 20	90	...	...	5 20	110	10 0	200	
34	Senna	20 0 0	3 0	60	...	...	3 0	60	6 0	120	
35	Dried myrabolans ...	20 0 0	...	...	...	...	4 0	80	4 0	80	
36	Cassia pulp ("Amaltás")	20 0 0	5 8	104	...	...	...	...	5 8	104	
37	Fish bait	120 0 0	13 8	1,584	...	...	...	...	13 8	1,584	
			By Number.								
38	Brocade ("Kinkháb")	Various.	tháns 103	9,340	...	...	tháns 54	7,006	tháns 157	16,346	
39	Silk velvet ("Makhmal") ... ... yard	5 0 0	yards 391	1,955	...	...	...	...	yards 391	1,955	
40	Silk cloth of sorts ... „	3 0 0	do. 14,838	44,514	...	...	...	...	do. 14,838	44,514	
41	Satin	Various.	tháns 2	200	...	...	tháns 145	12,250	tháns 147	12,450	
42	Amritsar silk cloth ... thán	25 0 0	do. 1	25	...	...	...	...	do. 1	25	
43	Broad-cloth ("Banát") ...	...	yds. 1,636	8,906	...	...	yds. 320	1,445	yds. 1,954	10,351	
44	Serge cloth ... yd.	3 0 0	do. 1,459	4,377	...	...	...	...	1,459	4,377	
45	Merino and woollen cloth ... ... „	2 0 0	do. 17,822	35,644	...	...	...	...	17,822	35,644	
46	Cotton cloth ... „	1 2 0	do. 2,680	3,015	...	...	...	...	2,680	3,015	
47	Alpacca ... „	1 0 0	do. 2,490	2,490	...	...	...	...	2,490	2,490	
48	Flannel cloth ...	...	do. 4,098	5,665	...	...	...	...	4,098	5,665	
49	English merino shawls	...	dozs. 10	3,620	...	...	...	...	10	3,620	
50	English blankets ... doz.	120 0 0	do. 2	240	...	...	...	...	2	240	
51	Scarves, woollen, English ... thán	1 0 0	tháns 240	240	...	...	...	...	240	240	
52	Scarves, merino, English	...	dozs. 12	2,700	...	...	...	...	12	2,700	
53	Colored kamrbands ... doz.	200 0 0	do. 24	4,800	...	...	...	...	24	4,800	
54	Jackets ... ... „	192 0 0	do. 12	2,304	...	...	...	...	12	2,304	
55	Veils ... ... „	7 0 0	do. 232	1,624	...	...	...	...	232	1,624	
56	Imitation fur cloth ... each	200 0 0	each 4	800	...	...	...	...	4	800	
57	Silk socks ... doz.	100 0 0	dozs. 5	500	...	...	...	...	5	500	
58	Cotton do. ... „	10 0 0	do. 6	60	...	...	...	...	6	60	
59	Curtains ... „	107 8 0	do. 4	430	...	...	...	...	4	430	
60	Otter skins ... „	Various.	5,462	21,984	200	1,100	3,103	12,299	8,765	35,383	
61	Goat skins dyed red ... score	25 0 0	784	19,600	...	...	677	16,925	1,461	36,525	
62	Shoes	...	400	420	...	...	...	...	400	420	
63	"Kalgi" (pheasant plumes)	...	150	*56	...	...	...	...	150	56	
64	Korán and other books ...	...	1,414	3,100	...	...	...	...	1,414	3,100	
65	Aniline dye ("Rang-i-ábási")	...	boxes 110	330	...	...	46	198	156	528	

C—*continued.*

IMPORTS INTO LEH FROM INDIA VIÁ KULLU, RÁMPUR, AND KASHMÍR DURING THE YEAR 1874—*continued.*

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Kullu.		Rámpur.		Kashmír.		Total.		Remarks.
			Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.	
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
					By number.						
66	Thread, silk ...	...	bundles 18	347	...	...	...	...	18	347	
67	Do., cotton ...	...	do. 69	275	...	...	...	...	69	275	
68	Pin boxes and needles ...	...	do. 1,138	3,534	...	...	...	...	1,138	3,534	
69	Imitation jewellery ...	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	500	
70	Model railway ...	...	1	120	...	...	...	...	1	120	
71	Corn-grinding machine ...	...	1	30	...	...	...	...	1	30	
72	Printing-die ...	...	1	120	...	...	...	...	1	120	
73	Telegraph ...	...	1	60	...	...	...	...	1	60	
74	Galvanic battery ...	...	1	40	...	...	...	...	1	40	
75	Barometer ...	...	1	30	...	...	...	...	1	30	
76	Pictures of sorts ...	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	90	
77	Knives ...	...	2,000	6,000	...	...	...	...	2,000	6,000	
78	Lamps and candlesticks ...	...	23	274	...	...	...	...	23	274	
79	Telescopes ...	...	13	383	...	...	...	...	13	383	
80	Bells ...	...	8	68	...	...	...	...	8	68	
81	Musical boxes and watches	...	...	6,000	...	...	...	...	...	6,000	
82	Conch shells ("Sanks") each	2 0 0	80	160	...	...	...	...	80	160	
83	Flint and steel ...	...	2,000	150	...	...	...	...	2,000	150	
84	Cups, China ... each	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	1,095	548	1,095	548	
85	Cartridges ... 100	12 0 0	100,000	12,000	...	...	...	...	100,000	12,000	
86	Gun caps ...	...	500,000	3,500	...	...	5,400,000	27,000	5,900,000	30,500	
87	Gunpowder ... box	2 0 0	65	130	...	...	...	...	65	130	
88	Rifles	...	295	63,750	...	...	20	2,000	315	65,750	
89	Pistols ... ... each	50 0 0	47	2,350	...	...	...	...	47	2,350	
90	Cash, rupees ...	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	5,000	
	Grand Total ...	...	...	5,15,477	...	5,121	....	1,41,062	...	6,61,660	

Note.—To simplify addition, no annas have been entered.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

D.

EXPORTS FROM LEH TO INDIA VIÁ KULLU, RÁMPUR, AND KASHMÍR DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Kullu.		Rámpur.		Kashmír.		Total Weight.	Total Value.	Remarks.
			Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.			
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Silk	240 0 0	8 26	2,076	...	...	197 21	47,406	206 7	49,482	
2	Pashm, picked ...	100 0 0	...	...	...	...	1 22	155	1 22	155	
3	Do., unpicked ...	Various.	27 0	2,160	...	...	368 17	29,142	395 17	31,302	
4	Tea, green, Lhássa ...	Do.	...	...	...	...	2 23	412	2 23	412	
5	Currants	14 0 0	...	...	...	...	2 22	36	2 22	36	
6	Borax	8 0 0	...	...	...	...	1 17	11	1 17	11	
7	Soda salt	8 0 0	...	...	...	...	0 29	6	0 29	6	"Phelli."
8	Gillar pattar ...	240 0 0	...	...	...	...	1 10	300	1 10	300	
9	Rhubarb	70 0 0	...	...	1 25	114	8 24	602	10 9	716	Gillar pattar is a seaweed (fucus saccharina).
10	Charras	50 0 0	250 23	12,529	42 30	2,138	439 0	21,950	732 13	36,617	
11	Jadwár-i-khatái ...	Various.	...	...	...	...	1 10	900	1 10	900	Zedoary.
12	Jade stone	Do.	...	...	...	...	14 19	4,260	14 19	4,260	
13	Lapis lazuli	Do.	...	...	...	...	0 4	40	0 4	40	"Lájward."
				By Number.							
14	Khokand silk thán	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	65	325	65	325	"Shahi."
15	Khotán silk ("Darái") „	Various.	...	...	...	...	940	1,980	940	1,980	"Darái."
16	Khokand ("Daroyá") „	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	25	125	25	125	Cotton and silk cloth.
17	Khotán mashru „	Various.	...	...	...	...	105	435	105	435	"Mashru" is a substance half silk.

D—*continued.*

EXPORTS FROM LEH TO INDIA VIÁ KULLU, RÁMPUR, AND KASHMÍR DURING THE YEAR 1874—*continued.*

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Kullu.		Rámpur.		Kashmír.		Total Weight.	Total Value.	Remarks.
			Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.			
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
18	Shawls, pashmína thán	Various.	...	...	22	550	9	225	31	775	From Baltistán.
19	Pattu, do. „	10 0 0	...	...	...	...	4	40	4	40	From Baltistán.
20	Postíns ... „	Various.	...	...	...	...	15	260	15	260	From Yárkand.
21	Chogas	Do.	...	...	...	...	12	200	12	200	
22	Carpets ("Zilcha") ...	Do.	55	700	13	120	144	2,335	212	3,155	
23	Felts ("Namda") ...	Do.	497	745	30	60	1,346	2,445	1,873	3,250	
24	Yak tails ... each	1 8 0	...	...	...	...	No. 9	13	9	13	"Chauri."
25	Cups, green stone „	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	Do. 25	No. 25	25	25	"Zahrmohra."
26	Precious stones ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,000	...	7,000	
27	Kurs, silver each	170 0 0	...	...	...	...	123	20,910	123	20,910	
28	Silver bullion tola	1 0 0	318	318	...	...	633	633	951	951	
29	Cash ... Rs.	...	...	350	...	...	...	32,839	...	33,189	
30	Gold-dust ... tola	14 0 0	326	4,564	...	...	5,303	74,242	5,629	78,806	
31	Gold coins ... each	5 8 0	No. 644	3,542	...	...	1,833	10,082	2,477	13,624	
32	Horses	...	Do. 72	6,725	...	...	198	18,295	270	25,020	
	Total ...	...	...	33,709	...	2,982	...	2,77,629	...	3,14,320	

Note.—To simplify addition, no annas have been entered.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

E.

IMPORTS FROM CHANGTHÁN INTO LADAKH DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Changthán.		Remarks.
			Weight.	Value.	
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Pashm, Changthání	Various.	410 32	26,300	
2	Wool	20 0 0	130 13	2,607	
3	Tea, green, Lhássa	160 0 0	452 8	72,352	
4	Tea, black, Do.	135 0 0	103 24	13,985	
5	Salt	1 6 0	1,923 25	2,645	
6	"Jádwár-i-khatái," Zedoary ...	Various.	1 24	1,280	
	By Number.				
7	Pattu, Changthání ... thán	8 0 0	10 0	80	
8	Blankets, ditto, "Zangose" ... „	8 0 0	40 0	320	
9	Musk ... ... pod	10 0 0	4 0	40	
10	Incense in sticks, "Shakh-i-amber" bundle	0 8 0	160 0	80	
11	Turquoises ("Firoza") from Lhássa each	1 0 0	in No. 840 0	840	
	Total ...	...	...	1,20,529	

Note.—To simplify addition, no annas have been entered.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

F.

EXPORTS FROM LADAKH TO CHANGTHÁN DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Changthán.		Remarks.
			Weight.	Value.	
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Cotton piece-goods ("Bazázi") ...	175 0 0	6 4	1,068	
2	Coarse cotton cloth ("Garha") ...	87 8 0	4 0	350	
3	Sugar, 1st quality	40 0 0	4 0	160	
4	Spices ("Kiriana")	Various.	2 0	120	
5	Cardamoms	400 0 0	0 8	80	
6	Dried dates, &c.	40 0 0	2 0	80	
7	Do. apricots	5 0 0	541 12	2,707	

F—*continued.*

EXPORTS FROM LADAKH TO CHANGTHÁN DURING THE YEAR 1874—*continued.*

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Changthán. Weight.	Changthán. Value.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
8	Currants	14 0 0	49 0	686	
9	Rice	5 0 0	80 0	400	
10	"Sathu" (Barley meal)	2 0 0	389 20	779	
11	Barley	1 12 0	745 32	1,305	
12	Butter	20 0 0	41 8	824	
13	Indigo	Various.	5 0	600	
14	Dried saffron flowers	800 0 0	20 13	16,260	
15	Ditto leaves	140 0 0	9 34	1,379	
16	Madder dye ("Majith")	20 0 0	22 30	455	
17	Soap	40 0 0	0 5	5	
18	Opium	400 0 0	0 32	320	
19	Tobacco	20 0 0	8 0	160	
20	"Chob kust," a root	20 0 0	20 32	416	Reported to be used as an insect poison.
		By Number.			
21	Brocade ("Kinkhab") thán	Various.	25	2,866	
22	Satin ("Tawár-i-khatái") "	100 0 0	3	300	
23	Khotan silk ("Darái") "	Various.	2,128	5,984	
24	Shawls, Kashmír "	Do.	3	140	
25	Ditto, Baltistán "	Do.	29	725	
26	Ditto, Alwán, Kashmír yard	4 0 0	30	120	
27	Neck scarves, Do. thán	10 0 0	21	210	
28	Woollen shawls, Baltistán "	1 0 0	281	281	
29	Chakmán from Yárkand "	Various.	1,310	3,125	
30	Carpets ("Zilcha") "	Do.	52	775	
31	Felts ("Namda") "	Do.	68	204	
32	Otter skins "	Do.	10	60	
33	Goat skins dyed red score	25 0 0	32	800	"Lakí."
34	Green leather ("Sógri") each	2 0 0	No. 346	692	"Sagri."
35	Metallic lustred leather score	20 0 0	Do. 990	198	"Kimsan."
36	Shoes pair	3 0 0	Do. 37	111	
37	Papier-maché cupboards each	20 0 0	Do. 8	160	"Saltuk."
38	Ditto boxes "	2 0 0	Do. 10	20	"Phikera."
39	Pen-holders "	3 0 0	Do. 12	36	
40	Memorandum tablets "	2 0 0	Do. 75	150	
41	Coral ("Mirján") tola	Various.	11	200	
42	Precious stones	...	...	5,010	
43	Kurs, silver ingots each	170 0 0	No. 52	8,840	
44	Rupees	...	...	52,360	
	Total	...	...	1,11,521	

Note.—To simplify addition, no annas have been entered.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

G.

IMPORTS INTO LEH FROM THE MAHARAJA OF KASHMÍR'S AND OTHER TERRITORIES DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund pakka.	Kashmír. Weight.	Kashmír. Value.	Baltistán. Weight.	Baltistán. Value.	Total Weight.	Total Value.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Pashm, unpicked	60 0 0	7 0	420	...	...	7 0	420	
2	Wool	20 0 0	62 16	1,248	...	...	62 16	1,248	
3	Honey	20 0 0	19 16	388	...	...	19 16	388	
4	Confection of ginger	40 0 0	22 0	880	...	...	22 0	880	
5	Spices, 3rd quality	25 0 0	18 32	470	...	...	18 32	470	
6	Dried vegetables	Various.	11 26	110	...	...	11 26	110	
7	Rice	Do.	1,338 20	6,903	...	...	1,338 20	6,903	
8	Barley ("Grim")	1 12 0	937 16	1,658	...	...	937 16	1,658	
9	Barleymeal	2 0 0	203 20	407	...	...	203 20	407	
10	Butter	20 0 0	20 0	400	205 4	4,102	225 4	4,502	
11	Ghi	22 0 0	68 10	1,501	...	...	68 10	1,501	
12	Oil	22 0 0	131 24	2,895	...	...	131 24	2,895	
13	Almonds	40 0 0	0 8	8	...	...	0 8	8	
14	Dried apricots	5 0 0	...	...	183 14	918	183 14	918	

G —*continued.*

IMPORTS INTO LEH FROM THE MAHARAJA OF KASHMIR'S AND OTHER TERRITORIES DURING THE YEAR 1874,—*continued.*

Number.	Names of goods.	Rate per maund pukka.	Kashmír. Wheat.	Kashmír. Value.	Baltistán. Wheat.	Baltistán. Value.	Total Weight.	Total Value.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
15	Apricot kernels ...	7 0 0	...	...	219 4	1,534	219 4	1,534	
16	Currants ...	14 0 0	...	...	81 2	1,136	81 2	1,136	
17	Horse shoes ...	50 0 0	4 18	222	...	...	4 18	222	
18	Salt ...	1 6 0	2,856 16	3,928	...	...	2,856 16	3,928	
19	Soda salt ...	8 0 0	425 0	3,400	...	...	425 0	3,400	"Phulli."
20	Borax ...	8 0 0	301 16	2,411	...	...	301 16	2,411	
21	Sulphur ...	16 0 0	510 28	8,171	...	...	510 28	8,171	
22	Leaven ...	10 0 0	9 0	90	...	...	9 0	90	
23	Saffron, 1st quality ...	800 0 0	7 12	5,840	...	...	7 12	5,840	
24	" leaves ...	140 0 0	11 8	1,568	...	...	11 8	1,568	
25	"Majit," a dye... ...	20 0 0	13 2	261	...	...	13 2	261	
26	Opium	400 0 0	1 23	630	...	...	1 23	630	
27	Tobacco ...	20 0 0	200 0	4,000	14 36	298	214 36	4,298	
28	"Chobi kust" ...	20 0 0	37 8	744	...	...	37 8	744	A root.
29	Dry myrabolams ...	20 0 0	10 20	210	...	...	10 20	210	"Halela."
30	"Amaltas," cassia pulp ...	20 0 0	13 0	260	...	...	13 0	260	
			By Number.						
31	Shawls, pashm	Various.	Thán 65	5,150	...	...	Thán 65	5,150	From Kashmir.
32	Baltistáni ...	Do.	...	...	Thán 47	1,160	Do. 47	1,160	
33	"Puttu" " thán	8 0 0	...	...	Do. 11	88	Do. 11	88	
34	Woollen shawls, 1st quality...	Various.	Thán 25	125	Do. 25	106	Do. 50	231	
35	" " 2nd " thán	1 0 0	...	...	Do. 262	262	Do. 262	262	
36	Coloured puttu... ...	Various.	Thán 15	108	...	...	Do. 15	108	
37	Saddle cloths ... each	8 0 0	No. 15	120	...	...	No. 15	120	"Kajri."
38	Puttu druggets... "	8 0 0	No. 12	96	...	...	No. 12	96	
39	Otter skins ... "	8 0 0	No. 17	136	...	...	No. 17	136	
40	Goat skins dyed red score	25 0 0	Scores 879	21,975	...	...	Scores 879	21,975	"Lákí."
41	Sheep skins "	20 0 0	Do. 24	480	...	...	Do. 24	480	"Meshu."
42	Shoes ... each	1 0 0	No. 1,962	1,962	...	...	Do. 1,962	1,962	
43	Páper	Various.	Quires 400	322	...	...	Quires 400	322	
44	Koráns gilded ... each	40 0 0	No. 5	200	...	...	No. 5	200	
45	Pen-holders ... "	1 0 0	No. 14	14	...	...	No. 14	14	
46	Wooden combs... score	1 0 0	Scores 49	49	...	...	Scores 49	49	
47	Cups, green stone each	1 0 0	...	...	No. 129	129	No. 129	129	
48	"Daltaks" "	1 0 0	...	...	No. 221	221	No. 221	221	Cooking pots of stone.
49	Rupees	...	...	2,570	...	...	...	2,570	
50	Horses	Various.	No. 78	2,900	No. 8	430	No. 86	3,330	
	Grand Total ...	...	...	85,230	...	10,384	...	95,614	

Note.—To simplify addition, no annas have been entered.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

H.

EXPORTS FROM LEH TO THE MAHARÁJA OF KASHMIR'S AND OTHER TERRITORIES DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund, pukka.	Kashmir. Weight.	Kashmir. Value.	Baltistan. Weight.	Baltistan. Value.	Total Weight.	Total Value.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
1	Piece goods ("Bazázi") ...	175 0 0	...	...	25 19	4,458	25 19	4,458	
2	Coarse cotton cloth ...	87 8 0	...	...	7 9	629	7 9	629	Gara.
3	Silk	240 0 0	4 25	1,110	—	...	4 25	1,110	
4	Pashm, picked ...	100 0 0	359 0	35,900	1 9	122	360 9	36,022	White.
5	Pashm, do. ...	80 0 0	13 0	1,040	0 20	40	13 20	1,080	Black.
6	Ditto, unpicked ...	...	375 0	29,170	18 5	1,445	393 5	30,615	
7	Wool	20 0 0	26 5	522	32 30	655	58 35	1,177	
8	Sugar, 1st quality ...	30 0 0	...	...	4 13	129	4 13	129	
9	Spices, 2nd quality ...	55 0 0	...	...	1 10	69	1 10	69	Black pepper, &c.
10	Ditto, 3rd ditto ...	25 0 0	...	...	1 37	48	1 37	48	Turmeric and ginger.
11	Tea, green, Lhássa ...	160 0 0	150 0	24,000	2 7	348	152 7	24,348	
12	Currants	14 0 0	0 32	12	...	...	0 32	12	
13	Copper vessels	80 0 0	...	...	12 0	960	12 0	960	
14	Iron	15 0 0	...	...	6 4	92	6 4	92	

H—*continued.*

EXPORTS FROM LEH TO THE MAHÁRÁJA OF KASHMÍR'S AND OTHER TERRITORIES DURING THE YEAR 1874—*continued.*

Number.	Name of Goods.	Rate per maund, pukka.	Kashmir. Weight.	Kashmir. Value.	Baltistan. Weight.	Baltistan. Value.	Total Weight.	Total Value.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	Mds. S.	Rs.	
15	Salt	Various.	4,405 30	5,819	658 0	990	5,063 30	6,809	
16	Soda salt	8 0 0	456 14	3,651	6 23	52	462 37	3,703	"Phulli."
17	Borax, 1st quality ...	8 0 0	161 16	1,291	...	...	161 16	1,291	
18	Ditto, 2nd ditto ...	1 0 0	6 0	6	...	...	6 0	6	
19	Sulphur	16 0 0	442 10	7,076	...	...	442 10	7,076	
20	Soap	40 0 0	...	...	1 8	48	1 8	48	
21	"Gilarpatr"	240 0 0	0 5	30	...	...	0 5	30	Sea weed.
22	Rhubarb	70 0 0	0 22	38	...	...	0 22	38	
23	Charras	50 0 0	3 7	159	...	...	3 7	159	
			By Number.						
24	Khokand silk ... thán	5 0 0	Thán 15	75	...	...	Thán 15	75	"Shahi."
25	Khotán do. ... „	2 0 0	Do. 50	100	...	...	Do. 50	100	"Darsi."
26	"Mashru," silk and cotton cloth ... „	4 0 0	Do. 4	16	...	...	Do. 4	16	
27	Pattu pashm ... „	10 0 0	Do. 1	10	...	...	Do. 1	10	From Baltistán
28	Chakmán ... „	2 0 0	Do. 2	4	...	...	Do. 2	4	
29	Postins ...	Various.	No. 32	640	...	...	No. 32	640	
30	Carpets ("Zilcha") ...	...	Do. 27	554	...	...	Do. 27	554	
31	Felts ("Numda") ...	...	Do. 550	956	Thán 150	377	Do. 700	1,333	
32	Goat skins dyed red ... score	25 0 0	...	...	No. 4	5	Do. 4	5	
33	Metallic lustred leather 100	20 0 0	...	...	Thán 100	20	Thán 100	20	"Kimsaa."
34	Yak tails ("chaori") ...	...	No. 3	5	...	...	Do. 3	5	
35	Imitation gold work...bundle	2 0 0	...	...	Bundle 1	2	Bundle 1	2	
36	Kúrs (Silver ingots) ... each	170 0 0	35	5,950	...	...	Kurs 35	5,950	
37	Silver ... ... tola	1 0 0	Tolas 1,243	1,243	...	...	Tolas 1,243	1,243	
38	Gold dust ... „	14 0 0	Do. 456	6,384	...	...	Do. 456	6,384	
39	Do. coins ... each	5 8 0	No. 77	423	...	...	No. 77	423	
40	Guns ... ... „	50 0 0	...	...	No. 5	250	Do. 5	250	
41	Horses	...	No. 60	6,000	...	...	Do. 60	6,000	
	Grand Total ...	...	...	1,32,184	...	10,739	...	1,42,923	

N. B.—To simplify addition, no annas have been entered.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

I.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

ABSTRACT OF TABLES, 1873-74.

A.	Imports into Ladakh from—		*Turkistán.*	Total.
	In 1873	...	Rs. 3,30,690	... Rs. 3,30,690
	In 1874	...	„ 3,81,802	... „ 3,81,802
	Difference ...	...	+ 51,112	... + 51,112
B.	Exports from Ladakh to—		*Turkistán.*	
	In 1873	...	Rs. 2,55,660	... Rs. 2,55,660
	In 1874	...	„ 8,02,563	... „ 8,02,563
	Difference ...	...	+ 5,46,903	... + 5,46,903
C.	Imports into Ladakh from India through	*Kullu.*	*Rámpur.*	*Kashmír.*
	In 1873	Rs. 2,46,554	Rs. 8,233	Rs. 2,11,511 Rs. 4,66,298
	In 1874	„ 5,15,477	„ 5,121	„ 1,41,062 „ 6,61,660
	Difference ...	+ 2,68,923	— 3,112	— 70,449 + 1,95,362

I—*continued.*

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT—*continued.*

ABSTRACT OF TABLES, 1873-74—*continued.*

D.	Exports from Leh to India through—	*Kullu.*	*Rámpur.*	*Kashmir.*	
	In 1873	Rs. 88,824	Rs. 4,626	Rs. 2,35,586	Rs. 3,29,036
	In 1874	„ 33,709	„ 2,982	„ 2,77,629	„ 3,14,320
	Difference ...	— 55,115	— 1,644	+ 42,043	— 14,716
E.	Imports into Ladakh from—		*Chinese Territory.*		
	In 1873	...	Rs. 78,511	...	Rs. 78,511
	In 1874	...	„ 1,20,529	...	„ 1,20,529
	Difference ...	...	+ 42,018	...	+ 42,018
F.	Exports from Ladakh to—		*Chinese Territory.*		
	In 1873	...	Rs. 56,134	...	Rs. 56,134
	In 1874	...	„ 1,11,521	...	„ 1,11,521
	Difference ...	...	+ 55,387	...	+ 55,387
G.	Imports into Ladakh from—		*Kashmir.*	*Baltistán.*	
	In 1873	...	Rs. 67,328	Rs. 9,058	Rs. 76,386
	In 1874	...	„ 85,230	„ 10,384	„ 95,614
	Difference ...	...	+ 17,902	+ 1,326	+ 19,228
H.	Exports from Ladakh to—		*Kashmir.*	*Baltistan.*	
	In 1873	...	Rs. 1,65,851	Rs. 18,163	Rs. 1,84,014
	In 1874	...	„ 1,32,184	„ 10,739	„ 1,42,923
	Difference ...	...	— 33,667	— 7,424	— 41,091

	1873.		1874.
A.	Rs. 3,30,690	A.	Rs. 3,81,802
B.	„ 2,55,660	B.	„ 8,02,563
C.	„ 4,66,298	C.	„ 6,61,660
D.	„ 3,29,036	D.	„ 3,14,320
E.	„ 78,511	E.	„ 1,20,529
F.	„ 56,134	F.	„ 1,11,521
G.	„ 76,386	G.	„ 95,614
H.	„ 1,84,014	H.	„ 1,42,923
Total ...	Rs. 17,76,729	Total ...	Rs. 26,30,932
Difference ...	...	+ Rs. 8,54,203 ...	...

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

J.

TABLE SHOWING THE COMPARATIVE QUOTATIONS IN THE MARKETS OF TURKISTAN AND INDIA OF THE CHIEF ARTICLES OF EXPORT AND IMPORT ALONG THE LADAKH TRADE ROUTE.

Number.	Name of Goods.	Quantity.	Rate at Amritsar.	Rate at Kulu.	Rate at Ladakh.	Rate at Yárkand.	Rate at Káshgar.	Remarks.
			Rs. A. Rs. A.	Rs. A. Rs. A.	Rs. A. Rs. A.	Rs. A. Rs. A.	Rs. A. Rs. A.	
1	Long-cloth, bleached (Latthah) ...	Thán 40yds.	5 0 to 10 0	6 0 to 13 0	10 0 to 16 0	11 0 to 16 0	12 0 to 18 0	
2	Long-cloth unbleached (Latthah) ...	Do.	4 8 to 8 0	5 8 to 9 0	8 0 to 12 0	9 0 to 10 0	10 0 to 12 0	
3	White sheeting ...	Thán 24yds.	3 0 to 6 0	3 8 to 6 0	6 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	
4	"Gimti" White dimity	Do.	3 0 to 3 8	4 7 to 5 0	6 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 14 0	8 0 to 14 0	
5	"Nainsuk" (Jaconet) ...	Thán 20yds	1 8 to 3 0	2 8 to 5 0	3 8 to 5 0	3 0 to 5 0	5 0 to 6 0	
6	"Malmal" (Muslin) ...	Do. 20 do.	2 0 to 3 0	2 8 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	5 0 to 6 0	
7	"Nainu" (Flowered muslin) ...	Do. 12 do.	1 8 to 2 4	1 8 to 3 8	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	
8	"Salnu" (Flowered red muslin) ...	Do. 12 do.	1 8 to 4 0	1 8 to 4 8	3 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 6 0	
9	"Durya" (Ribbed muslin) ...	Do. 12 do.	1 4 to 2 0	2 8 to 3 8	3 0 to 4 0	2 6	2 0 to 3 0	
10	"Alwán" (Red calico)	Do. 28 do.	3 4 to 8 0	5 0 to 9 8	8 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	10 0 to 12 0	
11	"Gimti surkh" (Red dimity) ...	Do. 24 do.	6 0 to 7 0	8 0 to 10 0	10 0 to 12 0	10 0 to 12 0	...	
12	Chintz, coloured ...	Do. 28 do.	6 0 to 10 8	8 0 to 12 0	10 0 to 12 0	10 0 to 12 0	...	
13	Do., flowered ...	Do. 26 do.	4 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	12 0	
14	Do., unfixed colour	Do. 28 do.	2 12 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	4 0 to 6 0	6 0 to 6 6	7 8	
15	"Gárha" (Coarse cotton cloth) ...	Do. 8 do.	0 8 to 1 0	0 12 to 1 0	0 12	0 8 to 1 0	0 6 to 0 10	
16	"Chakmán" from Yárkand ...	Do. 12 do.	...	...	2 0 to 3 0	1 0 to 3 0	2 0 to 3 0	
17	"Kimkháb" (Brocade)	Do. 4½ do.	20 0 to 100 0	...	50 0 to 125 0	40 0 to 140 0	40 0 to 160 0	
18	"Makhmal, reshmi" ...	Per yard	4 0 to 4 8	...	...	4 0 to 6 0	10 0	Silk velvet.
19	" Do., súti" ...	Do.	0 8 to 1 0	...	0 12 to 1 0	1 3	1 3	Cotton do.
20	Satin, Chinese ...	Thán 13 yds.	40 0 to 60 0	...	60 0 to 80 0	40 0 to 80 0	40 0 to 80 0	
21	Do., English ...	Do.	15 0 to 27 0	0 0 to 30 0	20 0 to 40 0	...	20 0 to 40 0	
22	Broad-cloth ("Banát")	Per yard	1 0 to 4 0	2 0 to 6 0	3 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 5 0	2 10 to 6 10	
23	Merino ...	Do.	0 8 to 1 4	0 8 to 1 4	0 12 to 1 8	1 4½	1 4½	
24	"Shákhi," Khotan ...	Thán 7 yds.	6 0 to 6 8	...	5 0 to 6 0	5 8	6 0	
25	"Darsá," Khotan ...	Do. 7 do.	...	...	2 0 to 2 8	1 3 to 2 6	2 0 to 3 0	
26	Carpets "(Zilchas") ...	Each.	...	...	4 0 to 40 0	3 0 to 30 0	3 0 to 30 0	
27	Felts ("Namdas") ...	Do.	2 0 to 4 0	2 0 to 3 0	2 0 to 3 0	1 6 to 2 0	1 0 to 2 0	
28	Sugar, loaf ...	Md. 40srs.	11 0 to 13 0	10 0 to 15 0	30 0	50 12	...	
29	Do., powdered ...	Do.	9 0 to 13 0	9 0 to 12 0	25 0	48 12	...	
30	"Jaifal" (Nutmeg)...	Do.	80 0 to 130 0	80 0 to 140 0	140 0	240 0	240 0	
31	"Dárchini" (Cassia bark) ...	Do.	32 8	50 0	80 0	120 0	120 0	
32	Black pepper ...	Do.	27 0 to 28 0	40 0	50 0	71 8	71 8	
33	"Pilpil," (Long pepper)	Do.	38 0	50 0	60 0	84 0	84 0	
34	"Karanphal" (Cloves)	Do.	80 0	80 0	85 0	96 0	...	
35	"Zanjbil" (Ginger) ...	Do.	21 0	20 0	30 0	60 0	54 0	
36	"Kachúr" ...	Do.	4 4	8 0	18 0	36 0	36 0	
37	"Haldi" (Turmeric)...	Do.	9 0 to 13 0	10 0 to 12 0	25 0	48 0	36 0	
38	Tea, green, Bombay ...	Do.	100 0 to 130 0	...	200 0	240 0	240 0 to 264 0	
39	Tea, ball, Calcutta ...	Do.	10 0 to 40 0	...	80 0	84 0	60 0 to 84 0	
40	Tea, bricks, Lhássa ...	3 seers.	15 0	...	13 0	16 0	16 0 to 18 0	
41	Tea, Kangra ...	Maund.	80 0 to 100 0	60 0 to 100 0	80 0 to 120 0	120 0 to 204 0	144 0 to 240 0	
42	Halela, tamarind, senna, ánnalás, &c., used as drugs ...	Do.	2 8 to 5 0	5 0 to 8 0	20 0	36 0 to 48 0	36 0	
43	Indigo	Do.	60 0 to 90 0	60 0 to 90 0	100 0 to 120 0	144 0	150 0	
44	"Rang-i-abási" (Aniline dye) ...	Dò.	300 0 to 500 0	180 0 to 520 0	...	1,000 0	1,000 0	
45	"Sagjábi" (Otter skins)	Each.	3 0 to 5 0	...	3 0 to 10 0	4 0 to 10 0	4 0 to 10 0	
46	"Lákí" (Goat skins dyed red) ...	Score.	8 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 20 0	20 0 to 30 0	24 0 to 48 0	24 0 to 48 0	
47	Pashm, "Turfáni" ...	Maund.	70 0 to 80 0	80 0	80 0 to 90 0	34 0 to 40 0	40 0 to 50 0	
48	Do., "Changthání"	Do.	70 0 to 80 0	60 0	50 0 to 60 0	...	...	
49	Silk, raw ...	Do.	200 0 to 300 0	140 0 to 200 0	200 0 to 240 0	165 0 to 240 0	165 0 to 240 0	
50	Charras ...	Do.	50 0 to 100 0	80 0 to 100 0	40 0 to 64 0	12 12 to 38 8	31 0 to 38 8	
51	Opium ...	Do.	240 0 to 480 0	400 0	400 0	440 0	440 0 to 500 0	
52	Caps ...	1,000.	1 6 to 2 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	5 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 6 0	
53	Kurs, Chinese ingots	Each.	170 0	170 0	166 0 to 170 0	160 0 to 178 0	160 0 to 178 0	
54	Gold dust ...	Tola.	15 8 to 16 0	14 0 to 14 8	14 0	14 8	14 2 to 14 5	
55	Gold coins ...	Each.	5 10 to 5 12	5 8	5 8	5 0 to 5 12	5 0 to 5 12	

N. B.—To simplify this return and to facilitate comparison, foreign weights and measures and coinage have been reduced to English denomination.

E. MOLLOY, *Captain*,
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

K.

NUMBER OF MEN AND CATTLE COMPOSING THE CARAVANS OF 1874, LADAKH.

Route.	Merchants.	Attendants.	Pilgrims, Mecca, Hajis.	Women.	Children.	Total of People.	Laden Horses and Mules.	Ridden Horses.	Horses for sale.	Total Horses.	Laden Yaks & Bullocks.	Laden Donkeys.	Laden Sheep & Goats.	Laden Coolies.
Vid Kullu	51	144	5	6	2	208	1,124	61	...	1,185	...	45	400	79
„ Rámpur	6	9	...	...	...	15	6	7	...	13	...	38	...	...
„ Kashmir ...	37	42	4	...	...	83	218	11	...	229	...	...	...	...
„ Changthán ...	47	133	...	...	...	180	342	55	...	397	182	284	...	...
„ Turkistán ...	90	298	66	4	2	460	605	105	396	1,106	...	...	...	...
Local—from territory of Mahárája ...	72	151	...	...	...	223	2,018	62	86	2,166	510	153	...	393
TOTAL ...	303	777	75	10	4	1,169	4,313	301	482	5,096	692	520	400	472

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

L.

STATEMENT OF MEN WHO CAME FROM YARKAND DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Native Countries.	Merchants.	Attendants.	TOTAL.
Central Asian	47	221	268
Bajaori	12	42	54
Kabul and Kandahári	20	55	75
Ladakhi Arghún	5	19	24
Kashmiri	1	4	5
Punjabi	5	29	34
TOTAL ...	90	370	460

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

M.

TABLE SHOWING ROUTE TAKEN BY LADAKH IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Months.	From India *via* Kullu.			To India *via* Kullu.			From India *via* Kashmir.			To India *via* Kashmir.		
	Number of Merchants.	Loads.	Value.	Number of Merchants.	Loads.	Value.	Number of Merchants.	Loads.	Value.	Number of Merchants.	Loads.	Value.
			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.			Rs.
January ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	3,275	2	10	6,322
February ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	1,440
March ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	18	10,177
April ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	450	3	18	6,497
May ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	10	2,325	2	8	2,766
June ...	1	2	500	...	...	...	2	6	3,153	3	6	8,440
July ...	32	373	92,423	2	25	12,185	8	33	38,097	4	33	36,557
August ...	17	1,228	3,96,088	1	24	3,465	10	40	47,042	2	7	3,620
September ...	5	74	21,152	11	29	6,853	2	30	7,413	8	62	41,859
October ...	2	15	10,435	12	488	12,438	1	8	2,051	11	100	74,681
November ...	...	...	...	1	12	1,750	8	64	30,525	15	115	69,711
December ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	20	6,731	5	32	15,559
TOTAL ...	57	1,692	5,20,598	27	578	36,691	37	218	1,41,062	62	415	2,77,629

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

A.

Dr. JOINT-COMMISSIONER'S ACCOUNTS, LADAKH. **Cr.**

ROAD MAINTENANCE, 1874.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
To expenditure on road improvements at Shang and Gya ...	133 12 0		By balance from 1873 ...	4,733 6 6
At Shayok in examining route ...	24 0 0	157 12 0	Allowance from His Highness the Mahárája under treaty for year 1874	2,000 0 0
On account of Yárkand Mission for post during winter ...	204 1 0	204 1 0		
Pay of Tartar writer from 1st December 1873 to 31st December 1874, for 13 months, at Rs. 5	65 0 0			
Pay of munshi employed in weighing charras, &c., from 1st July to 31st December 1874, 6 months, at Rs. 5 ...	30 0 0	95 0 0		
Current expenses from 1st December 1873 to 31st December 1874	17 6 0	17 6 0		
Balance to credit on 31st December 1874	...	6,259 3 6		
TOTAL ...	...	6,733 6 6	TOTAL ...	6,733 6 6

W. H. JOHNSON,
Kashmir Joint-Commissioner.

B.

Dr. JOINT-COMMISSIONER'S ACCOUNTS, LADAKH. **Cr.**

TOOLS AND STOCK, 1874.

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
By balance on 1st December 1873 ...	30 0 0	By loss in wear	11 4 0
		Balance on 31st December 1874 ...	18 12 0
TOTAL ...	30 0 0	TOTAL ...	30 0 0

W. H. JOHNSON,
Kashmir Joint-Commissioner.

C.

JOINT-COMMISSIONERS' ACCOUNTS, LADAKH.

SERAI MAINTENANCE, 1874.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
To pay of men in charge of Changchenmo serais for 13 months to 31st December 1874	86 6 0		Balance from 1873 ...	1,037 6 9
Present to Lambardár for charge of Chagra and Masámik serais	12 0 0	98 6 0	Allowance from His Highness the Mahárája for 1874 under treaty	500 0 0
Balance at credit on 31st December 1874	...	1,439 0 9		
TOTAL ...	...	1,537 6 9	TOTAL ...	1,537 6 9

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Kashmir Joint-Commissioner.

D.

JOINT-COMMISSIONERS' ACCOUNTS, LADAKH.

SUPPLIES ACCOUNT, 1874.

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Balance from 1873	739 0 0	By proceeds of sales in 1874 ...	307 4 0
		Due by Mr. Russell	106 0 0
		Loss by keeping	100 0 0
		Balance on 31st December 1874 ...	225 12 0
TOTAL ...	739 0 0	TOTAL ...	739 0 0

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Kashmir Joint-Commissioner.

E.

JOINT-COMMISSIONERS' ACCOUNTS, LADAKH.

PROFIT AND LOSS, 1874.

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
To balance last year, 1873... ...	296 7 3	Balance, 1874	407 11 3
Loss on supplies in 1874 ...	100 0 0		
Loss on tools in 1874	11 4 0		
TOTAL ...	407 11 3	TOTAL ...	407 11 3

E. MOLLOY, *Captain*,
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Kashmir Joint-Commissioner.

F.

JOINT-COMMISSIONERS' ACCOUNTS, LADAKH.

HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA'S TREASURY, LADAKH, IN ACCOUNT WITH JOINT-COMMISSIONER.

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
To balance at credit of Joint-Commissioner from last year, 1873.	4,705 6 0	By cash payments honoring Joint-Commissioner's drafts.		
Allowance for roads from the Maharája.	2,000 0 0	A—Roads, &c., to 31st December 1874.	474 3 0	
Allowance for serais ...	500 0 0	C—Serais to ditto ...	98 6 0	572 9 0
		Balance on 31st December 1874	...	6,632 13 0
TOTAL ...	7,205 6 0	TOTAL ...	...	7,205 6 0

E. MOLLOY, *Captain*,
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Kashmir Joint-Commissioner.

G.

JOINT-COMMISSIONERS' ACCOUNTS, LADAKH.

BALANCE SHEET, 1874.

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Balance net property	6,877 5 0	By value supplies in store (Form D) ...	225 12 0
		Value tools in stock (Form-B) ...	18 12 0
		Amount at credit in Maharája's Treasury, &c.	6,632 13 0
TOTAL ...	6,877 5 0	TOTAL ...	6,877 5 0

E. MOLLOY, *Captain*,
Offg. British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Kashmir Joint-Commissioner.

Dated Ladakh, 23rd April 1875.

From—CHARAG DEEN, Hospital Assistant, 3rd Class,

To—The British Joint-Commissioner, Ladakh.

I have the honor to submit for your information, the annual return of sick treated at the Ladakh dispensary during the year 1874, together with a list of vaccination and European medicines expended.

The number of in-door and out-door patients shows an increase over the number of last year, but this is only natural, as the dispensary was open for 12 months instead of 5 as in 1873.

The general health of the district has been excellent and no epidemic diseases have prevailed; this probably accounts for the decrease in the average of out and in-door patients, which last year was 8·978, whereas in 1873 it was 11·593 only.

During a short stay made here by Surgeon Scully on his way to Yarkand several operations for cataract were made by him, as also were some other operations of a serious character.

During the year a great improvement was made in the dispensary by the enlargement of the sick wards, which were formerly very small and confined.

Thanks are due to Mr. Johnson, the Wazír of the Maharája, for the carrying out of this improvement.

ANNUAL RETURN OF OUT AND IN-PATIENTS AT THE DISPENSARY AT LADAKH FOR THE YEAR 1874.

[N. B.—The numbers refer to the figures distinguishing the disease in the nomenclature.]

OUT-PATIENTS.

Distinguishing Number.	Diseases.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases treated during the year.	Total treated.	Results.			
					Cured or relieved.	Absented or unknown.	Known to have died.	Remaining under treatment.
	Class I.—*General Diseases.*							
Order A. 1	Small-pox ...							
3	Chicken-pox ...							
4	Measles ...							
9	Enteric fever ...							
11	Simple continued fever.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Febricula ...							
15 A.	Ague "A" ...	1	77	88	77	...	1	...
16	Remittent fever ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	Malignant cholera...							
20	Hooping cough ...							
21	Mumps ...	...	3	3	3			
22	Influenza ...							
30	Erysipelas ...	...	2	2	2			
31	Pyæmia ...							
32	Puerperal fever ...							
15 B.	Ague ...	...	2	2	2			
Order B. 34	Acute rheumatism ..	...	4	4	3	1	...	...
37	Muscular do. ...	...	11	11	11	...		
38	Chronic do. ...	2	26	28	27	1		
43 A.	Primary syphilis ...	...	9	9	6	2	...	1
43 B.	Secondary do. ...	1	6	7	6	1		
44	Cancer ...							
	Malignant tumors...							
	Non-malignant tumors.							
48	Leprosy ...							
49-1	Scrofulous disease of glands ...							
49-1	Phthisis pulmonalis	...	2	2	2	...	...	...
52	Diabetes ...							
54	Scurvy ...							
55	Anæmia ...	...	8	8	6	2	...	...
57	General dropsy ...							
	Class II.—*Local Diseases.*							
1 Nervous System. 59-64	Diseases of the brain							
65	Apoplexy ...							
66	Sunstroke ...							
84	Paralysis hemipligia	...	2	2	1	1	...	...
90	Tetanus ...							
93	Epilepsy ...							
101	Neuralgia ...	...	7	7	6	1		
105	Mania ...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...
107	Dementia ...							
99	Hysteria ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
	Impotency ...	...	1	1	1			
2 Eye. 111	Conjunctivitis ...	...	6	6	6			
114	Purulent ophthalmia							
118	Chronic do. ...	...	4	4	4			
	Synichia posterior...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
152	Cataract ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
169-179	Diseases of the eyelids ...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...
163	Epiphora ...	...	6	6	6			
166	Fistula lachrymalis ...	...	2	2	1	1		
159	Myopia ...	...	1	1	1			
3 Ear. 190	Inflammation in the ear ...	...	1	1	1			
205 C	Deafness ...	...	1	1	1			
	Otalgia ...	...	1	1	1			
4 Nose. 213	Epistaxis ...							
215	Polypus ...							

IN-PATIENTS.

Distinguishing Number.		Remaining from the previous year.	New cases admitted during the year.	Total treated.	Results.				
					Cured.	Relieved.	Unknown.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.
Order A	1								
	3								
	4								
	9								
	11	...	1	1	1				
	12								
	15 A.	...	1	1	1				
	16	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
	18								
	20								
	21								
	22								
	30								
	31								
	32								
	15 B.	...	1	1	1				
Order B.	34	...	2	2	2				
	37								
	38								
	43 A.	...	1	1	1				
	43 B.								
	44								
	48								
	49-1								
	49-1	...	1	1	1				
	52								
	54								
	55	...	1	1	...	...	...		1
	57								
1 Nervous System.	59-64								
	65								
	66								
	84	...	2	2	1	...	...		1
	90								
	93								
	101								
	105	...	1	1	...	...	1		...
	107								
2 Eye.	111								
	114								
	118								
	...	...	1	1	...	...	1		
	152	...	2	2	2				
	169-179	...	1	1	1				
3 Ear.	190								
	205								
4 Nose.	213								
	216								

ANNUAL RETURN OF OUT AND IN-PATIENTS AT THE DISPENSARY AT LADAKH, &c. —*continued.*

OUT-PATIENTS.										IN-PATIENTS.								
Distinguishing Number.	Diseases.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases treated during the year.	Total treated.	Results.				Distinguishing Number.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases admitted during the year.	Total treated.	Results.				
					Cured or relieved.	Absented or unknown.	Known to have died.	Remaining under treatment.					Cured.	Relieved.	Unknown.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.
	Class II.—*Local Diseases*—contd.																
Circulatory System. 5	219 Pericarditis ...								Circulatory System. 5								
	250 Aneurism of the abdominal artery	...	1	1	1												
	260 Phlebitis ...																
	266 Varicose veins ...																
	267 Nævus vascularis ...																
	Palpitation of the heart ...	...	1	1	1												
Absorbent System. 6	271 Inflammation of glands ...								Absorbent System. 6								
	273 Hypertrophy of glands ...																
Ductless Glands. 7	280 Goitre ...	...	1	1	1				Ductless Glands. 7								
Respiratory System. 8	288 Croup ...								Respiratory System. 8								
	289 Coryza ...																
	306 Bronchitis ...	4	62	66	63	2	...	1									
	314 Asthma ...	...	1	1	...	1											
	315 Pneumonia ...	...	3	3	2	1	...	...									
	331 Pleurisy ...																
	305 Catarrhus ...	...	12	12	11	1											
Digestive System. 9	348, &c. Diseases of the mouth	1	5	6	6				Digestive System. 9								
	365, &c. Do. of teeth and gums ...	...	72	72	72												
	419, &c. Diseases of the fauces	...	13	13	12	1											
	449 Gastritis ...	...	1	1	1												
	460 Dyspepsia ...	1	40	41	41												
	466 Dysentery ...	...	3	3	2	1	...	...									
	480 Hernia ...																
	483-1 Ascaris lumbricoides																
	483-13 Tænia solium ...																
	484 Diarrhœa ...	...	8	8	8												
	486 Colic	...	8	8	8												
	487 Constipation ...	...	30	30	30												
	488, &c. Diseases of the rectum and anus ...	...	4	4	2	2											
	501 Hepatitis ...																
	513 Jaundice ...																
	524 Splenitis ...																
	528 Hypertrophy ...																
	531 Peritonitis ...																
	Ulcer of the stomach	1	2	2	2												
	Enlargement of the liver ...	...	1	1	...	1											
	Ascaris vermicularus ...	...	1	1	1												
Urinary System. 10	538, &c. Diseases of the kidney ...	...	1	1	1				Urinary System. 10								
	557, &c. Diseases of the bladder	...	1	1	...	...	...	1									
	570 Calculus ...																
	585 Gonorrhœa ...	...	13	13	11	2											
	589 Bubo	1	...	1	1												
	596 Stricture of urethra																
	... Enuresis ...	...	2	2	2												
	... Gravel ...									...	1	1	1				
Generative System. *Male Organs.* 11 a	610 Elephantiasis scorti								Generative System. *Male Organs.* 11 a								
	617 Hydrocele ...																
	620 Orchitis ...	...	4	4	2	2											

ANNUAL RETURN OF OUT AND IN-PATIENTS AT THE DISPENSARY AT LADAKH, &c. —*continued*.

OUT PATIENTS.											IN-PATIENTS.										
Distinguishing Number.			Diseases.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases treated during the year.	Total treated.	Results.				Distinguishing Number.			Remaining from the previous year.	New cases admitted during the year.	Total treated.	Results.				
							Cured or relieved.	Absented or unknown.	Known to have died.	Remaining under treatment.							Cured.	Relieved.	Unknown.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.
			CLASS II.—*Local Diseases*—concld.																		
Pages 136 and 147.	b	630, &c.	Diseases of the ovary								b	630, &c.									
Female Organs.		654, &c.	Diseases of the uterus ...								*Female Organs.*	654, &c.									
		670, &c.	Diseases of vagina and vulva ...									670, &c.									
		690	Diseases of function									690									
		729, &c.	Do. of breast...									729, &c.									
Page 133. *Affections connected with pregnancy.*	c										*Affections connected with pregnancy.*	c									
Pages 139 and 143. *Affections connected with, or consequent on, parturition.*	d										*Affections connected with, or consequent on, parturition.*	d									
ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.	12	755	Ostitis ...								ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.	12	755								
		759	Caries ...										759								
		760	Necrosis ...										760								
		768, &c.	Diseases of joints...										768, &c.								
		804, &c.	Do. of tendons										804, &c.								
		812, &c.	Do. of bursæ ...										812, &c.								
		...	Prœstitis ...	1	...	1	1						...								
		...	Loose cartilage of the knee ...	...	...	...	...						...	...	1	1	1				
CELLULAR TISSUE.	13	819	Abscesses ...	...	8	8	8				CELLULAR TISSUE.	13	818								
		825-5	Guinea-worm ...										825-5								
		...	Sinus ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	1	1	...	...	1		
CUTANEOUS SYSTEM.	14	827, &c.	Diseases of the skin	3	23	26	24	2			CUTANEOUS SYSTEM.	14	827, &c.								
		859	Ulcer ...	...	45	45	44	1	...	...			859	1	1	2	2				
		861	Boil ...										861								
		865	Whitlow ...	...	1	1	1						865								
		888, &c.	Parasitic diseases of skin ...										888, &c.								
		...	Pernio ...	...	1	1	1						...								
		...	Blister of the foot...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	1	1	1				
			CLASS III.—*Conditions not General or Local.*																		
		905	Debility ...										905								
		...	Senectus ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1

1

ANNUAL RETURN OF OUT AND IN-PATIENTS AT THE DISPENSARY AT LADAKH, &c. —*concluded.*

OUT-PATIENTS.									IN-PATIENTS.								
Distinguishing Number.	Diseases.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases treated during the year.	Total treated.	Results. Cured or relieved.	Absented or unknown.	Known to have died.	Remaining under treatment.	Distinguishing Number.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases admitted during the year.	Total treated.	Results. Cured.	Relieved.	Unknown.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.
	Class IV.—*Poisons.*																
906	Arsenic ...								906								
936	Opium ...								936								
938	Alcohol, *a*, delirium tremens ...								938								
943	Stramonium (datura)								943								
985, &c.	Poisoned wounds ...								985, &c.								
A.	Class V.—*Injuries.*								A.								
General Injuries. 992	Burns and Scalds ...	...	3	3	2	...	...	1	General Injuries. 992								
995	Asphyxia ...								995								
...	Frost bite ...	1	3	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Local Injuries. B.	Contusion of the back	...	1	1	1				Local Injuries. B.								
	Wounds of the lower extremity ...	...	3	3	3												
	Wounds of the upper extremity ...	...	6	6	6												
	Sprain of the ankle joint ...	...	1	1	1												
	Fracture of the leg, both bones ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	1	1	1			
	Dislocation of the clavicle ...	...	1	1	1												
	Contusion of the upper extremity ...	...	5	5	5												
	Contusion of the lower extremity ...	...	5	5	5												
	Contusion of the jaw	...	1	1	1												
	Wound of the face...	...	1	1	1												
	Do. head .	...	1	1	1	...	...	...		...	...	1	1	1			
	Contusion of the chest	1	3	4	4												
	Fracture of the ribs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	1	1*	1			
	Grand Total ...	17	587	604	569	29	1	5			1	30	31	21	...	5	2	3

ANNUAL RETURN OF OUT AND IN-PATIENTS AT THE DISPENSARY AT LADAKH.

OUT-PATIENTS.									IN-PATIENTS.								
Number of Disease for which performed.	Diseases.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases treated during the year.	Total treated.	Results. Cured or relieved.	Absented or unknown.	Known to have died.	Remaining under treatment.	Distinguishing Number.	Remaining from the previous year.	New cases admitted during the year.	Total treated.	Results. Cured.	Relieved.	Unknown.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.
	Surgical Operations.																
There is no nomenclature of diseases.	Amputation of the finger ...									...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
	Dislocation of the clavicle reduced ...	...	1	1	1												
	Simple fracture of the leg set* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	1	1	1				
	Simple fracture of the ribs set ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	1	1	1				
	Cataract extracted...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2	2	2				
	Loose cartilage operated ...																
	Foreign body extracted ...	...	12	12	12												
	Abscesses opened ...	...	8	8	8												
	Whitlow do. ...	...	1	1	1												
	Teeth extracted ...	...	68	68	68												
	Total ...	...	80	80	80					...	5	5	4	...	...	...	1

CHARAG DIN, *Hospital Assistant,*
In medical Charge of Dispensary, Ladakh.

* This and one or two of the other operations, such as cataract extractions and the loose cartilage extraction, were performed by Dr. Scully, when here on his way to Yarkand—E. M., *Jt.-Commr.*

GENERAL SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR 1874.

N. B.—Children to be noted as such, under 10 years of age.	OUT-PATIENTS.									IN-PATIENTS.														
	Number remaining from previous year.			New Cases treated.			Ascertained Deaths.			Number remaining from previous year.			New Cases admitted.			Cured or relieved.			Unknown.			Died.		
Classes.	Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.	Male.	Female.	Children.
Europeans ...	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhotí ...	2	...	...	96	25	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	1	7	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...
Musalmáns ...	12	2	1	339	28	15	1	...	...	1	...	...	14	3	...	8	3	...	3	...	...	1	...	...
Hindús ...	...	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other castes or classes..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	14	2	1	515	53	18	1	...	...	1	...	...	25	4	1	18	3	...	3	1	1	2	...	...

Average daily attendance of Out-Patients.		*Average daily sick of In-Patients.*	
Males ...	5·886	Males ...	1·952
Females ...	0·717	Females ...	0·186
Children ...	0·221	Children ...	0·016
Total ...	6·824	Total ...	2·154

E. MOLLOY, *Captain,*
Offg. British Joint-Commr., Ladakh.

CHARAG DEEN, *Hospital Assistant,*
In medical charge of Dispensary, Ladakh.

The general health of the district has been, I should think, very good indeed; there seems to be hardly ever any sickness anywhere and no epidemic diseases had prevailed.—E. M., *Jt.-Commr.*

LIST OF EUROPE MEDICINES, &c., EXPENDED IN THE DISPENSARY OF LADAKH DURING THE YEAR 1874.

No.	Articles.	Quantity expended.			Remarks.
		lb.	oz.	drs.	
1	Acacia Gum.	0	8	0	
2	Acet. Scillæ	0	2	0	
3	Acid. Acet.	0	4	0	
4	Do. Hydrochloric	0	1	14	
5	Do. Nitric	0	2	0	
6	Do. Sulphuric	0	5	0	
7	Do. Tannic	0	1	0	
8	Do. Tartaric	0	4	0	
9	Aloe Socotrina	0	0	8	
10	Antim. Tartarætum	0	0	1	
11	Argenti Nitras	0	1	8	
12	Assafœtida	0	1	0	
13	Borax	0	2	0	
14	Bismuth Sub-Nitras	0	1	8	
15	Camphora	0	10	0	
16	Chiretta	1	0	0	
17	Chloroform	1	10	0	
18	Chlorodyne (Hyper Chlorodyne)	3 bottles.			
19	Chinchona Flavo Pulv.	0	8	0	
20	Copaiba	0	4	4	
21	Creosotum	0	0	1	
22	Disinfecting fluid, "Condy's"	2	0	0	
23	Empl. Cantharidis	0	2	0	
24	Do. Resinæ	0	10	0	
25	Ext. Belladonnæ	0	0	12	
26	Do. Colocynth Co.	0	2	0	
27	Do. Gentianæ	0	0	12	
28	Do. Hyoscyami	0	2	0	
29	Do. Rhei	0	1	8	
30	Ferri et Quiniæ Citras	0	3	0	
31	Do. Percoyd. Hydratum	0	2	0	
32	Do. Sulphas	0	4	0	
33	Glycerinum	0	12	4	
34	Hydrarg. Calomelanos	0	0	4	
35	Do. Corrosiv. Sublimat.	0	0	6	
36	Liniment. Opii	1	0	0	
37	Do. Saponis	1	8	0	
38	Liqr. Ammonia	0	9	0	
39	Do. Arsenicalis	0	0	4	
40	Do. Lyttæ	0	0		
41	Madras fish oil	2	bottles.		
42	Magnesia Carbonas	0	2	0	
43	Morphia Hydrochloras	0	0	5	
44	Oleum Anisi	0	0	8	

LIST OF EUROPE MEDICINES, &c., EXPENDED IN THE DISPENSARY OF LADAKH DURING THE YEAR 1874—*continued*.

No.	Articles.	Quantity expended.	Remarks.
		lb. oz. drs.	
45	Do. Cinnamomi	0 0 8	
46	Do. Menthe Pip.	0 1 0	
47	Do. Papaveris	6 bottles.	
48	Do. Ricini	7 Do.	
49	Do. Terebinth	1 4 0	
50	Opium	0 2 0	
51	Pil. Rhei Co.	0 2 0	
52	Do. Scillæ Co.	0 2 8	
53	Podophylli Resina	0 0 5	
54	Potassæ Nitras	0 2 0	
55	Do. Tartras Acida	0 5 0	
56	Pottassi Iodidum	0 7 0	
57	Pulv. Ipecac. Co.	0 7 0	
58	Do. Jacobi Veri	3 packets.	
59	Quiniæ Sulphas	0 12 0	
60	Rhei Rad. Pulv.	0 2 0	
61	Sapo Duras	0 2 0	
62	Scillæ Rad. Pulv.	0 1 0	
63	Senna Indica Fol.	1 0 0	
64	Sodæ Bicarbonas	1 6 0	
65	Spt. Ammonia Aromat.	0 7 0	
66	Do. Chloroformi	0 4 0	
67	Do. Æthe Nitric	0 7 0	
68	Do. Ætheris	0 3 0	
69	Do. Rectif	1 4 0	
70	Strychnia	0 0 0½	
71	Tinct. Assafœtida	0 1 0	
72	Do. Calumbo	0 4 0	
73	Do. Camphor	1 8 0	
74	Do. Cardamomi Co.	0 2 0	
75	Do. Catechu	0 4 0	
76	Do. Colchici	0 3 0	
77	Do, Ferri Perchloridi	0 5 0	
78	Do, Gentianæ Co.	0 4 0	
79	Do. Hyoscyami	0 5 0	
80	Do. Iodine	1 0 0	
81	Do. Myrrhæ	0 1 6	
82	Do. Opii	0 11 0	
83	Do. Scillæ	0 8 0	
84	Do. Zingiberis	0 2 2	
85	Ungt. Hydrarg.	0 0 4	
86	Do. Resinæ	1 0 0	
87	Vin Ipecac.	0 5 0	
88	Carbolic acid, (Medicinal)	0 12 0	
89	Do. (Brown)	8 bottles.	
	Hospital Necessaries, &c.		
90	Corks, quart	2 doz.	
91	Do. pint	3 do.	
92	Do. phial	3 do.	
93	Filtering paper	½ quire.	
94	Gallipots, English	½ doz.	
95	Do. Country	½ do.	
96	Lint	0 2 0	
97	Phials, common	3 doz.	
98	Pill boxes of sizes	2½ do,	
99	Pins, paper	No. 1	
100	Skin of white leather	No. 1	
101	Silk for ligature	0 0 1	
102	Tape, broad	1 bundle.	
103	Do. narrow	1 do.	
104	Tow	0 0 12	
105	Twine	0 8 0	
106	Wrapping paper	7 quires.	

CHARAG DEEN, *Hospital Assistant,*
In Medical Charge of Dispensary, Ladakh.

RETURN OF VACCINATION FOR THE YEAR 1874.

[Vaccinated at Ladakh by Assa Rám, Hospital Assistant.]

Name of Patient's residence.	Number vaccinated.	Number successful.	Number unsuccessful.
Baltistán	11	11	
Total ...	11	11	

CHARAG DEEN, *Hospital Assistant,*
In Medical Charge of Dispensary, Ladakh.

STATEMENT OF COUNTRIES, OCCUPATIONS, AND RELIGIONS OF OUT AND IN-PATIENTS TREATED IN THE DISPENSARY OF LADAKH DURING THE YEAR 1874.

Countries.	Out-Patients.													In-Patients.										
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Europe	1	2	3	1	...	4	3	1	...	1	1	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tibet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hindustán ...	2	2	...	1	...	2	...	4	3	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjab	8	5	6	3	5	11	18	9	9	10	20	11	115	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	7
Kashmir	8	9	11	6	2	8	8	9	10	6	...	7	84	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Ladakh	19	20	16	18	8	9	20	28	18	20	22	21	219	...	1	...	...	...	2	3	4	2	...	...	...	12
Baltistán	...	1	4	4	1	3	3	4	5	4	2	2	33	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	5
Yarkand	5	7	4	6	4	7	9	8	7	12	6	4	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Khokand	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Kabul	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Kandahár	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Room	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pesháwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Badakhshán ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bokhára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bajour	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	47	46	44	39	20	46	67	65	57	53	58	45	587	..	2	1	2	2	3	4	5	3	2	4	2	30
Officers	1	2	3	1	...	4	5	1	...	1	1	...	19													
Hájis	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	3													
Government Servants ...	2	3	2	2	...	4	5	...	...	1	2	...	21													
Servants	15	12	14	12	4	10	13	18	16	10	12	10	146													
Carriers	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	2	5	1	1	...	12													
Traders	13	10	11	9	7	12	19	10	15	10	15	6	137	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
Blacksmiths ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2
Barbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1													
Soldiers	10	13	10	8	5	8	11	11	6	6	9	5	102	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	4
Carpenters	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	4
Cultivators	2	3	2	2	3	3	6	19	8	16	8	16	88	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	3	2	...	1	...	10
Labourers	1	1	1	2	1	3	4	2	7	5	4	6	37	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4
Priests	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	2	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2
Beggars	2	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	3	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Total ...	47	46	44	39	20	46	67	65	57	53	58	45	587	..	2	1	2	2	3	4	5	3	2	4	2	30
Christians	1	2	3	1	...	4	5	1	...	1	1	...	19													
Bhotes	3	3	7	18	6	14	13	13	11	10	17	9	124	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4	2	...	...	...	10
Mussalmáns ...	37	35	31	19	12	25	45	42	38	35	34	30	383	...	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	16
Hindús	6	6	3	1	2	3	4	9	8	7	6	6	61	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	4
Total ...	47	46	44	39	20	46	67	65	57	53	58	45	587	...	2	1	2	2	3	4	5	3	2	4	2	30

CHARAG DEEN, *Hospital Assistant,*
In Medical Charge of Dispensary, Ladakh.

Proceedings of the Honourable the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab in the Foreign Department, No. 1174, dated 18th June 1875.

READ—

Ladakh Trade Report for 1874, furnished by Captain Molloy, British Joint-Commissioner.—Received, May 5th, 1875.

REMARKS.—The value of the trade of Ladakh, that is, the aggregate value of goods imported into and exported from the town of Leh in 1874, is estimated in the returns at Rs. 26,30,932,—a large increase as compared with the trade of 1873, which was estimated at Rs. 17,76,729. But of the above amount (Rs. 26,30,932) the sum of Rs. 1,50,000 represents the value of last year's imports which remained at Leh owing to difficulty of procuring carriage or unwillingness to pay enhanced rates therefor. Deducting this amount from the returns of 1874, and adding it to the value of the trade of 1873, the value of the trade of 1874 becomes Rs. 24,80,932 as compared with Rs. 19,26,729 in 1873. But, further, as remarked with reference to last year's report, the system of calculating the value of the trade on the aggregate value of imports and exports is likely to mislead; for, as the same goods figure to a large extent both as imports and as exports, in reality the aggregate value of the trade passing through Leh is little more than half that shewn in the returns, so that in point of fact the value of the trade of 1873 and 1874 respectively, instead of being about 19 lakhs and 25 lakhs, was only 9½ lakhs and 12½ lakhs in value. But even on this more correct system of computation the increase in the value of the trade was great, amounting to 4 lakhs of rupees. Of these 4 lakhs of rupees, however, Rs. 3,10,000 represent the estimated value of the caravan of the Central Asian Trading Company conducted by Mr. Russell; excluding the value of this caravan, which may be considered an abnormal addition to the ordinary traffic, the increase is reduced to less than a lakh of rupees—a satisfactory, but by no means startling, amount.

2. So much for the general statistics of the trade. It will be now interesting to consider the state of trade according to its geographical distribution, that is, as between Leh and the four countries with which it is principally carried on, *viz.*, Turkistán, British India, Changthán and Lhássa (Chinese territory), and Kashmir and Baltistán. This will be seen at a glance in the subjoined statement:—

Country.	Year.	Imports into Ladakh from.	Exports from Ladakh to.	Total.	Chief Articles of Trade.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Turkistán	1873	3,30,600	2,55,650	5,86,250	*Imports.*—Gold, pashm, silk, silver, horses, charras, coarse cloth, jewellery, felts.
	1874	3,81,802	8,02,563	11,84,365	*Exports.*—Cotton piece-goods, silks, fire-arms, tea, broad-cloth, goat skins, otter skins, spices, sugar.
		+51,112	+5,46,903	+5,98,015	
British India	1873	4,66,296	3,29,038	7,95,334	*Imports.*—Cotton piece-goods, silks, fire-arms, tea, broad-cloth, indigo, goat skins, otter skins, spices.
	1874	6,61,660	3,14,326	9,75,986	*Exports.*—Gold, silk, pashm, silver, charras, horses, precious stones.
		+1,95,362	−14,716	+1,80,646	
Changthán and Lhássa ...	1873	78,511	56,134	1,34,645	*Imports.*—Pashm, puttu cloth, yáks' hair blankets; (from Lhássa) tea.
	1874	1,20,529	1,11,521	2,32,050	*Exports.*—Silver, saffron, Khotan silks, and Yárkand cloth.
		+42,018	+55,387	+97,405	
Kashmir and Baltistán ...	1873	76,586	1,84,014	2,60,600	*Imports.*—Goat skins, saffron, shawls.
	1874	96,614	1,42,023	2,38,637	*Exports.*—Pashm, Lhássa tea, gold and silver, salt, sulphur, pile cloths.
		+19,228	−41,991	−21,963	

3. From this statement it appears that there was a slight increase in the value of imports from, and a large increase in the value of exports to, Turkistán;

but of the latter all but about Rs. 50,000 must be considered exceptional, being the result partly of the inclusion of the value of Mr. Russell's caravan, and partly of the large balance of consignments of 1873 remaining for despatch in 1874.

There is also shewn a large increase in the value of the import trade from British India; but if the value of the Central Asian Company's venture is eliminated, it will be found that there was a considerable decrease, and not an increase, in the trade. This falling-off is, however, explained by Captain Molloy as being owing to the fact that several large traders, instead of disposing of their goods at Leh, proceeded to Turkistán, and were consequently prevented from making their return journey to India in time to appear amongst the importers of last season. In the trade with Chinese territory there was a considerable increase both of exports and of imports; in that with Kashmir and tistán a falling off.

4. With regard to the articles in which increase or decrease is observable, among the imports from Turkistán there was a marked decline in gold owing to issue by the Amír of Turkistán of a gold coinage and consequent restrictions placed by him on the purchase of gold dust: a considerable rise in silver; a marked increase under *pashm*; a great decline in charras; an increase under horses and coarse country cloths. Among the exports to Turkistán there was a considerable decrease in cotton piece-goods, owing to the principal importers being absent in Yárkand; in tea, owing, it is believed, to the opening of a new tea market at Almaty in Russian territory; but on the other hand an increase in indigo, otter skins, and goat skins.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor will not further follow Captain Molloy in his detailed comments on the rise and fall in the several articles of import and of export, it will suffice to remark that the general result of the year's history must be considered satisfactory; but at the same time His Honour sees no reason to modify the views expressed in his review of last year's report, that too sanguine expectations must not be formed of the prospects of trade with those remote regions; and he perceives that the Officiating Joint-Commissioner has come to the conclusion that "notwithstanding the elasticity the Turkistán market has shown hitherto, its capacities are nevertheless limited."

6. Besides recording and explaining the trade statistics of 1874, Captain Molloy has touched briefly upon other topics of interest, such as the mode of collecting the *pashm* of Changthán, the arrangements made for increasing the production of borax; he has given a sketch of the trade route to Lhássa and a statement of the duties levied on the routes between Kabul and Yárkand *viâ* Zibak and Sirikúl, and between Pesháwar *viâ* Chitrál and Zibak; he has also, under instructions from the Government, prepared a price current of articles in the bazárs of Amritsar, Kullu, Ladakh, Yárkand and Kásghar, and a description of the articles chiefly in demand in Turkistán, and offers remarks on the selection of articles sent by the Central Asian Trading Company. He further expresses the opinion that in the event of caravans being allowed to leave Yárkand in time, a fair at Leh in August or the beginning of September would probably be well attended and successful. Whether any further steps should be taken to induce the Amír to sanction the timely departure of the Leh caravan is a matter His Honour must leave to the consideration of the Government of India.

7. The present difficulty in regard to the supply of carriage, adverted to in paragraph 62, is one which must be left, His Honour thinks, to be remedied by the operation of the law of supply and demand which appears already to have stimulated the importation of ponies into Leh. It will rest with the Government of India to determine whether measures should be taken to induce the Amír of Turkistán to open out such portion of the route by Kugiar as may be within his boundary, and so make the entire route between Yárkand and British territory available for camel traffic.

8. The subject of overloading animals is also one which, under the circumstances, it is difficult to deal with authoritatively, for any regulation in regard to the amount of loads might and would be evaded with the greatest ease; but every measure which aids in removing the physical difficulties of the route to Yárkand will indirectly assist greatly in effecting the desired object, not only by facilitating transit, but by cheapening and increasing the supply of carriage, and thus diminishing the necessity for heavy loads. An important work of this kind was effected during the year under report by Mr. Morris, Assistant Engineer, who was deputed with the cordial assent of the Mahárája to improve the difficult portions of the Kullu route between the British boundary and Leh, and has succeeded under considerable difficulties in re-aligning and greatly improving 12½ miles of mountainous road between the Tsárap River and the Láchalang Pass. This work will be vigorously proceeded with during the present year, and it is hoped that year by year some progress will be made in removing or diminishing obstacles to the traffic and free intercourse between British India and Turkistán. With this view the subject of opening out a road by the Shayok Valley and of removing by professional engineering agency the difficulties of the Zojila Pass will be brought to the notice of His Highness the Mahárája of Kashmír by the officer on special duty; but it is to be remembered that as in the case of the British Government so in the case of the Mahárája of Kashmir the funds available for public works are limited, and too much must not be demanded or expected at one time.

9. The arrangements for enabling refunds of duty to be made at Leh and otherwise facilitating the working of the refunds clauses of the Kashmir Treaty have formed the subject of correspondence with the Government of India, and it is hoped that revised rules will shortly issue.

10. In conclusion, His Honour is glad to be able to express the opinion that Captain Molloy, Officiating Joint-Commissioner, has discharged his duties in a very creditable manner; he learns with satisfaction that there has been perfect cordiality and co-operation between the representatives of the British Government and the Kashmir State. A recommendation in favour of increasing the salary of Karím Baksh, the Joint-Commissioner's Munshi, has been separately forwarded to the Government of India.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the report and returns and the foregoing remarks be printed and forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, and to Captain Molloy, British Joint-Commissioner, for information.

Also, to Major P. D. Henderson, on special duty, Kashmir, for information and guidance.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

Return showing the Quantities of Cotton exported from the several Ports of India to British and Foreign Countries during the month of August 1875.

Names of Ports in India whence Cotton is exported.		QUANTITIES OF COTTON EXPORTED TO																	
		United Kingdom.		Austria.		France.		Italy.		Russia.		Mauritius.		Arabia.		Ceylon.		China, Hong-Kong.		Straits Settlements.		Total.	
		Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.	Cwt.	lbs.
Bengal ...	Calcutta	...		...		...		...		...		5	0	...		...		19,938	0	...		19,943	0
	Balasore	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Chittagong	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Cuttack	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Pooree	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
Madras ...	Madras	42,782	16	4,553	64	803	64	2,678	64	...		...		...		...		5,558	4	...		56,375	100
	Beypore, Malabar District... ...	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Coconada, Godavery District ...	32	16	...		10,585	80	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		10,617	96
	Ganjam	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Ports of Kistna District	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Ports of Madura do.	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Ports of South Arcot District ...	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Ports of Tanjore do. ...	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Ports of Vizagapatam do. ...	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		0	10	1,339	32	...		16,423	6
	Tuticorin, Tinnevelly do. ...	13,186	68	1,345	32	...		551	88	...		...		...		...		9,555	0	...		66,455	0
Bombay and Sindh ...	Bombay	44,581	0	5,155	0	1,225	0	5,061	0	878	0	...		...		...		6,763	0	...		7,428	0
	Kurrachee	661	0	...		...		...		...		...		4	0	...		...		...		...	
	Carwar	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Vingorla	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Vizadroog	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
B. Burma ...	Rangoon	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		3,498	84	3,498	84
	Akyab	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Kyouk Phyoo	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Moulmein	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Ports in the Ramree District ...	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Tavoy	...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...		...	
	Total ...	101,242	100	11,053	96	12,614	32	8,291	40	878	0	5	0	4	0	0	10	43,153	36	3,498	84	180,741	62

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENT OF PRICES CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE 2ND HALF OF JUNE 1875, PUBLISHED IN PAGES 618, 619, 620 AND 621 OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DATED 24TH JULY 1875.

Province.	Names of Districts.	Average wages per mensem of			Remarks.
		Able-bodied Agricultural Laborer.	Syce or Horse-keeper.	Common Mason, Carpenter or Blacksmith.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
N. W. Provinces.	Saháranpur	3 13 0	4 8 0	11 0 0	
	Muzaffarnagar	5 0 0	4 0 0	12 0 0	
	Meerut	5 0 0	4 8 0	9 0 0	
	Bulandshahr	4 6 4	4 11 5	7 8 8	
	Aligarh	4 4 9	4 0 0	8 5 4	
	Kamaun	8 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0	
	Garhwál	5 0 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	
	Bijnor	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 8 0	
	Moradabad	3 0 0	4 0 0	7 8 0	
	Budaun	3 0 0	3 8 0	7 8 0	
	Tarái Parganas	4 0 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	
	Muttra	4 8 0	4 8 0	9 10 8	
	Agra	4 8 0	5 0 0	14 10 8	
	Farukhabad	3 10 2	3 12 0	7 14 3	
	Mainpuri	4 0 0	4 0 0	8 0 0	
	Etáwah	4 0 0	5 0 0	9 0 0	
	Etah	3 2 0	3 15 4	9 0 0	
	Jhánsi	4 0 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	
	Lalitpur	4 0 0	6 0 0	12 0 0	
	Cawnpore	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 8 0	
	Fatehpur	3 4 0	4 0 0	6 12 0	
	Bánda	4 0 0	5 0 0	8 12 0	
	Allahabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	10 10 8	
	Hamirpur	3 0 0	4 3 0	6 0 0	
	Jaunpur	3 8 0	4 0 0	7 0 0	
	Gorakhpur	2 4 0	4 0 0	6 9 0	
	Basti	2 13 0	3 12 0	9 6 0	
	Azamgarh	3 4 6	3 8 0	5 3 9	
	Mirzapur	3 4 0	4 0 0	9 8 0	
	Benares	1 12 0	4 0 0	9 6 0	
	Ghazipur	3 0 0	3 8 0	5 10 0	

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE,

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

PROVINCES.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowari *Holcus sorghum*).			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra), *Penicillaria spicata*.		
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
MADRAS.	Ganjam ...	14 7	14 7	10 3	...	...	...	16 2	17 8	17 8	19 6	22 8	22 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Vizagapatam ...	16 0	15 0	12 0	...	...	...	12 3	12 3	12 3	14 1	14 7	13 6	20 5	21 6	27 0	25 7	19 8	33 7
	Godavery ...	12 6	12 6	10 8	...	...	...	18 8	18 8	16 8	20 0	20 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kistna ...	12 5	12 5	11 8	...	...	...	18 6	18 6	16 2	19 6	19 6	17 9	20	3 20	3 23	4 ...	...	...
	Nellore ...	11 7	12 6	13 5	...	...	...	13 9	14 3	15 8	16 0	16 0	18 0	29	8 29	8 24	5 ...	...	...
	Cuddapah ...	11 8	10 3	11 8	...	...	...	15 3	15 3	12 4	16 6	16 6	13 3	22	9 22	9 20	5 29	0 29	0 26
	Bellary ...	14 4	14 4	14 4	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	11 8	14 6	14 6	14 0	20	6 21	6 30	9 20	7 22	6 25
	Kurnool ...	12 7	13 3	14 0	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	12 1	15 0	15 0	13 2	20	9 21	2 27	4 ...	...	25 0
	Madras ...	11 0	11 0	10 3	...	...	...	12 9	12 9	11 6	13 5	13 5	12 8	23	1 23	8 20	3 20	0 20	5 17
	Chingleput ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 5	12 7	12 0	14 3	14 3	12 4	...	...	21 6	...	...	21 1
	North Arcot ...	11 0	11 9	11 0	...	...	...	16 8	17 8	15 0	17 9	18 2	15 4	27	3 27	3 24	6 ...	...	23 9
	South Arcot ...	10 5	10 5	9 7	...	...	...	15 2	15 2	13 0	15 7	15 7	14 0	...	...	...	23 1	22 3	30 8
	Tanjore ...	10 0	11 0	10 3	...	...	...	14 9	14 9	12 0	...	...	...	25	4 ...	...	28 2	28 6	18 8
	Trichinopoly ...	10 6	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	11 9	15 6	15 6	12 3	25	2 22	4 18	2 24	1 22	9 19
	Madura ...	10 9	10 9	10 1	...	...	...	14 3	13 9	10 5	16 0	15 2	11 0	30	8 30	8 20	2 29	4 27	9 20
	Tinnevelly ...	9 3	9 3	8 0	...	...	...	10 5	10 5	7 5	12 1	12 1	9 1	...	...	...	18 3	18 3	13 1
	Coimbatore ...	10 2	11 7	10 9	...	...	...	11 7	12 1	10 5	13 0	13 0	11 0	22	0 22	0 20	4 22	9 22	9 25
	Nilgiris ...	11 4	11 4	8 5	...	...	...	8 8	9 6	8 0	10 4	10 4	8 8	13	9 15	4 15	4 16	8 15	4 14
	Salem ...	12 6	13 3	11 8	...	...	...	14 0	14 5	12 4	14 9	16 3	13 3	28	6 31	8 27	0 27	6 29	0 23
	South Canara ...	10 3	11 2	9 0	...	...	...	9 7	10 2	10 2	14 2	14 7	12 7	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Malabar ...	10 1	9 4	10 8	...	...	...	12 1	13 4	11 7	13 0	14 2	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
BOMBAY.	Bombay ...	11 9	11 9	12 8	20 6	20 6	17 8	7 12	7 12	8 6	11 2	11 2	13 1	20	5 20	4 21	3 17	3 17	3 18
	Ahmedabad ...	16 14	16 6	14 11	25 8	26 11	30 0	7 4	7 4	7 0	10 12	11 0	11 0	17	14 17	13 19	0 17	12 19	0 23
	Kaira ...	14 9	13 15	...	26 11	26 11	32 0	8 14	8 14	...	12 5	11 7	...	16	0 16	13 ...	16	13 16	13 ...
	Surat ...	12 5	12 5	13 6	13 6	13 6	7 6	7 6	7 11	9 3	8 3	8 11	12 4	16	6 16	6 18	8 14	1 14	1 18
	Broach ...	14 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 8	11 0	10 0	12 0	18	0 18	0 21	0 16	0 16	0 19
	Tanna ...	11 0	11 0	12 0	15 0	15 0	14 0	7 8	7 8	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	16	0 16	0 16	0 16	0 16	0 16
	Kolaba ...	11 5	11 5	11 6	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	7 10	11 6	11 6	11 6	19	0 19	0 ...	...	...	...
	Khandesh (Dhulia) ...	15 12	15 12	20 6	...	...	...	8 7	8 7	8 11	11 4	11 4	10 1	28	12 28	12 32	1 22	14 22	14 24
	Nasik ...	15 12	15 12	17 14	8 1	8 1	...	5 15	5 15	6 0	11 14	11 14	12 11	22	6 22	6 28	4 21	3 21	3 26
	Ahmadnagar ...	15 15	15 15	23 3	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	9 9	9 9½	9 13½	10 6	33	1 33	0 45	9 26	5 25	13 33
	Poona ...	13 13	13 13	16 9	10 3	10 3	...	10 7	10 7	10 3	11 10	11 10	11 4	27	3 27	3 33	9 20	11 20	11 24
	Sholapur ...	18 0	18 4	19 3	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	13 0	15 3	15 8	14 11	27	8 27	10 42	0 28	7 29	6 32
	Kaladgi ...	20 3	20 3	20 0	...	...	...	12 3	11 11	10 8	12 15	12 15	11 0	24	9 23	9 30	0 22	12 23	12 29
	Satara ...	16 0	...	19 1	...	...	22 3	8 14	8 14	11 9	10 11	10 11	13 11	21	4 23	15 37	11 20	11 20	11 35
	Belgaum ...	17 5	18 6	17 0	...	...	...	15 0	15 6	15 0	16 0	16 6	15 8	18	5 19	0 23	0 19	12 20	0 26
	Dharwar ...	24 0	23 5	21 13	...	...	...	12 13	12 12	12 0	19 12	19 8	15 14	24	3 24	0 25	4 24	3 23	8 23
	Ratnagiri ...	6 7	8 6	10 4	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	11 8	12 15	12 15	14 4	...	...	19	0 15	9 15	9 16
	Kanara (Karwar) ...	13 0	13 0	13 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 0	12 0	14 0	14	8 16	0 ...	13	0 13	0 19
	Panch Mahals (Godhra)...	11 0	11 0	10 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	13 0	13 0	12 0	25	0 25	0 26	0 19	0 19	0 26
	Aden ...	9 5	9 5	9 4	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	7 6	14	14 14	14 14	0 12	7 12	7 12
	Asirgarh ...	16 4	16 4	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	12 0	12 0	...	26	0 26	0 ...	26	0 26	0 ...
	Baroda ...	...	12 3	...	...	18 5	...	...	7 5	...	...	9 3½	...	...	19 3	...	...	16 0½	...
	Disa ...	19 4	19 6	17 11	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	7 0	9 8	8 8	7 11	29	0 31	6 23	3 31	4 29	9 23
	Nimnah ...	13 12	13 12	...	18 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	15	12 15	12 ...	15	0 15	0 ...
	Nasirabad ...	16 12½	17 8	16 8	24 14	24 0	20 13½	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	22	14 22	0 18	11 20	5 21	9 14
	Rajkot ...	15 4	15 8	...	...	...	...	5 0	5 0	...	10 0	10 0	...	19	0 22	4 ...	...	...	...
	Upper Sind Frontier ...	21 8	21 10	19 0	23 0	23 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 8	13 8	16 0	27	0 27	0 27	0 20	0 20	0 27
	Karachi ...	14 5	14 5	13 5	26 0	26 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	17	0 17	0 21	0 18	0 19	0 18
	Haidarabad ...	No re	turn re	ceived	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shikarpur ...	18 0	16 12	16 0	21 4	21 6	21 4	9 0	8 14	10 0	12 0	11 8	14 8	22	0 22	14 20	0 23	0 24	8 25
	Thur and Parkur ...	20 12	21 0	14 10	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	...	10 0	10 0	...	20	0 20	0 ...	19	0 18	0 17
BENGAL.	*Western Districts.*																		
	Burdwan ...	17 0	a 17	0 13	0 18	0	a 15 8	15 8	14 12	10 12	17 0	16 0	11 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bancoorah ...	16 0	b 18	12 13	0 22	8	22 8	20 0	15 0	14 8	10 0	16 4	16 0	11 8	...	...	...	...	...
	Beerbhoom ...	21 0	c 21	0 12	0 22	0	22 0	15 0	16 0	17 0	9 12	19 8	20 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...
	Midnapore ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	11 12	16 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...
	Hooghly ...	15 0	a 15	0 12	8 { 26 0 to 32 0	a 20 0 to 33 0	16 0 to 19 0	} 9 0	9 0	9 0	} 9 0 a to 9 8	} 16 0	{ 14 8 to 15 0	12 8 to 13 0	} ...	...	...	...	...	...
	Howrah ...	17 0	15 8	13 0	...	...	...	12 4	12 4	10 0	16 0	16 0	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Central Districts.																		
	Calcutta ...	15 4	14 12	13 0	30 0	29 0	16 0	9 0	9 0	7 12	13 0	13 0	11 0	22	0 22	0 12	8 ...	...	...
	24-Pergunnahs ...	{ 16 0 a to 18 12	14 0 to 18 10	10 8 to 11 10	22 8 a to 35 8	23 4 to 32 0	16 0	{ 6 8 a to 9 4	6 8 to 8 10	8 14	13 12	13 4	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nuddea ...	16 13½	16 13½	12 5	32 0	32 0	20 0	13 5	13 5	9 8	16 0	14 8	10 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jessore ...	18 4 d	17 12	12 4	...	...	...	14 0	14 8	10 0	18 0	17 0	19 4	...	...	...	38 0 a	32 0	0 14
	Moorshedabad ...	20 0	18 0	14 0	{ 38 0 a to 40 0	} 40 0	{ 17 0 to 18 0	12 0 to 13 0	} 11 0	...	16 0	13 0	11 0	...	...	...			

a In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 15 to 18 seers, barley 35 seers, best rice 11-8 to 13 seers, common rice 14 to 17 seers, and gram 22 seers, per rupee.
b In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 17 to 19 seers, barley 18 to 40 seers, best rice 12-8 to 17 seers, common rice 16 to 18 seers, maize 19 to 28 seers, and gram 15 to seers, per rupee.
c In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 25-8 seers, barley 30 seers, best rice 13 to 21-4 seers, common rice 18 to 23 seers, and gram 30-6 to 24 seers, per rupee.

OF INDIA.

AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

India for the 2nd half of August 1875.

IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kavaru, Verugu, Sawee Cheena, Coraloo, Murhwa, Naglee), *Panicum, milliaceum, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Districts.	Provinces.	Remarks.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
29 3	41 0	35 2	26 6	23 3	40 0	486 0	388 8	323 7	13 8	13 8	13 8	Ganjam	Madras.	
26 3	26 3	28 3	23 4	24 6	40 9	170 1	97 2	97 2	14 0	14 0	14 0	Vizagapatam		
34 6	34 6	30 9	27 3	27 3	39 9	243 0	243 0	161 3	18 7	18 7	18 7	Godavery		
32 3	32 3	35 3	21 8	21 8	30 8	129 3	129 3	129 3	17 5	17 5	18 4	Kistna		
31 8	31 8	28 2	22 6	23 1	24 4	69 1	74 5	77 3	17 0	17 0	17 0	Nellore		
28 5	28 5	27 0	24 9	24 9	23 2	243 0	243 0	243 0	16 2	16 2	16 2	Cuddapah		
26 2	27 2	36 9	24 6	26 9	24 6	97 2	97 2	97 2	16 1	16 1	16 1	Bellary		
20 6	20 6	23 2	23 5	22 5	28 5	194 4	202 2	170 6	14 8	14 4	14 8	Kurnool		
23 3	22 6	23 6	19 0	19 0	21 3	93 5	93 5	92 1	18 2	18 2	18 2	Madras		
23 3	22 6	23 3	19 1	18 7	21 8	97 2	97 2	102 1	18 6	18 6	18 6	Chingleput		
28 2	28 2	28 2	22 6	28 6	17 1	187 1	187 1	187 1	16 4	16 4	15 4	North Arcot		
24 6	23 4	21 5	21 5	22 0	18 8	235 7	235 7	234 5	18 4	18 4	19 8	South Arcot		
27 0	27 0	22 6	21 0	21 9	17 5	194 4	194 4	194 4	16 6	15 6	17 0	Tanjore		
27 5	26 2	21 0	24 6	23 9	18 5	157 9	157 9	145 8	15 4	15 4	15 4	Trichinopoly		
31 0	31 0	20 1	25 8	23 1	16 0	133 2	132 2	123 4	15 0	17 8	17 8	Madura		
20 5	20 5	13 7	15 6	15 6	14 0	76 8	76 8	66 6	15 5	15 5	15 5	Tinnevelly		
23 5	23 5	22 0	27 2	26 3	18 7	121 5	121 5	121 5	12 5	12 5	13 3	Coimbatore		
16 6	15 8	16 6	16 6	18 3	13 3	121 5	121 5	121 5	12 0	11 0	11 0	Nilgiris		
28 5	31 5	27 0	25 8	26 7	19 8	160 4	160 4	150 7	18 3	16 5	14 6	Salem		
22 0	21 1	21 1	16 2	16 2	14 1	72 9	72 9	72 9	14 0	14 0	16 0	South Canara		
20 1	18 2	20 4	21 0	21 0	16 8	97 2	97 2	97 2	14 4	14 4	17 1	Malabar		
14 1	14 1	10 9	18 10	18 10	15 1	68 4	68 4	75 0	14 2	14 2	14 1	Bombay	Bombay.	
...	...	...	21 8	21 12	18 0	80 0	80 0	100 0	18 0	18 0	18 0	Ahmedabad		
...	...	...	16 13	17 5	...	80 0	80 0	80 0	16 13	16 13	...	Kaira		
...	...	...	14 13	14 13	12 4	92 8	92 8	101 11	14 13	14 13	13 6	Surat		
...	...	...	18 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	Broach		
17 0	17 0	16 0	15 0	15 0	13 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	14 0	14 0	15 0	Tanna		
...	...	...	15 0	15 3	13 0	130 0	130 0	140 0	15 3	15 3	13 1	Kolaba		
...	...	...	17 7	16 4	16 1	150 0	150 0	150 0	13 6	12 15	12 4	Khandesh (Dhulia)		
32 3	32 3	32 8	19 14	19 14	17 11	106 10	128 0	107 8	12 12	12 12	14 8	Nasik		
...	...	...	24 15½	24 15½	22 6	106 10½	106 10½	100 0	12 14	12 14	13 6	Ahmadnagar		
...	...	...	19 9	19 9	18 0	76 0	80 0	80 0	13 6	13 6	13 9	Poona		
...	...	...	23 12	23 12	19 3	120 0	100 0	100 0	13 8	13 8	13 8	Sholapur		
...	...	...	18 8	19 8	14 0	140 0	140 0	99 1	12 15	11 7	13 8	Kaladgi		
...	...	37 13	22 1	23 6	19 4	129 7	130 0	158 1	13 1	13 1	15 1	Satara		
26 5	27 0	27 0	17 3	16 13	15 8	145 0	145 0	150 0	15 0	14 12	16 0	Belgaum		
28 0	28 9	32 0	19 1	18 13	13 11	92 12	92 12	92 11	16 0	16 0	16 0	Dharwar		
23 6	23 6	23 6	16 6	16 6	13 0	10 Bdls.	9 Bdls.	10 Bdls.	18 4	16 15	13 0	Ratnagiri		
...	20 0	25 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	213 0	213 0	213 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	Kanara (Karwar)		
36 0	36 0	36 0	30 0	32 0	22 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	Panch Mahals (Godhra)		
...	...	...	9 5	9 5	9 4	60 4	60 4	71 3	32 0	32 0	32 0	Aden		
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	...	160 0	160 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	Asirgarh		
...	...	...	...	16 5	...	...	77 8	...	...	15 8	...	Baroda		
...	...	...	24 4	22 12	20 13	150 0	150 0	150 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	Disa		
...	...	...	17 0	17 0	...	140 0	140 0	...	30 0	30 0	...	Nimach		
...	...	...	22 7½	22 14½	21 10	100 0	100 0	200 0	45 0	45 0	40 0	Nasirabad		
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	...	40 0	40 0	...	62 0	64 0	...	Rajkot		
16 0	16 0	16 0	23 0	23 0	20 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	32 0	36 0	32 0	Upper Sind Frontier		
9 0	9 0	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	106 0	106 0	126 0	61 0	58 0	60 0	Karachi		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Haidarabad		
27 0	27 0	27 0	23 0	23 8	18 0	320 0	400 0	200 0	38 0	36 0	36 0	Shikarpur		
...	...	...	...	...	...	120 0	120 0	120 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	Thur and Parkur		
												Western Districts.	Bengal.	
...	...	...	22 0	21 0	15 8	180 0	180 0	100 0	9 4	9 4	9 0	Burdwan		
...	...	...	19 8	19 8	14 0	320 0	460 0	440 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	Bancoorah		
...	...	...	21 8	21 8	13 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	8 6	8 6	8 4	Beerbhoom		
...	...	...	16 0	17 12	13 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	Midnapore		
...	...	...	20 0 to 23 0	20 0 to 23 0	14 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	8 8	8 0	Hooghly		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 8	9 8	8 12	Howrah		
												Central Districts.		
...	...	...	22 0	21 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Calcutta		
...	...	...	18 12	17 12	13 5	110 0	100 0	120 0	9 0	8 12	9 0	24-Pergunnahs		
...	...	...	26 5	26 5	16 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 14	8 14	8 10½	Nuddea		
...	...	...	22 0	22 12	14 0	140 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Jessore		
...	...	...	28 0 to 30 0	30 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	Moorshedabad		

4 In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 15 to 18 seers, best rice 9 to 15-8 seers, common rice 14 to 18 seers, and gram 16 to 24 seers per rupee.
e In the interior only.
f In the interior prices range as follow:—Common rice 12-4 to 16-8 seers, and gram 20 to 23-12 seers per rupee.
g In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 6 to 18 seers, best rice 11-8 to 16 seers, common rice 16 to 20 seers, and gram 11 to 23 seers, per rupee.
h In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 15-8 to 23 seers, best rice 13 to 21 seers, common rice 15 to 24-8 seers, and gram 23 to 27 seers, per rupee.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughou

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

PROVINCES.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*		
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.
BENGAL—*continued.*	*Central Districts*—contd.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
	Dinagepore ...	18 8	18 8	12 0	18 8	18 0	11 0	19 0	17 0	10 0	24 0	24 0	12 12 to 13 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Maldah ...	22 0	21 0	15 0	45 0	45 0	17 0	19 0	18 0	10 0	20 0	18 8	...	...	...	30	0 30	0 14	0
	Rajshahye ...	18 0 to 18 12	18 12 to 20 10	12 12 to 13 8	37 8	37 8	18 0	13 8 to 18 12	13 8 to 15 0	8 0 to 8 4	20 0 to 21 0	17 4 to 18 12	13 8 to 16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rungpore ...	20 0	25 10	15 0	...	...	...	11 4	9 6½	6 14	22 8	20 13	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bograh ...	15 0	15 0	10 8	10 0	9 0	...	10 8	9 8	6 12	21 0	21 0	19 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Pubna ...	20 0	20 0	14 4	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	8 0	20 12	20 12	15 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Darjeeling ...	8 0	8 0	6 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	4 0	4 0	6 0	12 0	12 0	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri ...	13 3	13 7	9 0	...	...	...	12 0	13 3	8 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Eastern Districts.																		
	Dacca ...	16 0	16 0	12 0	32 0	32 0	20 0	16 0	17 0	12 0	20 0	19 4	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Furreedpore ...	Return	not received.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	12 0	17 8	17 8	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mymensing ...	13 8	13 8	10 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	9 8	19 0	19 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tipperah ...	16 0	15 0	10 0	...	...	...	11 0	10 0	9 0	17 0	12 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong ...	12 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	14 0	15 0	12 0	17 0	19 0	17 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Noakhally ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	12 0	10 0	17 0	16 0	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 5	14 8	11 0	14 8	15 3	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah ...	8 0	8 6	8 0	...	...	...	13 3	14 5	10 0	15 0	17 0	13 3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Behar.																		
	Patna ...	24 0	23 0	17 0	34 0	33 0	19 12	11 0	11 8	12 0	24 0	24 0	17 0	24 0	33 8	20 0	...	...	...
	Gya ...	25 0	25 0	11 8	36 0	37 8	16 8	11 0	11 0	7 8	22 0	21 8	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shahabad ...	20 8	18 0 to 19 8	14 0	30 0	30 0	18 0	17 0	16 0	12 0	18 0	19 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Durbhunga ...	19 4	19 11	12 4	28 9	29 8	18 4	16 0	16 6	10 8	17 8	18 9	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mozufferpore ...	20 0	20 0	13 0	30 0	30 0	16 0	10 0	10 0	7 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sarun ...	21 0	21 0	15 0	33 0	32 0	19 8	9 0	9 0	7 4	21 0	21 0	13 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chumparun ...	23 0	23 0	11 0	34 0	34 0	16 12	8 0	8 0	8 0	16 0	16 0	11 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Monghyr ...	18 9	17 8	15 7	33 6	36 7	23 6	14 7	13 6	8 4	16 8	16 2	10 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bhaugulpore ...	17 0	16 6	15 2	24 0	37 14	21 7	16 7	16 6	10 1	18 15	18 15	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Purneah ...	25 0	25 0	16 0	...	...	...	16 0	17 0	13 8	18 0	18 0	14 to 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...	18 0	...	11 0	30 0 to 60 0	30 0 to 50 0	18 0 to 20 0	16 0	...	9 0	20 0	...	10 8	...	...	...	40 0 to 55 0	40 0 to 45 0	17 0
	Orissa.																		
	Cuttack ...	21 0	19 11	15 12	...	...	...	13 2	14 7	18 6	19 0	19 11	26 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Pooree ...	15 12	15 12	14 7	...	...	...	15 12	15 12	17 1	21 0	21 0	22 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Balasore ...	17 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	25 0	26 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chota Nagpore—South-West Frontier Agency.																		
	Hazáribágh ...	19 0	20 0	10 8	25 to 30	30 0	14 0	12 0	12 0	8 8	18 12	19 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lohardugga ...	20 0	19 0	12 0	28 0	28 0	17 0	19 0	19 0	17 12	22 0	22 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Singhbhoom ...	18 0	18 0	11 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Manbhoom ...	16 8	16 8	11 8	16 to 30	16 to 30	16 to 28	13 0	13 0	9 0	19 0	18 0	13 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	17 0
ASSAM.	Sylhet ...	14 0	12 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	9 0	12 4	10 0	16 8	15 12	14 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Cachar ...	12 4	11 13	9 11	...	...	...	12 4	10 10	12 4	16 0	14 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Goálpárá ...	21 0	20 0	13 0	...	...	...	13 5	8 0	9 0	22 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gáro Hills ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 0	14 0	14 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kámrúp ...	20 0	20 0	13 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 0	15 0	16 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Darrung ...	8 0	8 0	8 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nowgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	6 8	11 0	11 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sibságar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0	6 0	6 0	14 0	16 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lakhimpur ...	8 0	8 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	10 0	10 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Khási & Jaintiá Hills ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 0	6 0	6 0	8 8	8 0	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nága Hills ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 0	4 0	4 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.	Dehra Dún ...	20 0	20 0	18 0	34 0	34 0	28 0	12 8	12 8	10 8	15 0	15 0	13 0	20	0 20	0 16	0 24	0 24	0 16
	Saháranpur ...	22 10	22 10	21 9	33 6	33 6	32 5	8 10	8 10	8 10	12 6	12 6	11 4	32	5 32	5 26	14 28	11 28	11 25
	Muzaffarnagar ...	22 0	24 3	23 3	38 8	38 8	35 12	6 1	6 1	6 1	14 5	14 5	13 3	30	15 30	13 22	0 17	10 17	10 17
	Meerut ...	21 14	21 9½	21 4	30 0	31 8	27 8	6 8	6 8	7 0	15 0	15 0	12 8	26	0 25	14 24	5 25	0 25	0 18
	Bulandshahr ...	22 8	22 8	22 0	29 0	29 0	33 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 0	14 0	11 0	23	0 22	0 18	0 27	0 27	0 16
	Aligarh ...	23 8	23 8	20 0	32 8	32 8	28 0	7 0	7 0	6 8	16 0	16 0	11 0	21	0 21	0 20	8 19	0 19	0 17
	Kumaun ...	13 0	13 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	10 0	10 0	8 8	...	...	...	...	...	...

i In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 22 to 27 seers, best rice 13-5 to 18 seers, common rice 15-4 to 20 seers, and gram 8 to 18 seers, per rupee.
j In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 6-8 to 12 seers, best rice 5 to 20 seers, common rice 10 to 24 seers, ieneer millet 16 seers, maize 18 to 40 seers, and gram 9 to 15-4 seers, per rupee.
k In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 10 to 13-2 seers, best rice 10 to 20 seers, common rice 16 to 23 seers, and gram 8 to 13-3 seers, per rupee.
l In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 20 seers, barley 40 seers, best rice 17 to 19 seers, common rice 19 to 22 seers, and gram 30 seers, per rupee.
m In the interior prices range as follow:—best rice 14 to 16 seers, common rice 14-4 to 18 seers, paddy 30 to 37 seers, and gram 12 to 16 seers, per rupee.
n In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 12 to 20 seers, best rice 11 to 17 seers, common rice 17-12 to 22-8 seers, and gram 12 to 30 seers, per rupee.
o In the interior prices range as follow:—Best rice 17 to 19 seers, and common rice 19 to 22 seers, per rupee.

India for the 2nd half of August 1875 —continued.

IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kavaru, Verago, Shawa, Cheena, Coraloo, Murhwa, Nagloe) *Panicum, Milliceum, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Districts.	Provinces.	Remarks.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
												Central Districts—contd.		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	13 8	180 0	180 0	170 0	8 0	8 0	7 12	Dinagepore ...	Bengal—*continued.*	
...	...	...	25 0	25 0	16 0	140 0	140 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Maldah ...		
...	...	...	26 4	26 4	15 0 to 16 0	200 0	200 0	320 0	8 2½	8 2½	7 4	Rajshahye ...		
55 0	...	...	12 12½	7 8	15 0	107 0	107 0	107 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Rangpore ...		
...	...	...	15 8	14 0	10 8	67 8	67 8	67 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	Bograh ...		
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	15 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	Pulna ...		
8 0	8 0	5 8	8 0	8 0	6 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	Darjeeling ...		
...	...	...	13 3	13 3	10 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 6	6 1	6 0	Jalpáigurí ...		
												Eastern Districts.		
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 14	8 14	8 0	Dacca ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Return	not re	ceived.	Furreedpore ...		
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	Backergunge ...		
...	...	...	18 0	16 0	13 8	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	8 8	Mymensing ...		
...	...	...	16 0	14 0	12 8	...	...	...	8 12	8 8	8 0	Tipperah ...		
...	...	...	16 0	13 0	12 0	120 0	140 0	120 0	8 8	8 12	7 4	Chittagong ...		
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	280 0	280 0	280 0	7 2	7 4	7 0	Noakhally ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	320 0	7 4	7 8	6 4	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...		
...	...	...	10 6	10 6	10 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 2	Hill Tipperah ...		
												Behar.		
...	...	...	30 0	29 0	20 8	140 0	140 0	150 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Patna ...		
35 0	35 0	24 0	26 8	26 8	14 4	180 0	180 0	180 0	7 8	7 8	6 6	Gya ...		
...	...	...	30 0	30 0	19 0	120 0	180 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 0	Shahabad ...		
26 6	27 5	17 8	26 6	25 2	...	170 0	170 0	120 0	7 2	7 0	7 8	Durbhunga ...		
30 0 to 32 0	20 4 to 32 0	19 0 to 25 0	25 0	24 0	18 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	7 8	7 8	6 12	Mozufferpore ...		
31 0	26 0	19 8	30 0	29 0	18 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	7 4	Sarun ...		
34 0	34 0	...	25 0	27 0	15 0	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	6 8	Chumparun ...		
...	...	...	26 7	27 3	21 0	147 0	147 0	147 0	7 8	7 5	7 3	Monghyr ...		
28 0 to 30 0	28 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 25 0	26 8	25 4	18 15	151 8	151 8	164 2	8 3	8 3	7 9	Bhaugulpore ...		
...	...	...	21 4	22 to 24	16 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	7 8	6 8	Purneah ...		
...	...	...	18 0	...	13 0	320 0	...	320 0	7 8	...	7 8	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...		
												Orissa.		
21 0	21 0	17 1	16 6	15 12	23 10	200 0	200 0	200 0	12 0	12 0	10 10	Cuttack ...		
...	...	...	12 7	14 7	21 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	Pooree ...		
...	...	...	13 0	11 0	11 0	140 0	140 0	280 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	Balasore ...		
												Chota Nagpore—South-West Frontier Agency.		
36 0	33 0	24 0	21 0	19 0	13 0	240 0	240 0	200 0	7 8	7 8	6 4	Hazáribágh ...		
40 0	40 0	28 0	22 0	22 0	15 8	180 0	180 0	160 0	6 8	6 8	5 12	Lohardugga ...		
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 0	6 0	5 8	Singbhoom ...		
...	...	...	17 0	17 0	12 0	260 0	260 0	250 0	7 8	7 8	6 12	Manbhoom ...		
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	11 8	107 0	107 0	107 0	8 12	8 12	7 8	Sylhet ...	Assam.	
...	...	...	12 5	13 5	11 13	64 0	64 0	64 0	8 0	8 0	7 13	Cachar ...		
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	10 0	110 0	105 0	128 0	8 8	8 0	8 0	Goálpárá ...		
...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	...	...	...	5 5	5 5	5 4	Gáro Hills ...		
...	...	...	12 0	10 0	12 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	Kámrúp ...		
...	...	...	6 6	6 6	6 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	5 8	5 8	6 8	Darrang ...		
...	...	...	8 0	8 0	6 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	5 8	Nowgong ...		
...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	6 0	6 8	5 8	Sibságar ...		
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 0	6 0	5 0	Lakhimpur ...		
...	...	...	6 8	6 8	6 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	Khási and Jaintiá Hills ...		
...	...	...	4 0	5 0	5 0	50 0	50 0	40 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	Nága Hills ...		
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	22 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Dehra Dún ...	N.-W. Provinces.	
...	...	...	28 8	28 8	28 8	104 0	106 0	129 0	8 5	8 5	7 14	Saháranpur ...		
...	...	...	26 3	27 8	30 12	132 0	132 0	110 0	...	...	...	Muzaffarnagar ...		
...	...	...	26 2	25 10½	26 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	Meerut ...		
...	...	...	27 0	27 0	27 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	10 4	10 0	9 8	Bulandshahr ...		
...	...	...	30 0	30 0	28 0	140 0	140 0	120 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	Aligarh ...		
...	...	...	13 8	13 0	13 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	Kumaun ...		

p In the interior prices range as follow :—Best rice 13 to 21 seers, and common rice 17 to 25 seers, per rupee.

q In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 17 to 30 seers, barley 40 to 42·8 seers, common rice 21 to 27 seers, and gram 26·8 to 3·•12 seers, per rupee.

r In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 25 seers, barley 32 to 36 seers, best rice 12 to 13 seers, common rice 19 to 20 seers, and gram 29 to 30 seers, per rupee.

s In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 23 seers, barley 16 to 35·8 seers, best rice 12 to 13 seers, common rice 15 to 21 seers, and gram 20 to 29 seers, per rupee.

t In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 25 seers, barley 35 to 36 seers, best rice 11 to 16 seers, common rice 14 to 22 seers, lesser millet 25 to 30 seers, Indian c 26 to 30 seers, and gram 21 to 25 seers, per rupee.

u In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 24 to 26·8 seers, barley 26 to 32 seers, best rice 18 to 19 seers, common rice 20 to 23 seers, maize 28 seers, and gram 18 to 22 s per rupee.

v In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 17 to 25 seers, barley 3 to 60 seers, best rice 16 to 23 seers, common rice 18 to 24 seers, maize 40 to 60 seers, and gram 20 to 25 s per rupee.

w In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 20 seers, best rice 16 to 20 seers, common rice 18 to 22·8 seers, and gram 13 to 20 seers, per rupee.

Prices Current of Food-Grains throughout

QUANTITIES PER RUPE

Provinces.	Districts.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar), *Holcus sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra), *Pencillaria spicata.*		
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
N. W. Provinces —*contd.*	Garhwál ...	22 8	22 8	20 0	24 0	21 4	24 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	14 0	13 8	13 2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bijnor ...	20 4	20 4	20 4	28 2	29 4	29 4	11 4	11 4	10 2	15 3	14 10	11 4	22 8	22 8	22 8	22 8	21 6	15 12
	Moradabad ...	21 4	20 10	18 7	32 14	31 14	26 14	8 12	8 12	8 2	16 14	16 4	11 9	25 0	25 0	15 0	25 0	25 0	15 0
	Budaun ...	22 8	22 12½	16 12½	31 8	31 3	24 0	9 9½	9 9½	9 9½	16 12½	16 12½	13 3	12 0	12 0	19 3	18 0	12 0	18 0
	Bareilly ...	21 4	20 0	18 9½	35 0	35 0	25 0	6 9	6 9	6 14	17 8	16 4	12 13	17 8	17 8	20 0	17 8	17 8	16 4
	Sháhjahánpur ...	25 12	25 0	19 8	37 6	35 8	26 8	7 8	7 6	8 0	18 14	19 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tarái Pergunnahs ...	25 0	23 12	22 0	50 0	50 0	30 0	10 0	10 0	8 12	20 0	17 8	14 0	25 0	25 0	...	25 0	25 0	...
	Muttra ...	20 8	22 0	20 0	26 0	26 0	29 0	7 8	7 8	7 0	14 0	14 0	12 8	24 0	25 0	24 0	28 0	28 0	22 0
	Agra ...	20 2½	19 15½	17 9	27 3	25 5	26 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	11 8	11 8	9 8	25 0	24 6	19 15	24 0	24 0	19 0
	Farukhabad ...	19 12	20 5	16 3	24 6	24 12	20 5	7 2	7 2	7 3	14 6	15 2	12 6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mainpuri ...	22 4	22 0	17 8	27 4	26 0	21 4	6 0	6 0	7 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Etáwah ...	20 0	20 0	17 8	25 0	22 8	22 0	7 0	6 8	6 0	13 0	12 8	13 0	22 0	22 0	19 8	22 0	22 0	17 0
	Etah ...	23 0	24 0	19 4	30 0	30 0	26 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	15 0	12 0	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalaun ...	21 0	20 8	18 0	32 0	22 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	14 0	14 0	10 0	23 0	23 0	16 8	22 0	22 0	16 0
	Jhánsi ...	18 8	18 4	18 0	25 13	25 8	23 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	14 0	14 0	12 4	22 0	22 0	16 11	20 8	20 8	15 0
	Lalitpur ...	19 4	19 8	21 0	29 0	28 0	28 0	11 8	10 4	9 0	13 8	12 0	11 0	25 0	25 0	10 22	0 ...	...	...
	Cawnpore ...	25 0	24 8	18 0	32 0	31 0	23 0	9 8	11 8	8 0	15 8	16 8	13 0	...	...	...	23 0	20 0	...
	Fatehpur ...	23 12	23 0	18 4	29 0	29 0	22 0	9 0	9 0	9 8	20 8	20 8	15 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bánda ...	21 12	21 0	16 4	23 8	23 0	18 4	8 12	8 12	11 4	17 8	17 8	13 10	22 8	22 0	...	21 8	21 8	...
	Allahabad ...	18 12	18 8	15 8	26 4	25 6	19 8	8 4	7 8	7 8	15 4	15 8	12 8	26 12	27 0	...	25 8	25 0	...
	Hamírpur ...	21 8	20 0	16 4	24 12	24 0	16 0	11 0	10 0	7 4	16 0	16 0	11 4	23 0	23 0	17 8	20 8	20 8	15 13
	Jaunpur ...	22 0	24 5	18 5	36 11	36 11	24 11	8 7	8 7	12 0	19 12	19 12	12 0	...	25 6	...	21 3	21 3	14 12
	Gorakhpur ...	29 8½	28 14	14 14	45 4½	45 8	18 6	17 8	16 10	9 10	23 10	21 14	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Basti ...	24 6	24 6	15 8	34 0	33 15	21 6	11 13	11 13	8 14	19 3	18 7	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Azamgarh ...	19 0	20 0	14 8	26 0	27 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	16 0	16 0	11 0	27 0	28 0	19 0	24 0	24 0	18 0
	Mirzapur ...	20 8	21 0	15 3	27 4	30 8	19 15	8 6	8 6	8 6	14 11	14 11	10 8	...	...	...	...	...	14 13
	Benares ...	20 9½	20 9½	14 2½	28 5	28 5	19 5	7 1½	7 1½	6 7	18 0	18 0	11 9½	25 12	25 12	19 5	23 3	23 3	16 12
	Ghazipur ...																		
Panjab.	Delhi ...	19 12	21 0	20 8	27 8	27 0	28 0	...	...	....	11 0	11 0	9 0	26 0	25 0	25 8	24 0	25 0	19 0
	Gurgáon ...	19 8	19 8	21 0	28 0	29 0	29 8	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	23 0	23 0	21 0	25 0	25 0	21 0
	Karnál ...	21 0	21 0	23 0	30 0	30 0	33 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	22 0	22 0	30 0	16 0	16 0	13 0
	Hissár ...	19 0	21 0	20 0	30 0	32 0	30 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	27 0	24 0	30 0	24 0	28 0	27 0
	Rohtak ...	20 0	20 8	18 8	27 0	26 0	25 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	21 0	18 0	23 0	21 0	20 0	19 0
	Sirsa ...	20 8	20 8	18 8	30 0	31 0	31 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	11 0	27 0	26 0	31 0	27 0	28 0	26 0
	Umballa ...	22 4	22 8	20 4	32 0	32 0	30 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	11 0	27 0	26 0	31 0	27 0	28 0	26 0
	Ludhiána ...	24 8	24 8	24 0	35 0	37 0	34 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 8	29 0	29 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
	Simlá ...	17 0	19 0	17 4	22 0	22 0	23 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 8	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	...
	Jullundur ...	25 0	25 8	25 0	40 0	42 0	36 0	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	10 0	34 0	35 0	33 0	23 0	22 0	20 0
	Hushiárpúr ...	25 0	26 0	25 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	32 0	34 0	34 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
	Kángra ...	19 0	19 0	20 0	27 0	27 0	30 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Amritsar ...	23 8	22 8	23 8	33 8	34 8	34 8	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	10 8	24 0	36 0	23 0	24 0	27 0	4 16
	Siálkot ...	21 8	23 0	21 8	35 0	32 8	36 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 8	30 0	27 0	21 0	27 0	27 0	21 0
	Gurdáspúr ...	24 0	28 0	27 0	34 0	34 0	28 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	14 0	30 0	30 0	24 0	20 0	20 0	20 0
	Lahore ...	23 8	23 0	21 0	34 0	34 0	35 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	10 8	33 0	33 0	24 0	20 0	20 0	19 0
	Ferozepore ...	24 0	23 8	24 8	36 0	37 0	38 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	11 0	32 0	35 0	36 0	25 0	24 0	28 0
	Gujránwála ...	21 12	23 0	21 8	35 0	35 0	40 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	30 0	30 0	21 0	20 0	20 0	16 0
	Ráwalpindi ...	29 0	28 0	24 8	34 0	34 0	33 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	30 0	30 0	20 0	36 0	36 0	26 0
	Jhelum ...	30 0	30 0	25 0	31 0	35 0	38 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	8 0	32 0	32 0	18 0	40 0	38 0	17 0
	Gujrát ...	27 0	27 0	25 0	38 0	38 0	38 0	...	...	...	14 0	13 0	12 0	38 0	40 0	24 0	38 0	35 0	24 0
	Shahpúr ...	25 0	26 0	26 8	38 0	40 0	44 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	11 0	32 0	32 0	24 0	34 0	37 0	30 0
	Mooltan ...	18 8	18 8	18 4	25 0	25 8	29 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 0	27 0	29 0	25 0	27 0	26 0	12 0
	Jhang ...	21 0	21 0	24 0	27 8	25 0	34 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	22 0	22 0	20 0	28 0	30 0	24 0
	Montgomery ...	19 0	20 0	21 8	25 0	27 0	28 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muzaffargarh ...	24 0	22 0	20 0	28 0	28 0	27 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	24 0	24 0	12 0
	Dera Ismail Khán ...	28 12	30 0	26 4	45 0	45 0	40 0	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	7 8	50 0	50 0	37 8	42 8	40 0	37 0
	Dera Ghazi Khán ...	21 9	23 3	20 0	28 12	31 4	27 8	...	...	...	20 0	20 0	20 0	29 13	31 4	30 0	30 0	30 0	21 0
	Bannú ...	45 0	51 4	43 12	60 5	68 12	65 0	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	10 0	50 0	50 0	45 0	50 0	50 0	37 0
	Pesháwar ...	25 0	25 0	23 6	35 1	36 6	41 10	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	27 5	29 14	26 10	35 1	35 1	28 0
	Kohát ...	30 6	29 15	28 1	45 14	48 11	53 9	...	...	...	17 14	17 14	16 9	37 0	40 13	40 13	43 6	43 6	43 6
	Hazára ...	26 0	24 0	20 0	37 0	37 0	37 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	30 0*	30 0*	24 0*	34 0	32 0	20 0
Oudh.	Lucknow ...	25 0	24 0	19 0	30 0	29 0	24 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	18 0	17 8	15 0	32 0	29 0	20 4	23 8	22 0	19 0
	Unáo ...	23 12	23 12	18 0	29 0	28 8	21 0	8 0	9 0	8 0	18 0	17 14	14 0	14 0	13 0	...	15 0	16 0	16 0
	Bára Banki ...	24 0	23 0	18 4	32 0	32 0	29 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	16 0	17 0	12 0	30 0	30 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	12 0
	Sítápur ...	29 0	28 0	22 0	40 0	...	28 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	18 0	18 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hardúi ...	24 6	23 7	17 13	37 8	34 13	25 5	6 9	6 9	6 9	15 0	15 0	11 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Khéri ...	33 0	31 4	21 6	55 0	52 0	29 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	26 12	21 8	17 0	...	28 0	22 0	4 29	0 34	8 21
	Fyzabad ...	24 15	24 3	17 0	32 13	32 8	21 10	13 9	13 0	8 11	18 7	18 0	12 8	30 8	30 0	...	17 5	17 14	...
	Bharaich ...	32 0	32 0	18 0	48 0	48 0	25 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	21 0	19 0	12 0	37 0	37 0	18 0	...	...	...
	Gonda ...	30 0	30 4	16 5	39 8	39 8	20 6	20 0	19 8	11 4	20 6	19 12	13 8	34 0	34 8	18 0	18 10	16 8	13 0
	Rái Bareli ...	26 8	25 8	21 0	35 0	32 0	26 0	22 8	21 4	15 0	24 0	22 8	17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sultánpur ...	25 0	24 8	18 4	35 8	35 0	24 0	10 0	10 0	8 8	22 8	22 0	16 0	...	...	22 0	...	...	16 0
	Pratábgarh ...	27 0	26 12	18 6	37 9	37 6	23 4	20 0	19 14	12 1	23 9	23 2	14 12	...	...	...	...	...	...

India for the 2nd half of August 1875 —continued.

IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, &c. (Kavaru, Sawee, Cheena, Murhwa, Nuglee), Panicum Miliaceum, &c.			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Districts.	Provinces.	Remarks.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
...	...	...	9 0	10 0	10 0	240 0	240 0	200 0	6 4	5 15	5 10	Garhwál ...	N. W. Provinces—*contd.*	
...	...	...	23 10	24 12	24 3	112 0	112 8	112 8	...	...	...	Bijnor ...		
...	...	...	27 8	26 7	22 13	100 0	100 0	100 0	10 2	10 2	9 6	Moradabad ...		
...	...	...	28 12½	27 9½	23 6½	192 0	192 0	...	9 0	9 0	8 1½	Budaun ...		
...	...	...	28 12	29 6	21 4	125 0	125 0	125 0	9 6	9 6	8 12	Bareilly ...		
...	...	...	29 4	28 8	20 4	152 8	155 0	160 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	Shahjahánpur ...		
...	...	...	26 4	25 0	22 0	160 0	200 0	160 0	8 12	8 12	8 0	Tarái Pergunnahs ...		
...	...	...	25 8	25 8	20 8	80 0	80 0	70 0	10 12	10 12	11 0	Muttra ...		
...	...	...	24 12	24 3½	26 1½	80 0	80 0	80 0	9 12	9 12	8 8	Agra ...		
...	...	...	24 8	24 12	19 4	150 0	150 0	158 2	8 12	8 12	8 8	Farukhabad ...		
...	...	...	23 12	25 0	22 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Mainpuri ...		
...	...	...	23 0	22 0	21 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 8	8 8	Etáwah ...		
...	...	...	26 0	27 0	24 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	Etah ...		
...	...	...	25 8	25 0	21 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	...	...	...	Jalaun ...		
...	...	...	20 4	20 4	20 14	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Jhánsi ...		
...	...	...	24 2	24 6	26 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	Lalitpur ...		
...	...	...	29 0	28 0	22 0	155 0	140 0	140 0	9 8	9 8	9 4	Cawnpore ...		
...	...	...	30 8	29 8	25 12	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 8	Fatehpur ...		
...	...	...	28 4	27 0	23 0	163 0	163 0	163 0	11 4	11 4	10 8	Bánda ...		
...	...	...	26 0	25 12	20 0	100 0	130 0	130 0	8 4	8 0	8 4	Allahabad ...		
...	...	...	26 0	27 0	24 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	Hamírpur ...		
...	...	...	26 0	24 12	19 4	140 0	120 0	...	...	...	...	Jaunpur ...		
...	...	...	34 9	31 1	24 0	197 12	197 12	197 12	8 1	8 1	7 12	Gorakhpur ...		
...	...	...	36 12	34 2	14 14	160 0	160 0	150 0	7 2	7 2	6 12	Basti ...		
...	...	...	31 14	31 4	15 5	140 0	150 0	...	6 14	6 14	6 14	Azamgarh ...		
...	...	...	27 5	26 9	17 11	177 0	177 0	177 0	6 14	6 14	6 14	Mírzapur ...		
...	...	...	24 0	24 0	19 8	90 0	80 0	150 0	7 8	8 0	7 0	Benares ...		
...	...	...	24 2	23 1	16 12	100 0	110 0	100 0	6 4	6 13	6 5	Ghazípur ...		
...	...	...	28 5	28 5	19 5	180 4	180 4	154 8	7 6	7 6	7 1½			
														References.
...	...	...	24 4	25 0	26 8	80 0	80 0	80 0	8 4	8 4	7 8	Delhi ...	Panjab.	*a.* Bájra rising.
...	...	...	25 0	25 0	27 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	Gurgáon ...		*b.* Bajra and jowár rising.
...	...	...	28 0	28 0	31 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 2	Karnál ...		*c.* Wheat and grain rising.
...	...	...	27 0	28 0	29 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hissár *a* ...		*d.* Firewood falling.
...	...	...	23 0	23 8	25 8	140 0	140 0	120 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	Rohtak ...		*e.* Barley rising.
...	...	...	31 0	31 0	32 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	40 0	40 0	35 0	Sirsa ...		*f.* Gram rising.
...	...	...	32 0	31 0	34 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 12	8 12	Umballa ...		*g.* Wheat, barley and gram
...	...	...	31 0	32 0	32 0	90 0	90 0	120 0	9 8	9 6	9 6	Ludhiána ...		*h.* Jowár rising.
...	...	...	22 0	19 0	22 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	7 8	7 8	8 7	Simlá ...		
...	...	...	31 0	32 0	34 0	110 0	110 0	100 0	9 8	9 8	9 4	Jullundur ...		
...	...	...	32 8	32 0	33 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	9 8	9 8	9 4	Hushiárpúr ...		
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Kángra ...		
...	...	...	26 14	29 8	34 8	105 0	105 0	105 0	10 0	9 12	9 8	Amritsar *b* ...		
...	...	...	26 0	24 8	35 0	130 0	120 0	120 0	9 12	9 12	9 10	Siálkot ...		
...	...	...	26 0	31 0	39 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 8	8 8	9 0	Gurdáspúr *c* ...		
...	...	...	26 8	27 0	34 0	110 0	120 0	100 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	Lahore ...		
...	...	...	33 8	33 0	34 8	140 0	100 0	120 0	10 0	9 12	9 8	Ferozepore *d* ...		
...	...	...	28 0	29 0	40 0	110 0	110 0	100 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	Gujránwála ...		
...	...	...	30 0	32 0	39 0	140 0	140 0	130 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	Ráwalpindi ...		
...	...	...	26 8	26 8	31 0	140 0	140 0	100 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	Jhelum *e* ...		
...	...	...	28 0	26 0	27 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	10 8	10 8	10 8	Gujrát ...		
...	...	...	32 0	36 0	40 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	11 8	11 8	11 0	Shahpúr *f* ...		
...	...	...	24 8	25 0	25 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	10 12	10 12	10 12	Mooltan ...		
...	...	...	22 8	25 0	30 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	10 0	10 0	10 4	Jhang ...		
...	...	...	24 0	26 0	29 0	220 0	220 0	220 0	9 0	8 8	9 4	Montgomery ...		
...	...	...	23 0	22 0	21 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	Muzaffargarh ...		
...	...	...	37 8	37 8	36 4	100 0	100 0	112 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	Dera Ismail Khán ...		
...	...	...	27 1	29 1	22 13	150 0	150 0	150 0	31 4	31 4	24 0	Dera Ghazi Khán ...		
...	...	...	46 14	50 0	44 6	80 0	80 0	80 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	Bannú *g* ...		
...	...	...	29 14	29 14	32 3	110 0	110 0	110 0	59 13	59 13	58 8	Pesháwar ...		
...	...	...	37 0	34 7	38 4	153 0	153 0	153 0	102 0	102 0	102 0	Kohát ...		
...	...	...	25 8	28 0	30 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Hazára *h* ...		* Maize or Indian corn.
														"Description of Lesser Mi
32 0	30 0	31 10	28 8	27 0	21 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Lucknow ...	Oudh.	Peas.
...	...	...	28 2	27 6	21 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 12	7 8	8 4	Unáo ...		Sawán, Murhwa.
36 0	36 0	24 0	30 0	30 0	29 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Bára Banki ...		
...	38 12	35 0	32 0	34 0	23 0	180 0	180 0	200 0	8 3	8 8	8 0	Sítápur ...		
...	...	...	30 0	30 0	19 8	192 8	192 8	192 8	8 0	8 0	7 1	Hardui ...		
72 0	72 0	44 0	36 0	34 0	23 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	7 8	7 8	7 0	Kheri ...		
...	...	...	29 7	29 0	18 6	140 0	140 0	120 0	8 4	8 4	7 10	Fyzabad ...		Kodon.
42 0	42 0	20 0	40 0	40 0	18 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Bharaich ...		Murhwa, Kodon and Sawán.
39 8	34 2	26 5	37 12	37 6	17 5	170 0	170 0	200 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Gonda ...		
...	...	...	36 0	33 12	30 0	200 0	200 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Rái Bareli ...		Sawán.
40 0	40 0	32 0	35 0	34 0	22 12	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 8	8 8	8 2	Sultánpur ...		Jowár.
38 4	37 9	24 12	35 0	35 2	15 7	200 0	200 0	200 0	8 0	8 0	6 6	Pratábgarh ...		

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

Provinces.	Districts.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Oumboo, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*		
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Central Provinces.	Nagpur ...	19 0	19 0	23 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 8	13 0	13 0	17 0	32 0	32 0	36 0	...	...	...
	Bhandara ...	23 12	24 0	23 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	20 0	20 0	19 0	26 0	26 0	30 0	...	...	...
	Chanda ...	24 3	23 6	24 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 1	16 4	17 1	30 0	31 3	57 5	...	...	...
	Wardha ...	24 0	24 0	25 0	...	...	...	10 0	8 9	8 8	12 0	12 0	12 0	45 0	48 0	45 0	...	...	...
	Balaghat ...	26 0	24 0	21 0	...	...	...	16 0	15 0	14 0	22 0	20 0	22 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jubbulpore ...	24 4	24 0	19 0	17 8	18 0	15 0	12 8	12 0	12 0	14 8	14 0	13 0	25 0	26 0	16 0	14 0	15 0	9 0
	Saugor ...	20 0	20 8	21 0	...	...	...	9 0	8 8	7 0	13 0	13 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Damoh ...	23 12	23 12	23 8	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	12 8	18 0	19 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Seoni ...	32 0	30 0	27 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	24 0	24 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mandla ...	32 0	31 0	19 0	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 0	18 0	18 0	15 0	...	...	25 0	...	...	...
	Betul ...	26 0	27 0	23 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	15 0	15 0	13 0	...	...	24 0	...	...	...
	Chindwara ...	30 0	30 0	25 0	...	...	...	9 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	12 0	13 0	38 0	38 0	40 0	...	...	...
	Hoshangabad ...	18 0	19 0	18 12	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Narsinghpur ...	21 0	22 8	19 8	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	9 0	13 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nimar ...	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	26 6	28 2	...	26 4	26 4	...
	Raipur ...	44 0	44 0	40 0	...	...	...	22 0	19 0	20 0	34 0	36 0	34 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sambalpur ...	24 0	21 0	24 0	...	...	...	24 0	24 0	28 0	26 0	28 0	33 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bilaspur ...	40 0	40 0	40 0	...	...	...	32 0	28 0	28 0	52 0	40 0	42 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Upper Godavery ...	19 0	19 0	15 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	50 0	50 0	50 0	...	...	...
Assigned Districts.	Secunderabad ...	16 8	16 9	15 6	...	...	...	8 8	9 4	8 8	12 3	12 2	11 3	22 6	21 7	27 1	24 8	25 1	24 0
	Beharum ...	17 5	16 2	15 7	...	...	...	10 6	9 9	9 0	11 6	11 1	10 3	23 1	20 1	24 9	...	...	...
	Chudderghat ...	12 5	13 5	12 5	...	...	...	6 0	6 0	6 0	11 5	11 2	9 2	19 2	19 2	25 5	25 0	27 0	25 2
	Oomrawtee ...	21 0	19 0	17 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	50 0	45 0	36 0	26 0	27 0	22 0
	Akola ...	20 0	21 0	20 4	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	44 0	44 0	32 0	31 0	31 0	28 0
	Elichpur ...	21 0	21 0	17 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	42 0	42 0	32 0	30 0	25 0	26 0
	Buldana ...	20 0	20 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	12 0	40 0	38 0	34 0	36 0	36 0	30 0
	Woon ...	23 0	24 0	19 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	12 0	67 0	67 0	55 0	41 0	41 0	40 0
	Bassim ...	23 5	23 5	22 5	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 5	13 5	13 5	12 0	51 0	51 0	55 0	37 0	37 0	39 5
Mysore and Coorg.	Bangalore { Wholesale	12 7	12 5	11 5	13 2	13 0	11 7	11 5	11 5	10 5	15 0	16 2	12 7	25 2	25 7	24 7	...	...	...
	Retail ...	12 2	12 0	11 0	12 7	12 5	11 2	11 0	11 0	10 0	14 5	15 5	12 2	24 2	24 7	23 7	...	...	...
	Kolar ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	10 8	11 0	9 4	16 8	17 7	15 0	17 9	20 0	15 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	...	...	...	10 6	10 8	9 2	16 4	17 4	14 7	17 6	19 7	15 1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tumkur ... { Wholesale	12 0	12 5	12 5	12 0	12 5	12 5	16 0	16 0	14 0	18 0	19 0	14 5	24 0	24 0	24 0	...	...	...
	Retail ...	11 0	12 0	12 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	15 0	13 0	17 0	18 0	14 0	23 0	23 0	22 0	...	...	...
	Mysore ... { Wholesale	10 4	11 0	9 4	...	...	...	11 1	11 6	11 2	11 7	12 5	12 3	29 7	...	...	26 2	23 1	34 5
	Retail ...	10 2	10 6	8 7	...	...	...	10 6	11 4	11 0	11 4	12 3	12 1	29 3	...	...	25 6	22 0	33 5
	Hassan ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	11 5	12 0	12 0	12 0	13 0	12 7	14 2	13 5	12 7	14 7	14 7	13 7	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shimoga ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	12 5	12 5	10 0	13 5	13 5	11 0	11 5	11 5	13 0	16 7	16 7	17 0	25 2	25 2	33 0	...	...	...
	Kadur ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	12 0	12 0	8 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	14 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chitaldroog { Wholesale	16 4	...	12 5	17 1	18 2	14 2	14 1	...	...	16 7	...	...	30 1	40 4	41 8	29 8	...	32 8
	Retail ...	12 0	18 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	14 0	12 0	16 0	13 0	15 0	18 0	15 0	26 0	40 0	35 0	24 0	40 0	30 0
	Coorg ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	7 9	8 2	7 6	8 2	8 4	8 4	9 7	9 9	10 4	14 4	14 9	16 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajpootana.	Jaipur ...	15 4	16 8	...	21 0	23 0	...	6 0	7 0	...	9 0	9 8	...	21 0	22 0	...	19 0	21 0	...
	Kishengurh ...	16 8	17 0	...	21 12	23 0	...	8 8	7 0	...	9 0	8 12	...	21 12	20 0	...	19 12	18 0	...
	Alwar ...	20 0	20 8	21 0	28 0	27 8	29 8	6 10	6 10	7 8	10 0	10 0	8 0	28 0	27 0	24 0	25 0	25 0	17 8
	Bharatpur (City) ...	19 0	20 0	19 0	26 0	28 0	30 0	8 0	7 0	6 0	8 6	11 8	7 8	26 0	26 0	16 0	25 0	24 0	14 0
	Kerowli (City) ...	18 12	18 2	17 8	26 4	25 0	23 12	11 4	11 4	8 12	12 6	12 8	10 0	26 4	25 0	16 4	22 13	21 14	18 2
	Ajmir ...	15 12	15 12	14 10	22 12	23 0	20 5	5 8	5 8	6 4	9 0	8 0	9 0	20 14	18 13	17 8	20 0	20 0	15 8
	Deolie Cantonment ...	No return received			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Erinpura ...	20 0	19 8	18 0	32 0	33 0	24 0	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	7 0	25 0	25 0	18 0	29 4	29 4	19 0
	Sirohi ...	23 0	23 0	20 0	40 0	40 0	27 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	36 0	36 0	22 0	33 0	36 0	26 0
	Aboo ...	20 0	15 14	15 12	26 4	24 4	18 8	5 14	5 14	5 10	8 6	8 4	7 8	...	...	...	26 0	25 12	17 12
	Hilly Tracts of Meywar...	25 0	28 0	26 0	34 0	40 0	38 0	...	...	...	14 0	15 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Meywar ...	15 10	14 0	15 15	20 11	21 0	22 0	...	...	...	9 10	9 10	9 6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Banswarra(MeywarAgency)	21 4	23 8	23 12	...	...	...	7 8	6 4	7 8	15 0	15 0	15 0	...	...	...	22 8	23 2	...
	Marwar ...	15 15	16 14	...	26 4	25 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	21 4	22 8	...	22 8	23 2	...
	Bikaneer ...	14 4	13 8	...	15 12	15 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	9 12	9 12	...	18 0	16 14	...	17 12	16 14	...
	Bundi ...																		
	Kota ...																		
	Tonk ...	No return received			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jhallawar ...																		
	Shahpoora ...																		
Central India.	Indore ...																		
	Gwalior ...																		
	Goona ...	No return received			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rutlam ...																		
	Baghelkhund (Sutna) ...																		

dia for the 2nd half of August 1875—concluded.

N SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kavaru, Verago, sawee, Cheena, Coralee, Murhwa, Nuglee) Pasturage Molasses, &c.			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Districts.	Provinces.	Remarks.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	28 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 12	10 4	9 12	Nagpur ...	Central Provinces.	
...	...	...	30 0	28 0	25 0	...	...	...	9 8	9 0	9 8	Bhandara ...		
...	...	...	25 0	26 2	23 7	400 0	480 0	480 0	7 8	7 10	8 0	Chanda ...		
...	...	...	25 0	23 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 8	9 8	8 8	Wardha ...		
...	...	...	28 0	26 0	25 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	7 8	7 8	Balaghat ...		
...	...	...	34 0	35 0	22 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	Jubbulpore ...		
...	...	...	25 0	25 0	22 8	220 0	200 0	200 0	7 4	7 4	6 8	Saugor ...		
...	...	...	30 0	30 8	28 0	280 0	280 0	320 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	Damoh ...		
...	...	...	32 0	32 0	28 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Sohni ...		
...	...	...	45 0	45 0	29 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	7 0	7 0	6 8	Mandla ...		
30 0	32 0	19 0	45 0	45 0	29 0	240 0	280 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Betul ...		
23 0	23 0	20 0	27 0	27 0	23 0	280 0	280 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Chindwara ...		
23 0	23 0	20 0	33 0	32 0	30 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hoshangabad ...		
...	...	...	28 0	29 0	24 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Narsinghpur ...		
...	...	...	32 0	34 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	Nimar ...		
...	...	...	22 8	21 12	...	160 0	160 0	...	9 14	10 13	...	Raipur ...		
...	...	...	40 0	40 0	36 0	120 0	90 0	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	Sambalpur ...		
...	...	...	24 0	21 0	21 0	120 0	120 0	150 0	7 0	7 0	6 8	Bilaspur ...		
...	...	...	30 0	28 0	24 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	7 8	7 8	6 0	Upper Godavery ...		
100 0	90 0	100 0	35 0	35 0	36 0	200 0	200 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	8 0			
...	...	...	30 0	28 0	24 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	10 0	10 0	8 0			
...	...	...	22 7	22 0	15 3	115 0	115 0	100 0	11 4	11 9	9 5	Secunderabad ...	Hyderabad Assigned Districts.	
28 6	26 4	26 9	21 5	20 1	15 7	112 9	112 9	112 9	11 1	10 6	9 2	Bolarum ...		
...	...	...	19 2	19 2	13 5	130 0	130 0	120 0	10 2	10 5	10 2	Chudderghat ...		
...	...	...	22 0	21 0	16 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	Oomrotee ...		
...	...	...	24 0	22 0	19 0	106 0	106 12	106 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	Akola ...		
8 8	8 8	12 0	21 0	21 0	16 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Elichpur ...		
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	24 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 0	Buldana ...		
...	...	...	25 0	26 0	19 0	300 0	300 0	267 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	Woon ...		
...	...	...	27 0	27 0	22 0	90 0	90 0	64 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Bassim ...		
21 0	21 0	13 5												
33 0	33 7	34 7	22 5	20 5	17 7	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	13 2	Bangalore { Wholesale / Retail ...	Mysore and Coorg.	
32 0	32 7	33 7	22 0	20 0	17 2	72 0	72 0	72 0	13 0	13 0	13 0			
34 5	35 5	37 6	23 4	24 3	18 5	...	...	...	14 6	14 6	14 6	Kolar ... { Wholesale / Retail ...		
34 3	35 0	37 1	23 1	24 0	18 3	172 4	172 4	172 4	14 3	14 3	14 3			
57 2	56 5	58 0	25 0	25 0	21 0	180 0	180 0	182 0	13 0	12 0	13 0	Tumkur ... { Wholesale / Retail ...		
55 5	54 5	56 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	12 0	11 0	12 0			
27 0	29 7	28 7	21 0	22 0	19 8	78 0	72 0	78 0	8 7	8 5	9 4	Mysore ... { Wholesale / Retail ...		
26 2	29 3	28 3	20 4	21 4	19 3	75 0	65 0	70 0	8 5	8 3	9 1			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hassan ... { Wholesale / Retail ...		
31 5	29 5	35 7	24 2	24 7	16 7	150 0	150 0	150 0	10 0	9 5	9 5			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga... { Wholesale / Retail ...		
29 5	29 5	46 0	20 0	18 7	16 0	360 0	360 0	400 0	9 5	8 7	10 0			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur ... { Wholesale / Retail ...		
28 0	28 0	32 0	18 0	18 0	14 0	60 0	60 0	60 0	9 0	9 0	9 0			
36 2	44 4	53 7	22 4	...	22 2	...	...	...	10 0	11 0	8 6	Chital- { Wholesale / droog. Retail ...		
29 0	44 0	49 0	22 0	25 0	22 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	9 0	10 0	8 0			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg ... { Wholesale / Retail ...		
23 9	23 4	31 3	18 4	18 0	14 6	91 6	91 6	110 0	8 8	8 7	9 3			
									17 0	19 6	...	Jaipur ...	Rajputana.	
...	...	...	18 8	20 0		...	...	...	60 0	41 0	...	Kishengurh ...		
...	...	...	19 8	20 0		...	...	...	25 0	25 0	22 8	Alwar ...		
...	...	...	26 0	25 0	29 8	...	...	...	24 0	24 0	17 0	Bhurtpur (City) ...		
25 8	27 8	18 10	25 0	26 8	27 8	120 0	120 0	...	30 0	30 0	27 8	Kerowli (City) ...		
22 0	20 12	17 8	24 6	23 14	23 12	160 0	160 0	200 0	34 0	33 8	34 0	Ajmir ...		
...	...	...	20 0	20 12	19 12	95 0	85 0	110 0	No return received			Deolie Cantonment ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40 0	40 0	40 0	Erinpura ...		
...	...	...	24 0	24 12	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	50 0	50 0	50 0	Sirohi ...		
...	...	...	24 0	25 0	17 0	240 0	240 0	200 0	34 0	34 0	24 0	Aboo ...		
...	...	...	19 12	18 6	14 6	100 0	100 0	100 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	Hilly Tracts of Meywar...		* Per man's load.
...	...	...	...	...	...	8 Pie*	8 Pie*	9 Pie*	20 5	20 4	26 9	Meywar ...		
...	...	...	20 5	20 4	15 10	165 0	165 0	165 0	11 0	11 4	11 4	Banswarra(MeywarAgency)		
...	...	...	27 8	30 0	25 0	...	...	...	56 4	50 0	...	Marwar ...		
...	...	...	14 11	15 0	...	70 0	70 0	...	67 8	60 0	...	Bikaneer ...		
...	...	...	16 14	12 0	...	120 0	120 0	...						
									No return received			Bundi ...		
												Kota ...		
												Tonk ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				Jhallawar ...		
												Shahpoora ...		
												Indore ...	Central India.	
												Gwalior ...		
												Goona ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Rutlam ...		
												Baghelkhund (Sutna) ...		

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of In

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENT OF PRICES-CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE 1ST HALF OF AUGUST 1875, PUBLISHED IN PAGES 770, 771, 776 AND 777 OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DATED 11TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Districts.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice. Best sort.			Rice. Common.			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kavaru, Verugoo, Sawee, Cheena, Coralee Murhwa, Nagloo, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	
Bombay. Upper Sind Frontier District	21 10	20 0	19 0	23 0	23 0	26 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 8	16 0	27 0	27 0	30 0	20 0	21 8	32 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	23 0	23 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	36 0	35 0	32 0	
Hyderabad Assigned Districts. Secunderabad	... 16 9	16 3	14 9	... ...	... ...	... ...	9 4	8 7	8 5	12 2	11 6	10 5	21 7	21 6	25 0	25 1	23 6	22 0	26 4	27 6	25 9	22 0	21 1	15 0	115 0	115 0	100 0	11 9	11 3	9 8	
Bolarum	... 16 2	16 2	15 1	....	... ...	... ...	9 9	9 9	9 0	11 1	11 1	9 9	20 1	20 1	24 9	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	20 1	20 1	15 1	112 9	112 9	112 9	10 6	10 6	9 2	
Chadarghat	... 13 5	13 2	12 5	....	... ...	... ...	6 0	6 0	6 0	11 2	10 7	9 2	19 2	19 2	25 5	27 0	26 0	25 5	... ...	... ...	... ...	19 2	19 0	13 5	130 0	130 0	120 0	10 5	10 2	8 5	

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

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SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

Nº 39.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1875. { Register No. 75.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as to the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.*

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(TELEGRAPH).

Abstract of Foreign Traffic for the Month of June 1875.

CLASS OF MESSAGES.	ROUTE. WEST. VIA TEHERAN. No.	Indian Value.	VIA TURKEY. No.	Indian Value.	PERSIAN GULF. No.	Indian Value.	VIA SUEZ. No.	Indian Value.	EAST. VIA AMOY. No.	Indian Value.	VIA MADRAS. No.	Indian Value.	NATIVE BURMA. No.	Indian Value.	TOTAL. No.	Indian Value.
INDIAN.		Rs. A.		Rs. A.		Rs. A.		Rs. A.		Rs. A.		Rs. A.		Rs. A.		Rs. A.
Sent ...	1,050	6,317 15	35	176 6	96	556 3	1,540	9,234 6	...	...	276	1,527 6	177	398 4	3,174	18,210 8
Received ...	970	4,933 9	23	104 8	135	1,029 0	1,319	6,509 7	...	...	285	1,598 2	174	376 12	2,906	14,551 6
TOTAL ...	2,020	11,251 8	58	280 14	231	1,585 3	2,859	15,743 13	...	...	561	3,125 8	351	775 0	6,080	32,761 14
TRANSIT.																
East to West	158	1,161 5	...	...	1	4 3	1,131	8,030 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,290	9,195 13
West to East	254	1,646 7	14	58 13	1	4 3	956	6,449 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,225	8,159 3
West to West	...	...	...	...	...	*...	*2	14 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	14 11
TOTAL ...	412	2,807 12	14	58 13	2	8 6	2,089	14,494 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,517	17,369 11
GRAND TOTAL ...															8,597	50,131 9

* From Jask to Aden.

Abstract of Foreign Traffic with India by the Indo-European and Red Sea routes for the Month of June 1875.

ROUTE.		Number of Messages by each Route (exclusive of transit). To India.	From India.	Total.	Percentage of Number. To India.	From India.	Total.
INDO-EUROPEAN	*Vid* Teheran	970	1,050	2,020	39·64	38·59	39·09
	„ Turkey	23	35	58	·94	1·28	1·12
	Persian Gulf *vid* Kurrachee	135	96	231	5·52	3·53	4·47
RED SEA ... *Vid* Suez		1,319	1,540	2,859	53·90	56·60	55·32
TOTAL ...		2,447	2,721	5,168	100·00	100·00	100·00

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

Comparative Statement of Sea Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) for the first five months of the official year 1875-76 *and of the previous four years.*

		FOR THE MONTHS OF APRIL, MAY, JUNE, JULY AND AUGUST.														
		1871-72.			1872-73.			1873-74.			1874-75.			1875-76.		
		Imports.	Exports.	Total.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.
Bengal ...	Gross ...	33,50,600	9,07,858	42,58,458	34,21,546	9,17,403	43,38,949	32,62,090	6,86,741	39,48,831	36,35,203	5,49,106	41,84,309	37,68,841	6,81,099	44,49,940
	Nett ...	...	...	42,19,747	...	...	42,83,597	...	...	39,15,147	...	...	41,35,163	37,53,159	6,66,379	44,19,538
Bombay ...	Gross ...	19,46,107	1,51,107	20,97,214	20,45,353	1,35,458	21,80,811	17,80,533	1,33,416	19,13,949	20,63,158	1,59,728	22,22,886	21,68,054	2,85,571	24,53,625
	Nett ...	...	...	19,14,652	...	...	19,00,632	...	...	17,64,622	...	...	20,50,744	21,63,318	2,78,873	24,42,191
Sindh ...	Gross ...	86,705	53,878	1,40,583	84,821	89,728	1,74,549	76,688	47,761	1,24,449	79,222	55,988	1,35,210	92,148	86,487	1,78,635
	Nett ...	...	...	1,39,792	...	...	1,74,010	...	...	1,23,363	...	...	1,33,829	87,373	84,743	1,72,116
Madras ...	Gross ...	6,61,496	5,57,224	12,18,720	6,54,662	4,38,242	10,92,904	6,94,657	5,63,982	12,58,639	7,34,807	4,95,574	12,30,381	7,67,977	5,03,696	12,71,673
	Nett ...	...	...	12,00,573	...	...	10,76,907	...	...	12,44,309	...	...	12,12,211	7,61,202	5,01,454	12,62,656
B. Burma	Gross ...	2,39,880	8,58,935	10,98,815	3,29,300	16,69,987	19,99,287	3,34,019	13,54,399	16,88,418	4,54,149	9,95,630	14,49,779	3,29,443	17,07,642	20,37,085
	Nett ...	...	...	10,93,280	...	...	19,68,309	...	...	16,33,539	...	...	13,60,390	3,27,340	16,24,691	19,52,031
TOTAL ...	Gross ...	62,84,788	25,29,002	88,13,790	65,35,682	32,50,818	97,86,500	61,47,987	27,86,299	89,34,286	69,66,539	22,56,026	92,22,565	71,26,463	32,64,495	1,03,90,958
	Nett ...	...	...	85,68,044	...	...	94,03,455	...	...	86,80,980	...	...	88,92,337	70,92,392	31,56,140	1,02,48,532

N. B.—1. The nett collections for years prior to 1875-76 cannot be separately given for Imports and Exports, as in the returns furnished by local Governments refunds and drawbacks on Imports and Exports are not distinguished.

2. The figures for British Burma for 1875-76 include collections at Tavoy and Mergui for the months of April, May, June and July only.

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.,

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

ABSTRACT SHOWING THE RESULT OF EMIGRATION FROM THE PORT OF CALCUTTA DURING JULY AND AUGUST LAST.

No. 1.—As to Age and Sex.

	Trinidad.			British Guiana.			Total.		Grand Total.	Remarks.
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.		
Under 2 years ...	14	22	36	33	29	62	47	51	98	No emigration took place to the West Indies, Mauritius, and Natal, during July last; nor was there any emigration to Jamaica, Nevis, St. Vincent, Natal, Mauritius, Surinam, and the French West India colonies, during August last.
From 2 to 10 years ...	44	28	72	69	44	113	113	72	185	
„ 10 „ 20 „ ...	107	33	140	248	55	303	355	88	443	
„ 20 „ 30 „ ...	212	104	316	714	267	981	926	371	1,297	
„ 30 „ 40 „ ...	34	11	45	83	22	105	117	33	150	
„ 40 „ 50 „ ...	...	2	2	1	3	4	1	5	6	
Above 50 years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	411	200	611	1,148	420	1,568	1,559	620	2,179	

No. 2.—As to places whence Emigrants came to Calcutta for embarkation.

Orissa	1	...	1	1	...	1	2	...	2	No emigration took place to the West Indies, Mauritius, and Natal, during July last; nor was there any emigration to Jamaica, Nevis, St. Vincent, Natal, Mauritius, Surinam, and the French West India colonies, during August last.
Western Bengal	2	4	6	2	7	9	4	11	15	
Central „ ...	5	12	17	8	9	17	13	21	34	
Eastern „	...	...	...	6	...	6	6	...	6	
Behar	91	58	149	301	116	417	392	174	566	
N. W. Provinces	253	97	350	558	216	774	811	313	1,124	
Oudh	53	29	82	244	67	311	297	96	393	
Central India	5	...	5	7	2	9	12	2	14	
Punjab	...	...	...	10	...	10	7	...	7	
Nepal	...	...	...	7	...	7	5	3	8	
Miscellaneous, Madras and Bombay, &c.	1	...	1	4	3	7	...	...	...	
Total ...	411	200	611	1,148	420	1,568	1,559	620	2,179	

No. 3.—As to Caste and Religion.

Hindoos: Brahmins and High Castes ...	70	26	96	128	42	170	198	68	266	No emigration took place to the West Indies, Mauritius, and Natal, during July last; nor was there any emigration to Jamaica, Nevis, St. Vincent, Natal, Mauritius, Surinam, and the French West India colonies, during August last.
Hindoos: Agriculturists ...	100	23	123	329	120	449	429	143	572	
Hindoos: Artizans ...	19	8	27	102	34	136	121	42	163	
Hindoos: Low Castes	176	110	286	412	133	545	588	243	831	
Mussulmans	46	33	79	177	91	268	223	124	347	
Christians	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	411	200	611	1,148	420	1,568	1,559	620	2,179	

Memo.	M.	F.	Total.
1. Hindoos ...	1,336	496	1,832
2. Mussulmans ...	223	124	347
3. Christians ...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,559	620	2,179

SIMLA,
The 24th Sept. 1875.

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA *at the Office of* SUPDT. GOVT. PRINTING, 8, *Hastings Street, Calcutta.*

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Railway.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE OF PASSENGERS ON RAILWAYS.

Circular No. 17 R., dated Simla, the 23rd September 1875.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Read again—

Public Works Department Circular No. 11, Forests, dated 6th August 1864.
" " " " 13, Railway, " 27th " "
" " " " 17 " " 6th December 1865.
" " " " 22 " " 29th October 1866.
" " " " 11 " " 2nd July 1868.
" " " " 36 " " 10th November 1869.
To Government of Bengal, No. 108 Railway, dated 19th January 1871.
Public Works Department Circular No. 6, Railway, dated 19th May 1871.
" " " " 16 " " 3rd June 1873.
" " Nos. 1222-1235 " " 16th July 1873.
From Punjab, No. 2659, dated 9th July 1873.
" " " 3359, " 3rd September 1873.

Read also—

Papers received unofficially from North-Western Provinces Government.
From North-Western Provinces, Nos. 423 R. C., and 15 R. C., dated 8th December 1873, and 5th January 1874.
From North-Western Provinces, No. 24 R., dated 30th January 1874.
From Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, No. 1527, dated 19th March 1874.
From Government of Bombay, No. 498, dated 10th April 1874.
From Chief Commissioner, Oudh, No. 505, dated 5th May 1874.
From Government of Bombay, No. 783, dated 8th June 1874.
From Government of Bengal, General Department, No. 2398, dated 24th July 1874.

RESOLUTION.—At various times suggestions have been made for giving greater conveniences to passengers by railway, and the Government of India readily acknowledge how much has been done in this way since railroads were first established in India, both spontaneously by Railway Companies, and in answer to suggestions from without. It is not, therefore, in a disappointed sense that attention is again invited to this subject, but simply in the belief that there are still points which require attention. And the opinions of many officers of Government, who are in good positions for ascertaining the feeling of the natives, corroborate this view.

2. Apart from the interest which the Supreme Government have in the general welfare of the community and in the development of trade by increased facilities of intercourse and communication, they have also, as the guarantors of a high rate of dividend to the shareholders, by far the largest interest in the financial success of railways. And until lines earn more often than they now do the interest guaranted, the Government will practically have to bear on those lines which do not pay 5 per cent. any increased expenditure which the provision of additional conveniences may cause.

3. It is obvious, therefore, that Government have a very strong reason for proposing nothing which is likely to be permanently disadvantageous to the profits of the railways. Measures, which at the outset cost money and seem unpromising, are often in the long run successful. In this view—any measure calculated to simplify the transport of goods, or make railway travelling more easy, is likely to make railways more largely used. Reduced rates and fares which, of course, have the same effect, might at first result in loss, but, if judiciously made, would probably increase receipts, while at the same time they would lead to extended intercourse among the inhabitants of, and interchange of goods between, districts remote from one another. As regards passenger receipts, they are derived chiefly from passengers in the lower classes. In 1873 the receipts were as follows:—

	Rs.
From 1st Class	10,88,933
„ 2nd „	12,47,086
„ 3rd and 4th classes	1,87,31,158

which include intermediate, third, and cooly or lowest class, sometimes called 4th.

4. The receipts from the first two classes were, therefore, but a small, and those of the lower classes, a very large, proportion of the whole. Moreover, while travellers by the lower classes contribute far more in the aggregate than the higher, they are, at present, less able to take care of themselves, and their wants are sometimes not understood. It is to the treatment of the native passengers, therefore, that the Government of India desire more specially to draw attention.

5. Their comforts, and perhaps their strong prejudices are sometimes too little attended to. The Government of India do not, in saying this, desire to endorse complaints which are too often exaggerated and inaccurate, and not unfrequently unreasonable. Nor do they wish to be understood to sanction in the slightest the view that distinction of caste should confer any privileges in travelling, but simply that there are some reasonable improvements which might well be made.

6. For instance, on the Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway, female ticket-collectors have been introduced to the satisfaction of the native community. It is not known how far this plan has been tried elsewhere, but it is clear that an arrangement which has satisfactorily stood the test of experiment on one line might be tried on others.

7. Other points to which attention seems needed are indicated below; some suggestions have been made on previous occasions, and some have, more or less, been adopted on the chief railways.

8. *Overcrowding of carriages.*—Though complaints on this score still appear in the Native Press, it is believed that they are rarely well founded. The best remedy in this, as in all such matters, is to let passengers know what they are entitled to, and thus encourage them to protect themselves; and this can be managed, in respect of overcrowding, by distinctly indicating by notices in the English and Vernacular, in and outside compartments, the number of people they are to hold. With this precaution on every line of railway, and careful instructions to the Companies' servants, cases of overcrowding should altogether disappear. Eventually, perhaps, science may succeed in cooling carriages in the hotter seasons, but for the present the true solution of the comfort of native passengers would appear to lie in an increased quantity of space, sufficient protection from the sun, and ample ventilation; and, in this respect, much as the accomodation has been improved on some lines, upon others it falls short of what in the opinion of the Government of India ought to be given. The rule that, in the hot weather, the number of passengers per bench or compartment shall be reduced is a great step in the right direction. Such a rule has been adopted on some lines. The Government of India would desire to see it in force on all.

9. *Ill-treatment.*—Cases of ill-treatment are happily now rarely heard of, and the improvement which has taken place in this matter is a cause of gratification to the Government of India. But the Railway Companies should not cease to press upon their officers of all ranks the necessity for gentle and patient treatment of the native passengers from whom so large a portion of their earnings are derived.

10. *Uniforms for Railway servants.*—There are rules of some sort on this subject on all railways, but they appear often to be either insufficient or disregarded. Nevertheless the wearing of uniforms or some distinctive badge by railway officials is not in India unimportant; for it is manifestly desirable that passengers, and those interested in the conveyance of goods, should be able to readily distinguish all railway servants, and thus know at once to whom they can refer. Nor should the uniforms or badges be confined to the lower officials, for if this is done, the object of the arrangement to some extent fails. It seems therefore to the Government of India that station masters should especially be easily recognisable by some ornament, badge or peculiarity of dress.

11. *Extra trains during fairs and festivals.*—Complaints have been made that sufficient arrangements are not made for meeting the extra traffic at the seasons of fairs and festivals. Neglect of this important traffic is of course a direct loss to the Companies, and it is not supposed that this is ever wilfully done. But the Government of India think that at such times, if at no others, special facilities might be given for the sale of tickets, either within or without the railway premises, and multiplication of ticket offices, might also be often introduced at large stations with advantage. Ticket offices might also be open for a longer time before the departure of trains. These and similar measures would tend to obviate many of the discomforts which a bewildered crowd of natives have often to bear.

12. *Admission to waiting sheds.*—It is understood to be the rule on some lines, that admission to waiting sheds is not allowed until within a short time of a train starting. But such a rule must often lead to hardship, as the majority of native travellers are ignorant,

have little idea of the English hours of the day, and reach stations many hours before the train by which they are to travel is due. If deprived of shelter they would often, therefore, have to endure long, and perhaps severe, exposure to sun or rain.

13. *Vernacular Time and Fare Tables.*—Such tables are now, as a rule, posted at all Railway stations, and the rule should be made absolute in the case of all stations. Similar tables giving the mileage and fare from the chief terminal station to every station on the railway might, it would seem without much difficulty, be fixed in the interior of all 3rd and 4th class carriages. And if, in addition to this, a system of even money in fares were to be adopted it would be a great convenience.

14. *Halts.*—For obvious reasons, there must be halts of longer or shorter duration at certain stations. The complaint has, however, not been uncommon, that passengers of the lower classes cannot leave their carriages until some time after the arrival of the train, and that the object of the halt is thus frustrated. Nor do passengers always know where halts occur, or when they have reached the stations where there are halts. Any information on this head, printed in the vernacular, and exhibited in the lower class carriages, would be of great convenience to the passengers, and the doors of carriages should be unlocked immediately on arrival at stations.

15. *Checking tickets.*—A similar difficulty often arises from the time occupied in checking the tickets of the lower classes of passengers at changing stations; and when, as in India, no means have been adopted for checking tickets when the train is in motion, the promptest measures should clearly be taken for doing this as soon as it stops.

16. *Control and direction of crowds of native passengers.*—It is even still not an uncommon thing to see on a platform a crowd of native passengers knowing neither which way to go, nor what to do to find their train. And they are often equally ignorant as regards the locality of conveniences at stations. The Government of India are quite aware how difficult it is for Railway Companies to control and direct such crowds, but the subject is one to which attention may usefully be invited.

17. *Refreshments at Stations.*—The most essential refreshment in India is certainly water, and Companies have done much in providing this at stations. At the principal stations they have also made arrangements for the sale of food to native passengers. Whether the system, often adopted, of exacting a payment for this privilege of selling sweetmeats and fruit on the platforms is not attended with disadvantage requires consideration. Complaints are still heard in respect of this matter, and if control could otherwise be exercised without any exaction of money, such an arrangement would probably be an improvement. It should also be considered whether suitable refreshment rooms cannot be provided for native passengers, for whom simple food is as much needed as for Europeans. It is not sufficient to say that for that class of native travellers the regular 1st and 2nd class refreshment rooms are available.

18. *Latrines and Urinaries at Stations.*—The necessity of providing them has been so fully recognized that there can be few places which are not now properly supplied.

19. *Cleanliness and Lighting.*—The want of cleanliness in stations is frequently a matter of report, though less so than formerly; but there is still room for improvement. Deficient lighting, especially of latrines and urinaries, is common even on much frequented lines of railway the replacement of broken glasses being often neglected, with the result that though there may be saving in glasses, there is extravagance in oil, and imperfect lighting. Both are matters which should not be overlooked.

20. *Planting trees.*—One of the greatest recent improvements has been the planting of trees in the neighbourhood of stations. Had the advantage of this been perceived in the first instance, native passengers would in many instances have now had shade to sit in where they have none. The Government of India commend this subject to all railways. A vast improvement has also been made in the planting of creepers and shrubs at stations, at the expense of companies. Nor do the Government of India regard this beautification of stations, as of importance chiefly to travellers. It must be a source of considerable pleasure to the companies' servants, and companies have, in the opinion of the Government of India, done wisely, in providing, at what is to them an insignificant expense, a simple means of enjoyment, and an incentive to pride in the stations under their servants' charge.

21. *Locking of carriage doors.*—Some discussion has recently taken place on this subject, and it has been asserted that locking both doors is a protection to passengers. But in this view the Government of India cannot agree. One door, at most, should at any time be locked.

22. *Through booking.*—Is a convenience which makes railway travelling less irksome, and it might be extended to all classes and obtain more widely than at present, with obvious advantage.

23. *Forced breaks in a journey.*—It has been for some time a question which class of train service is most appreciated by the native community. Whether, for instance, they really are alive to the advantage of rapid travelling, or whether they prefer slow travelling, with long halts for the purpose of cooking their food, and so forth. On some lines the power of testing these preferences for one system or the other is absent, because native passengers are compelled to break their journeys whether they will or no, and in some cases to make a halt for the whole night. The Government of India would prefer to see arrangements which admit of some choice on the part of travellers, and believe that nothing would be lost to Railway Companies if this were done.

24. *Return tickets.*—The issue of return tickets to native passengers of the lower classes as an ordinary arrangement and on holidays is a convenience which the public would certain-

ly appreciate. Objections have been made that this would open the door to fraud, &c., but these objections do not appear to the Government of India to be of great weight, and as a matter of fact the Railway Companies in the Bombay Presidency have tried the arrangement successfully.

25. *Reserved accommodation.*—Is a matter in which greater facilities might also perhaps be given to the passengers by the lower classes.

26. *Improvements in carriages.*—The improvements in carriages have been considerable since railways were first opened in India, and this is especially noticeable on the East Indian Railway which has devoted great attention to the subject. In the first class carriages there is little to be desired, and attention has recently been given to the improvement of the second. The lower classes, known as the intermediate and 3rd class, have also been much improved by giving to each passenger greater room than formerly, and by the introduction of sliding shutters. With the system of cross seats and compartments absolutely separated, it is not an easy matter to provide, for the lower classes, conveniences in trains for the offices of nature, and with the provision already made at stations the necessity is less than it otherwise would be. Still, if by some arrangement conveniences of this sort could be moderately given, there would be advantage. The Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi Railway is about to try the plan. On the Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley Railways on which it is proposed to adopt end entrances to the carriages, refreshment and latrine carriages may with advantage be introduced.

27. *Serais.*—The provision of serais is no part of the business of a Railway Company, but the existence of serais in the neighbourhood of stations is a manifest convenience. This is a question which properly belongs to the civil administration and to private enterprise or munificence, and, probably, in no direction could wealthy members of the community more usefully spend money than in erecting serais near railways, which are now taking the place of the old lines of communication. Railway Companies have already gone far in providing waiting sheds within their premises. For further accommodation beyond this, the general community may fairly be looked to.

28. *Passengers' luggage.*—With regard to passengers of the higher classes, the point which seems to call for reform is the luggage rules. These appear to be needlessly restrictive. The circumstances of Indian travelling are so different from those of Europe that rules which would in the latter case be appropriate are in India, vexatious. For instance, on the East Indian Railway, though a certain amount of free luggage is allowed, a saddle, a basket of fruit, a case of wine or stores, even though within the limit of weight allowed, are proscribed, and must be paid for extra. The rule about the saddle seems singularly out of place in a country when officers on tour ride, and where an officer would often take the train to meet his horse which had been sent on. Nor do the other rules, which might be easily evaded, seem useful or necessary. The rate for luggage is higher than for any class of goods, and a passenger's ticket must be purchased in order that luggage may be carried. It would seem therefore, so long as he carries nothing offensive or dangerous, that a passenger should be almost unrestricted as to the nature of his personal luggage. It would also probably be sound policy to allow native passengers to take a certain weight of baggage with them, no matter whether for sale or not, provided the articles are neither dangerous nor offensive.

29. *Native women.*—It is obvious that if native ladis are to travel by rail, special arrangements of some sort for their convenience must be made. The extent to which these should be carried, is the point upon which difficulty arises, but it is doubtful whether the question generally has been sufficiently considered by Railway Companies.

30. The essentials seem to be—private but not extensive waiting-rooms for that class known as *purdahnasheens*, and accommodation in serais also of a secluded sort. With regard to the means of private ingress and egress to and from trains, the remedy seems to be in the hands of the ladies themselves, by adopting for this purpose the constume commonly worn in Turkey and Egypt, where seclusion of their sex is as general as in India. It is clear that the Railway Companies cannot provide screens across platforms. All private waiting-rooms and also the carriages should be supplied with complete private accommodation; and there should be means by which water and food could be obtained without any intrusion upon the privacy which it is desired to maintain. How far all this could be done it is not possible to say. Whatever is to be done in connexion with serais concerns the Local Governments and Administrations. The other measures should be considered by the Railway authorities, and His Excellency the Governor General in Council has every confidence that they will endeavour to provide as far as possible remedies for existing defects.

ORDER.—Ordered, that copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Madras and Bombay, to the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and British Burmah, to the Resident at Hyderabad, to the Director of State Railways, and to the Consulting Engineers for Guaranteed Railways at Calcutta, Lahore, and Lucknow, for information and guidance.

Also to the Governments and Administration noted in the margin for information.

Bengal.	Punjab.
North-Western Provinces.	Chief Commissioner, Oudh.

Also to the Home Department for publication in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

C. H. DICKENS, *Colonel, R. A.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF FASL KHARIF IN THE PUNJAB UP TO 31st JULY 1875.

CANAL DIVISION.	WATER DISTRIBUTED DURING JULY 1875.				NAVIGATION RETURN CANAL.		LAND IRRIGATED (APPROXIMATE).		RAINFALL.		CHIEF CROPS (APPROXIMATE).		REMARKS.
	DEPTH IN CANAL AT REGULATING GAUGE.		GROSS CONSUMPTION, C. FT. PER SECOND.		PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF TRAFFIC.								
	Full supply.	Actual throughout.	Estimated full supply.	Actual average throughout.	Up.	Down.	ZILLAH.	ACRES.	AVERAGE.	DURING MONTH.	NAME.	AREA IN ACRES.	
BARI DOAB CANAL. 2nd Div. 1st Division ...	4·90	3·70	3073·60	455·45	...	...	Gurdáspur...	12,552	7·78	14·80	Cotton ...	25,884	There is an increase of 19,907 acres in the irrigation on the Bári Doáb Canal as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year.
Main Branch, Lower	4·60	3·33		855·64			Amritsar ...	27,654	...	...	Rice ...	14,305	
Lahore Branch ...	3·00	2·82		540·38			Lahore ...	34,198	6·17	8·90	Sugarcane ...	7,628	
											Others ...	26,687	
TOTAL B. D. CANAL ...	...	...	3073·60	...	...	...	...	70,404	...	...	...	74,404	
CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR ...	...	...	3073·60	...	...	...	...	54,597	...	...	...	54,597	
WESTERN JUMNA CANALS. Karnál Division ...	4·23	4·03	2546·00	396·63	...	257,132 logs, karris, &c., and 24,110 maunds of firewood, &c.	Ambála ...	910	...	...	Cotton ...	63,141	Although there is a large decrease in the Karnal Division mainly due to certain villages having declined to use canal water, the total irrigation on the W. J. Canal is in excess of the corresponding period of the preceding year.
Delhi „ ...	4·40	3·83		707·93			Karnál ...	21,928	8·89	7·22	Rice ...	27,214	
Hansi „ ...	8·80	8·10		782·00			Delhi ...	25,706	...	...	Sugarcane ...	27,321	
„ Bulla Head ...	8·00	7·60		250·00			Rohtak ...	35,639	...	...	Others ...	17,024	
							Hissár ...	30,852	...	...			
							Jhind ...	19,049	...	...			
							Bikáner ...	120	...	...			
							Kalsia State	496	...	...			
TOTAL W. J. CANALS ...	...	...	2546·00	...	...	257,132	...	134,700	...	...	...	134,700	
CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR ...	...	...	2546·00	...	...	255,150	...	123,015	...	...	...	123,015	
INUNDATION CANALS. Upper Satlaj Division ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lahore ...	5,000	...	...	Detail not obtainable for want of establishment.	...	The Superintending Engineer has been requested to report on the decrease of irrigation in the Karnal District and to intimate the reasons alleged by the zemindars who have declined to continue canal irrigation.
Lower Satlaj and Chinab	...	...	...	...	...	...	Montgomery	35,000	3·71	4·76			
Indus Canals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Multán ...	118,445	2·92	1·1			
							Derah Gázi Khán ...	94,197	...	1·57			
TOTAL INUNDATION CANALS ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	252,642	...	...	...	252,642	
CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	375,361	...	...	...	375,361	
DELHI AND GURGÁON WORKS ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Delhi ...	...	...	...	Cotton ...	...	
							Gurgáon ...	...	...	...	Rice ...	...	
							Rohtak ...	...	...	...	Sugarcane ...	...	
											Others ...	...	
TOTAL DELHI AND GURGÁON WORKS ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
PERENNIAL CANALS—													
GRAND TOTAL ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	697	...	...	...	697	
DITTO—CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF LAST YEAR ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	209,104	...	...	...	209,104	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	177,612	...	...	...	177,612	

W. BROADFOOT, *Captain, R. E.,*
Asst. Secy. to Govt., Punjab, P. W. D., Irrign. Branch.

GOVERNMEN

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Prices Current of Food-grains throughou

QUANTITIES PER RUPE

PROVINCES.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar) *Holcus sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra), *Penicillaria spicata.*		
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
MADRAS.	Ganjam ...	14 7	14 7	10 3	...	...	...	17 8	16 2	16 2	22 8	19 6	22 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Vizagapatam ...	16 0	16 0	12 0	...	...	...	12 3	12 3	12 3	13 6	14 1	14 1	21	6 20	5 24	8 31	7 25	7 32
	Godavery ...	12 6	12 6	13 5	...	...	...	18 8	18 8	16 8	20 0	20 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kistna ...	13 2	12 5	11 8	...	...	...	18 6	18 6	16 2	19 6	19 6	17 9	24	0 20	3 25	0 ...	...	...
	Nellore ...	11 2	11 7	13 7	...	...	...	14 3	13 9	15 8	16 0	16 0	18 0	28	1 29	8 24	0 ...	...	...
	Cuddapah ...	11 8	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	14 8	15 •3	12 4	15 8	16 6	13 3	22	0 22	9 20	5 29	0 29	0 26
	Bellary ...	14 4	14 4	14 4	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 4	14 6	14 6	14 0	21	6 20	6 28	8 18	8 20	7 26
	Kurnool ...	14 4	14 4	14 4	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	12 4	15 0	15 0	13 2	21	9 20	9 27	4 ...	...	... 26
	Madras ...	13 3	12 7	14 0	...	...	...	12 9	12 9	11 6	13 5	13 5	12 8	23	1 23	1 19	6 20	5 20	5 21
	Chingleput ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	12 0	15 8	14 3	13 8	...	...	...	20 2	...	...
	North Arcot ...	11 4	11 0	10 2	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	15 0	17 9	17 9	15 4	26	4 27	3 28	6 ...	...	31
	South Arcot ...	9 7	10 5	9 4	...	...	...	15 2	15 2	12 2	15 7	15 7	13 1	...	...	...	20	2 23	9 23 1 25
	Tanjore ...	11 0	11 0	9 9	...	...	...	14 9	14 9	12 0	...	...	...	25	4 25	4 ...	29	0 23	2 21
	Trichinopoly ...	9 9	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	11 9	15 6	15 6	12 3	23	8 25	2 18	2 25	4 24	1 19
	Madura ...	11 3	10 9	10 5	...	...	...	12 2	14 3	10 •1	13 9	16 0	10 6	34	0 30	8 21	9 30	9 29	4 22
	Timevelly ...	8 0	9 3	8 0	...	...	...	10 5	10 5	7 5	12 1	12 1	9 1	...	...	...	18	3 18	2 11
	Coimbatore ...	10 2	10 2	11 7	...	...	...	11 3	11 7	10 1	12 2	13 0	10 6	19	6 22	0 20	4 20	0 22	2 21
	Nilgiris ...	11 4	11 4	8 5	...	...	...	10 4	8 8	8 8	11 2	10 4	9 6	15	4 13	9 15	4 14	0 16	8 16
	Salem ...	13 0	12 6	11 8	...	...	...	13 7	14 0	12 9	14 6	14 9	13 3	28	6 28	6 27	0 26	1 27	0 29
	South Canara ...	12 0	10 2	8 6	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	9 7	13 7	14 2	12 2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Malabar ...	10 1	10 1	10 8	...	...	...	12 1	12 1	12 5	13 0	13 0	13 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
BOMBAY.	Bombay ...	11 9	11 9	12 8	20 2	20 6	17 8	7 12	7 12	8 9	11 2	11 2	12 9	19	6 20	5 23	1 17	2 17	3 18
	Ahmedabad ...	17 0	16 14	14 11	25 0	25 8	20 0	7 4	7 4	7 0	11 0	10 12	11 0	18	0 17	14 19	0 18	4 17	12 23
	Kaira ...	13 15	14 9	13 3	26 11	26 11	32 0	8 14	8 14	8 11	12 5	12 5	12 9	17	2 16	0 22	9 16	13 16	13 22
	Surat ...	12 5	12 5	13 6	13 6	13 6	7 6	7 6	7 6	7 6	8 3	8 3	8 3	11	4 16	6 16	6 18	8 14	1 14 1 18
	Broach ...	14 0	14 0	14 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 8	11 0	11 0	12 0	18	0 18	0 21	5 15	0 16	0 20
	Tanna ...	11 0	11 0	12 0	15 0	15 0	13 0	7 8	7 8	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	16	0 16	0 17	0 16	0 15	0 17
	Kolaba ...	11 5	11 5	11 6	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	7 10	11 6	11 6	11 6	19	0 19	0 ...	...	...	...
	Khandesh (Dhulia) ...	15 12	15 12	20 •6	...	...	...	8 7	8 7	8 11	11 4	11 4	10 1	28	12 28	12 33	1 25	2 22	1 24
	Nasik ...	15 11	15 12	18 9	8 1	8 1	...	5 15	5 15	6 0	11 14	11 14	13 1	...	22	6 28	4 19	12 21	3 26
	Ahmadnagar ...	16 15	15 15	22 6	...	...	...	9 13	8 13	9 4	10 9	9 9	9 0	32	5 31	1 48	4 27	1 26	5 34
	Poona ...	13 13	13 13	16 9	10 3	10 3	...	10 7	10 7	10 3	11 10	11 10	11 4	27	3 27	3 33	9 20	11 20	11 34
	Sholapur ...	...	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	13 5	...	...	15 3	...	...	... 27	8 ...	...	28	7 ...
	Kaladgi ...	20 3	20 3	20 0	...	...	...	12 12	12 3	10 8	14 0	12 15	11 0	24	9 24	9 30	0 23	12 25	12 28
	Satara ...	14 11	16 0	19 1	...	...	22 3	8 14	8 14	11 1	10 11	10 11	13 11	21	4 21	4 37	11 19	6 20	1 35
	Belgaum ...	16 8	17 5	15 8	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 8	16 0	16 0	17	8 18	5 24	0 19	0 19	1 29
	Dharwar ...	22 10	24 0	22 1	...	...	...	12 0	12 13	12 4	20 0	19 12	16 1	24	2 24	3 27	0 22	4 24	3 25
	Ratnagiri ...	7 12	6 7	7 11	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	12 14	12 15	12 15	14 4	...	...	15 0	15	9 15	9 16
	Kanara (Karwar) ...	13 0	13 0	11 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	12 0	11 0	14 0	14	0 14	8 ...	13	0 13	0 23
	Panch Mahals (Godhra) ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	13 0	13 0	12 0	25	0 25	0 29	0 19	0 19	0 25
	Aden ...	9 5	9 5	9 5	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	7 6	14	14 14	14 14	0 12	7 12	7 11
	Asirgarh ...	16 0	16 4	...	...	...	...	11 0	10 8	...	12 0	12 0	...	28	0 26	0 ...	26	8 26	0 ...
	Baroda ...	12 0	12 0	...	17 11	17 12	...	7 4	7 12	...	9 2	9 11	...	18	18 19	3 ...	15	4 16	0 ...
	Disa ...	19 4	19 4	18 1	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	7 0	9 8	9 8	7 11	26	8 29	0 22	1 31	4 31	4 28
	Nimach ...	...	13 12	...	...	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	...	...	15 12	...	...	15	0 ...
	Nasirabad ...	16 3	16 12	16 2	22 10	22 14	21 6	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	21	12 22	14 20	0 19	7 20	5 14
	Rajkot ...	14 4	15 4	15 0	...	...	...	5 0	5 0	5 0	8 4	10 0	11 0	17	0 19	0 ...	...	...	...
	Upper Sind Frontier ...	21 8	21 8	18 0	23 0	23 0	17 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 8	13 8	16 0	27	0 27	0 24	0 20	0 20	0 16
	Karachi ...	13 10	14 5	13 5	26 0	26 0	18 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	16	0 17	0 22	0 17	0 18	0 15
	Haidarabad ...	No return received			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shikarpur ...	16 0	18 0	16 0	21 8	21 4	21 4	9 0	9 0	10 0	13 4	12 0	14 8	20	0 22	0 20	0 22	14 23	0 22
	Thur and Parkur ...	20 8	20 12	14 8	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	30	0 20	0 ...	19	0 19	0 18
BENGAL.	*Western Districts.*																		
	Burdwan ...	17 8	17 0	12 8	18 8	18 0	15 0	16 8	15 8	11 4	17 8	17 0	11 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bancoorah ...	17 12	17 12	13 8	22 8	22 8	20 0	16 0	15 8	10 12	17 8	17 8	12 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Beerbhoom ...	21 0	21 0	12 0	20 0	22 0	15 0	16 8	17 0	9 8	20 0	21 0	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Midnapore ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hooghly ...	15 0	15 0	12 8	25 0 to 32 0	26 0 to 32 0	16 0 to 19 0	9 0	9 0	9 0 and 9 8	17 8 to 18 0	16 0	12 0 to 12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Howrah ...	17 0	17 0	13 0	...	...	...	12 8	12 4	10 8	15 0	16 0	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Central Districts.																		
	Calcutta ...	16 0	15 4	13 0	33 0	33 0	16 0	9 0	9 0	7 4	13 0	13 0	11 0	22	0 22	0 14	0 ...	...	...
	24-Pergunnahs ...	16 0 to 19 0	16 0 to 19 0	10 8 to 12 8	22 8 to 35 8	22 8 to 35 8	32 0 to 35 8	8 0	...	8 4	13 12	13 12	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nudden ...	18 5	16 13	12 9	2 0	32 0	20 0	13 5	13 5	10 0	16 13	16 0	10 11	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jessore ...	18 0	18 4	14 8	...	...	...	13 0	14 0	10 10	20 0	18 0	12 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Moorshedabad ...	20 0	20 0	14 0	38 0 to 40 0	38 0 to 40 0	16 0 to 19 0	13 0	12 0 to 13 0	9 0	20 0	16 0	12 0	...	...	...	31 0	38 0	0

a In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 13 to 21 seers, barley 32 to 40 seers, best rice 13 to 19 seers, common rice 15 to 23-8 seers, and gram 22 to 26 seers, per rupee.
b In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 17 to 19 seers, barley 18 to 40 seers, best rice 13 to 17 seers, common rice 16 to 18 seers, maize 19 to 32 seers, and gram 2 seers, per rupee.
c In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 24-12 seers, barley 20 seers, best rice 16 to 21 seers, common rice 18 to 24 seers, and gram 20 to 24-4 seers, per rupee.
d Aous rice at 20 seers per rupee.

OF INDIA.

AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

India for the 1st half of September 1875.

IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kavaru, Veragu, Sawee Cheena, Corsaico, Murhwa, Nagkoni, Panseem, milettorum, &c.			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Districts.	Provinces.	Remarks.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
38 1	29 3	35 2	23 3	26 6	40 0	388 8	486 0	323 7	13 8	13 8	13 8	Ganjam ...	Madras.	
36 3	26 3	28 3	24 6	23 4	39 8	145 8	170 1	97 2	14 0	14 0	14 0	Vizagapatam ...		
36 4	34 6	30 9	27 3	27 3	42 0	243 0	243 0	161 3	18 7	18 7	18 7	Godavery ...		
32 3	32 3	35 3	21 8	21 8	31 6	129 3	129 3	129 3	17 5	17 5	18 4	Kistna ...		
28 2	31 8	28 2	22 0	22 6	24 4	65 3	69 1	77 3	17 0	17 0	17 0	Nellore ...		
27 7	28 5	27 0	24 9	24 9	23 2	243 0	243 0	243 0	16 2	16 2	16 2	Cuddapah ...		
25 2	26 2	37 8	25 8	24 6	32 4	97 2	97 2	97 2	16 1	16 1	16 1	Bellary ...		
30 6	29 6	29 8	23 2	22 5	27 7	202 2	194 4	161 8	14 8	14 8	14 8	Kurnool ...		
23 3	23 3	22 9	18 6	19 0	21 3	93 5	93 5	89 9	18 2	18 2	18 2	Madras ...		
24 0	23 3	23 3	19 5	19 1	21 8	102 1	97 2	102 1	18 6	18 6	18 6	Chingleput ...		
28 2	28 2	29 1	22 6	22 6	17 1	187 1	187 1	187 1	16 4	16 4	15 4	North Arcot ...		
35 4	24 6	25 4	20 6	21 5	19 2	235 7	235 7	257 6	17 1	18 4	19 8	South Arcot ...		
30 2	27 0	23 4	21 9	21 0	17 5	194 4	194 4	194 4	17 5	16 6	16 6	Tanjore ...		
27 5	27 5	21 0	23 1	24 6	18 5	157 9	157 9	157 9	15 4	15 4	15 4	Trichinopoly ...		
35 6	31 0	21 7	24 9	25 8	16 9	132 2	133 2	123 9	17 8	15 0	16 8	Madura ...		
20 5	20 5	16 4	15 6	15 6	14 0	76 8	76 8	66 6	15 5	15 5	15 5	Tinnevelly ...		
20 6	23 5	25 0	25 5	27 2	17 0	121 5	121 5	121 5	12 5	12 5	13 3	Coimbatore ...		
15 8	16 6	15 8	14 9	16 6	13 3	121 5	121 5	121 5	11 0	12 0	9 2	Nilgiris ...		
27 0	28 5	30 0	24 1	25 8	19 8	155 5	160 4	150 7	18 3	18 3	14 6	Salem ...		
21 2	22 0	21 1	17 2	16 2	14 1	85 0	72 9	72 9	14 0	14 0	16 0	South Canara ...		
20 4	20 1	20 4	21 0	21 0	16 8	97 2	97 2	97 2	14 4	14 4	17 1	Malabar ...		
14 1	14 1	10 14	18 10	18 10	14 9	68 4	68 4	75 0	14 2	14 2	14 1	Bombay ...	Bombay.	
...	...	...	21 8	21 8	18 8	80 0	80 0	100 0	18 0	18 0	18 0	Ahmedabad ...		
...	...	...	16 13	16 13	14 6	80 0	80 0	80 0	16 13	16 13	16 9	Kaira ...		
...	...	...	14 13	14 13	12 4	92 8	92 8	101 11	14 13	14 13	13 6	Surat ...		
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	Broach ...		
17 0	17 0	17 0	15 0	15 0	13 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	14 0	14 0	15 0	Tanna ...		
...	...	...	15 3	15 0	13 0	130 0	130 0	140 0	15 3	15 3	13 1	Kolaba ...		
...	...	...	17 14	17 7	17 13	150 0	150 0	150 0	13 14	13 6	12 1	Khandesh (Dhulia) ...		
27 9	32 3	32 8	19 2	19 14	17 3	106 10	106 10	107 8	12 12	12 12	14 8	Nasik ...		
...	...	...	24 4½	24 15½	22 6	106 10	106 10½	100 0	12 1½	12 1½	13 6	Ahmadnagar ...		
...	...	...	19 9	19 9	18 0	76 0	76 0	80 0	13 6	13 6	13 9	Poona ...		
...	...	...	...	23 12	...	...	120 0	...	...	13 8	...	Sholapur ...		
...	...	...	18 8	18 8	14 0	140 0	140 0	66 1	11 13	12 15	13 0	Kaladgi ...		
...	...	37 4	20 13	22 1	19 4	129 7	129 7	158 1	13 1	13 1	15 1	Satara ...		
27 0	26 5	28 0	18 8	17 3	15 0	145 0	145 0	150 0	15 0	15 0	16 0	Belgaum ...		
28 0	28 0	32 0	19 3	19 1	14 0	92 12	92 12	92 11	16 4	16 0	16 0	Dharwar ...		
23 6	23 6	26 0	15 0	16 6	12 4	10 Bdls.	10 Bdls.	10 Bdls.	18 4	18 4	13 0	Ratnagiri ...		
...	...	26 0	...	11 0	12 0	213 0	213 0	213 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	Kanara (Karwar) ...		
36 0	36 0	36 0	30 0	30 0	22 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	Panch Mahals (Godhra) ...		
...	...	...	9 5	9 5	9 5	60 4	60 4	71 3	32 0	32 0	32 0	Aden ...		
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	...	160 0	160 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	Mergarh ...		
...	...	...	15 7	16 5	...	91 8	84 4	...	15 7	15 8	...	Baroda ...		
...	...	...	23 8	24 4	20 3	150 0	150 0	150 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	Disa ...		
...	...	...	...	17 0	...	...	140 0	...	...	30 0	...	Nimach ...		
...	...	...	21 2½	22 7½	21 6½	100 0	100 0	200 0	45 0	45 0	40 0	Nasirabad ...		
...	...	...	12 12	15 0	11 9	40 0	40 0	40 0	64 0	62 0	32 0	Rajkot ...		
16 0	16 0	16 0	23 0	23 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	Upper Sind Frontier ...		
9 0	9 0	9 0	18 0	19 0	17 0	108 0	106 0	126 0	63 0	61 0	62 0	Karachi ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Haidarabad ...		
27 0	27 0	27 0	17 4	23 0	18 0	320 0	320 0	240 0	32 0	38 0	27 0	Shikarpur ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	120 0	120 0	120 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	Thur and Parkur ...		
												Western Districts.	Bengal.	
...	...	...	21 12	22 0	16 0	180 0	180 0	100 0	9 4	9 4	9 0	Burdwan ...		
...	...	...	19 8	19 8	14 8	330 0	320 0	440 0	8 10	8 10	8 0	Bancoorah ...		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	14 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	8 4	8 6	8 4	Beerbhoom ...		
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	12 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	Midnapore ...		
...	...	...	20 0 to 23 0	20 0 to 23 0	14 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	Hoogkly ...		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	Howrah ...		
												Central Districts.		
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	100 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Calcutta ...		
...	...	...	18 12	18 12	13 5	100 0	100 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	24-Pergunnahs ...		
...	...	...	26 5	26 5	16 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	9 2½	8 14	8 10½	Nuddea ...		
...	...	...	21 0	22 0	14 8	140 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Jessore ...		
...	...	...	28 0	28 0 to 30 0	16 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	Moorshedabad ...		

* In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 14 to 20 seers, best rice 9 to 14-8 seers, common rice 15 to 19 seers, and gram 16 to 24-8 seers, per rupee.
† In the interior only.
‡ In the interior prices range as follow :—Best rice 6-8 to 9 seers, common rice 13 to 17-8 seers, and gram 20 to 24-12 seers, per rupee.
§ In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 6 to 20 seers, best rice 13 to 16 seers, common rice 15 to 23 seers, and gram 11 to 23 seers, per rupee.
‖ In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 22 seers, best rice 13 to 21 seers, common rice 19 to 24-8 seers, and gram 25 to 28 seers, per rupee.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

PROVINCE.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE																													
		Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Little Millet (Kodo) *Paspalum Scrobiculatum.*			Maize (Indian Corn) *Zea Mays.*			Common Millet (Kakun) *Panicum Italicum.*			Common Millet (Sawan) *Panicum Miliare.*		
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.
	Central Districts—contd.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
	Dinagepore ...	18 8	18 8	12 0	18 8	18 8	11 0	19 0	19 0	10 0	24 0	24 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Maldah ...	23 0	22 8	15 0	50 0	45 0	17 0	22 0	20 8	11 8	23 0	21 0	15 0 to 16 0	...	...	...	30 0	30 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rajshahye ...	18 0	18 0 to 18 12	13 8	33 12	37 8	18 0	15 0 to 16 0	8 0	13 8 to 18 12	19 4 to 24 0	20 0 to 21 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rungpore ...	18 0	20 0	15 0	...	...	...	11 4	11 4	6 6	20 0	22 8	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bograh ...	15 0	15 0	12 0	...	9 8	...	10 8	9 12	6 0	24 0	21 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Pubna ...	20 0	20 0	14 4	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	8 0	22 8	20 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Darjeeling ...	8 0	8 0	6 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	13 0	12 0	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpáiguri ...	12 3	13 3	9 0	...	...	...	14 0	12 0	8 0	25 0	20 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Eastern Districts.																														
	Dacca ...	15 8	16 0	12 0	32 0	32 0	16 0	17 0	16 0	10 8	20 0	20 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Furreedpore ...	20 0	20 0	14 0	25 0	25 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	18 0	18 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 8	15 0	12 0	17 0	17 8	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mymensing ...	13 8	13 8	10 8	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	9 0	19 0	19 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tipperah ...	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	15 0	17 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong ...	12 0	12 0	9 0	...	...	...	14 0	13 0	11 0	18 0	17 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Noakhally ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 8	9 0	16 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	10 0	14 8	14 8	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah ...	8 0	8 0	8 0	...	...	...	13 3	13 3	10 0	16 0	15 0	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Behar.																														
	Patna ...	25 0	24 0	17 0	35 0	34 0	22 0	11 0	11 0	12 0	22 0	24 0	14 0	30 0	24 0	23 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gya ...	25 8	25 0	18 8	36 8	37 0	17 0	11 8	11 8	8 8	23 0	22 8	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shahabad ...	19 0 to 20 0	20 8	14 0	30 0	30 0	18 0	16 8	15 8 to 17 0	12 0	18 0 to 19 0	18 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Durbhunga ...	19 4	19 4	13 0	20 4	28 9	14 0	16 8	16 0	10 12	17 9	17 8	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mozufferpore ...	19 0	20 0	13 8	36 4	30 0	18 0	10 0	10 0	6 0	16 0	15 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sarun ...	21 0	21 0	16 0	36 0	33 0	21 0	9 8	9 0	7 4	21 0	21 0	13 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chumparun ...	22 0	23 0	11 8	34 0	33 8	18 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	19 0	16 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Monghyr ...	18 9	18 9	15 7	33 6	33 6	22 5	14 7	14 7	8 4	17 3	16 8	11 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bhaugulpore ...	18 15	17 0	15 15	40 6	24 0	22 11	17 11	16 7	11 6	20 3	18 15	17 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Purneah ...	25 0	25 0	15 0	...	...	...	15 0	16 7	12 8	20 0	20 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...	18 0	18 0	12 0	24 0	24 0	...	16 0	16 0	9 0	19 0	19 0	10 0	...	...	...	40 0	32 8 to 52 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Orissa.																														
	Cuttack ...	18 6	19 0	17 1	...	...	...	14 7	15 12	18 6	19 11	19 11	22 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Pooree ...	15 12	15 0	13 2	...	...	...	15 12	15 12	17 1	24 15	23 10	23 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Balasore ...	17 0	17 0	11 8	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	26 0	25 0	22 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chota Nagpore—South-West Frontier Agency.																														
	Hazáribágh ...	20 0	19 0	11 0	30 0	25 to 30	14 to 16	12 0	12 0	9 0	19 0	18 12	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lohardugga ...	19 0	20 0	13 0	...	28 0	21 0	18 0	18 0	18 0	22 0	22 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Singbhoom ...	18 0	18 0	11 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	24 0	24 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Manbhoom ...	16 0	16 8	11 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	14 0	9 0	20 0	20 0	14 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sylhet ...	13 0	14 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	9 0	12 4	12 4	10 14	14 0	15 12	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Cachar ...	12 4	12 4	9 2	...	...	...	11 6	12 4	11 6	14 8	16 0	13 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Goálpára ...	22 0	21 0	13 0	...	...	...	14 0	13 5	10 0	22 0	22 0	17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gáro Hills ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 0	14 0	14 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kámrúp ...	20 0	20 0	13 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 0	16 0	15 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Darrang ...	8 0	8 0	8 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 0	11 8	11 8	9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nowgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	6 8	11 0	11 0	9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sibságar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	6 0	5 8	12 0	14 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lakhimpur ...	8 0	8 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	12 0	10 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Khásí & Jaintiá Hills ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	6 0	9 0	8 8	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nága Hills ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 0	4 0	4 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dehra Dún ...	20 0	20 0	19 8	34 0	34 0	28 0	12 8	12 8	11 0	16 0	15 0	15 0	20 0	20 0	...	24 0	24 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Saháranpur ...	22 10	22 10	23 4	34 7	33 6	32 5	9 11	8 10	8 10	13 9	12 6	13 7	29 2	32 5	32 5	25 14	23 11	26 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muzaffarnagar ...	23 2	22 0	24 8	38 8	38 8	36 5	6 1	6 1	6 1	14 5	14 5	12 2	30 13	30 13	22 0	17 10	17 10	17 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Meerut ...	21 3	21 1	21 8	29 0	30 0	28 7	6 8	6 8	7 0	15 8	15 0	12 0	26 0	26 0	25 0	25 0	25 0	19 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bulandshahr ...	21 8	22 8	22 8	29 0	29 0	34 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	14 0	13 0	11 0	24 0	23 0	18 0	27 0	27 0	16 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aligarh ...	24 0	23 8	21 0	33 0	32 8	28 0	7 0	7 0	6 8	16 8	16 0	11 0	21 0	21 0	20 0	19 8	19 0	16 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kumaun ...	13 8	13 0	13 0	17 0	16 0	16 0	9 0	8 0	7 0	10 8	10 0	9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

i In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 seers, best rice 30 seers, common rice 32 seers, and gram 25 seers per rupee.
k In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 24-10 to 27 seers, best rice 13-5 to 18 seers, common rice 20 to 25-6 seers, and gram 8 to 18 seers per rupee.
l In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 8 to 14 seers, best rice 8 to 14 seers, common rice 10 to 22 seers, lesser millet 16 seers, maize 20 to 40 seers, and gram 9 to 16 seers per rupee.
m In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 10 to 13 seers, best rice 10 to 20 seers, common rice 16 to 23 seers, and gram 8 to 13-3 seers per rupee.
o In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 26 seers, barley 40 seers, best rice 9 seers, common rice 18 to 19-8 seers, and gram 16 seers per rupee.
p In the interior prices range as follow :—Best rice 14 to 16 seers, common rice 14-8 to 18 seers, paddy 30 to 32 seers, and gram 12 to 17 seers per rupee.
q In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 17-5 to 20 seers, best rice 11 to 16 seers, common rice 17-12 to 22 seers, and gram 14-7 to 17-12 seers per rupee.
r In the interior prices range as follow :—Best rice 16 to 19 seers, and common rice 17 to 21 seers, per rupee.
s In the interior prices range as follow :—Best rice 13 to 18 seers, common rice 17 to 21 seers, per rupee.
t In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 24-8 to 30 seers, barley 35 to 44 seers, best rice 10-8 seers, common rice 21 to 27 seers, lesser millet 45 to 60 seers, maize 32-8 to seers and gram 26 to 30-4 seers, per rupee.

India for the 1st half of September 1875 —continued.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kuvaru, Veragu, Sawee, Cheena, Corsico, Murhwa, Nagiee) Panicum, Miliaceum, &c.			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			DISTRICTS.	PROVINCES.	REMARKS.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
Ch. S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
... ...	21 0	21 0	13 8	180 0	180 0	170 0	8 0	8 0	7 12	*Central Districts*—contd. Dinagepore ...	Bengal—*continued.*	
... ...	25 0	25 0	16 0	150 0	150 0	120 0	8 4	8 0	7 8	Maldah ...		
... ...	15 0 to 25 5	26 4	16 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	8 2½	8 2½	7 11½	Rajshahye ...		
0 55 0 ...	12 12	12 12½	15 0	107 0	107 0	107 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Rungpore ...		
... ...	15 12	15 12	12 0	67 8	67 8	67 8	8 4	7 4	7 8	Bograh ...		
... ...	23 8	22 8	15 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	Pubna ...		
0 8 0 8 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	Darjeeling ...		
... ...	13 3	13 3	10 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 6	6 6	6 0	Jalpáiguri ...		
										Eastern Districts.		
... ...	20 0	20 0	13 8	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 14	8 14	8 0	Dacca ...		
... ...	15 0	15 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	Furreedpore ...		
... ...	19 0	18 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	Backergunge ...		
... ...	18 0	18 0	12 0	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	8 0	Mymensing ...		
... ...	16 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	8 0	Tipperah ...		
... ...	16 0	16 0	12 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 12	8 8	7 4	Chittagong ...		
... ...	12 0	11 0	10 0	280 0	280 0	280 0	8 0	7 0	7 8	Noakhally ...		
... ...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	280 0	7 4	7 4	6 6	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...		
... ...	10 6	10 6	10 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hill Tipperah ...		
									*	*Behar.*		
... ...	30 0	30 0	22 0	140 0	140 0	150 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Patna ...		
8 ... 20 0	26 8	26 8	15 0	160 0	180 0	180 0	8 4	8 4	7 0	Gya ...		
0 ... 20 0 to 24 0	30 0	30 0	19 0	120 0	120 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 0	Shahabad ...		
12 26 6 25 0	...	26 6	18 0	120 0	170 0	120 0	7 2	7 2	7 8	Durbhunga ...		
0 ... 21 4	25 0	25 0	18 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	7 4	7 8	7 0	Mozufferpore ...		
0 31 0 22 0	31 0	30 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 4	8 0	7 8	Sarun ...		
0 34 0 28 0	25 0	25 0	16 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 0	7 0	Chumparun ...		
... ...	28 3	26 7	21 0	147 0	147 0	126 0	8 4	7 8	7 3	Monghyr ...		
0 28 0 20 0 to 30 0 25 0	27 12	26 8	20 3	151 8	151 8	164 2	8 3	8 3	7 9	Bhaugulpore ...		
... ...	23 0	22 0	16 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	6 8	Purneah ...		
0 40 0 ...	19 0	19 0	16 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...		
										Orissa.		
11 21 0 21 0	16 6	16 11	23 10	200 0	200 0	200 0	13 0	11 0	10 10	Cuttack ...		
... ...	13 2	13 2	21 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	Pooree ...		
... ...	13 0	13 0	11 8	140 0	140 0	280 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	Balasore ...		
										Chota Nagpore—South-West Frontier Agency.		
0 36 0 30 0	21 0	21 0	14 0	240 0	240 0	200 0	7 8	7 8	6 12	Hazáribágh ...		
0 40 0 32 0	20 0	22 0	17 0	180 0	180 0	160 0	6 8	6 8	6 0	Lohardugga ...		
... ...	16 0	16 0	12 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 0	6 0	5 8	Singbhoom ...		
... ...	16 0	17 0	12 0	260 0	250 0	220 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Maunbhoom ...		
... ...	16 0	16 0	13 0	107 0	107 0	107 0	8 12	8 12	8 0	Sylhet ...	Assam.	
... ...	14 8	13 5	12 4	64 0	64 0	64 0	7 9	8 0	7 4	Cachar ...		
... ...	14 0	14 0	10 0	110 0	110 0	128 0	8 8	8 8	8 0	Goálpárá ...		
... ...	9 0	9 0	8 0				5 5	5 5	5 4	Gáro Hills ...		
... ...	13 0	12 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	Kámrúp ...		
... ...	6 6	6 6	6 3	160 0	160 0	160 0	5 8	5 8	6 8	Darrang ...		
... ...	8 0	8 0	6 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	6 8	Nowgong ...		
... ...	9 a0	9 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	6 0	6 0	5 8	Sibságar ...		
... ...	11 8	10 0	8 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 0	6 0	5 0	Lakhimpur ...		
... ...	6 8	6 8	8 0	120 0	120 0	160 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	Khási and Jaintiá Hills ...		
... ...	4 0	4 0	5 0	50 0	50 0	40 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	Nága Hills ...		
... ...	21 0	23 0	22 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Dehra Dún ...	N.-W. Provinces.	
... ...	28 0	28 8	32 5	129 0	104 0	104 0	8 5	8 5	7 15	Saháranpur ...		
... ...	26 3	26 3	30 13	132 0	132 0	110 0	...	...	...	Muzaffarnagar ...		
... ...	25 12	26 2	26 8	110 0	110 0	110 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	Meerut ...		
... ...	27 4	27 0	27 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	10 4	10 4	9 8	Bulandshahr ...		
... ...	30 0	30 0	27 0	140 0	140 0	120 0	10 4	10 0	9 8	Aligarh ...		
... ...	16 0	13 8	13 0	160 0	160 0	180 0	6 0	6 0	5 8	Kumaun ...		

f In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 24 to 24-8 seers, barley 34 to 40 seers, best rice 13 seers, common rice 20 to 21 seers, and gram 29 to 30 seers, per rupee.

g In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 23 seers, barley 16 to 37-8 seers, best rice 13 to 17 seers, common rice 15 to 21 seers, lesser millet 21 to 32 seers, maize 21 to 30 seers, and gram 20 to 30 seers, per rupee.

v In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 25 seers, barley 25 to 34 seers, best rice 12 to 17 seers, common rice 17 to 25 seers, lesser millet 15 to 30 seers, maize 24 to 40 seers, and gram 21 to 25 seers per rupee.

w In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 24 to 25 seers, barley 26 to 32 seers, best rice 18 to 19 seers, common rice 20 to 23 seers, maize 30 seers, and gram 18 to 24 seers per rupee.

x In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 24 seers, barley 40 to 60 seers, best rice 17 to 26 seers, common rice 18 to 28 seers, maize 40 to 50 seers, and gram 16 to 30 seers per rupee.

y In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 15 to 18 seers, best rice 16 to 20 seers, common rice 19 to 23 seers, and gram 13 to 18 seers per rupee.

Prices Current of Food-Grains throughout

PROVINCES.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE																											
		Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar), *Holcus sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra), *Penicillaria spicata.*												
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.									
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.									
N.-W. PROVINCES—*contd.*	Garhwál	22 8	22 8	21 0	22 0	24 0	25 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	15 0	14 0	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Bijnor	20 4	20 4	19 11	28 11	28 2	29 13	11 4	11 4	10 2	15 3	15 3	12 15	23 0	22 8	22 8	23 0	22 8	15									
	Moradabad	22 13	21 4	18 12	32 14	32 14	27 8	8 12	8 12	8 2	17 8	16 14	13 12	25 0	25 0	15 0	25 0	25 0	15									
	Budaun	24 0	22 8	17 14	31 12½	31 8	22 8	9 9½	9 9½	9 9½	16 12½	16 12½	15 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	18 0	18 0	17									
	Bareilly	22 3	21 4	18 15	35 0	35 0	23 12	6 9	6 9	6 9	17 8	17 8	12 7	17 8	17 8	23 12	17 8	17 8	16									
	Sháhjahánpur	26 0	25 12	19 4	37 8	37 6	26 8	8 2	7 8	8 0	19 8	18 14	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Tarái Pergunnahs	26 4	25 0	22 0	56 4	50 0	32 0	10 0	10 0	8 12	20 0	20 0	14 8	25 0	25 0	0 ...	25 0	25 0	0									
	Muttra	22 0	20 8	20 0	28 4	26 0	28 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	14 8	14 0	12 8	25 0	24 0	24 0	26 0	28 0	16									
	Agra	20 1	20 2½	17 11½	26 9½	27 3	25 11	6 0	6 0	6 0	11 8	11 8	9 8	25 0	25 0	21 0	24 0	24 0	17									
	Farukhabad	21 0	19 12	16 8	30 0	24 6	20 5	7 0	7 2	7 8	16 8	14 6	11 11	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Mainpuri	22 4	22 4	18 0	27 8	27 4	22 4	6 0	6 0	7 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Etáwah	20 0	20 0	17 8	24 8	25 0	22 0	6 8	7 0	6 8	12 8	13 0	13 8	22 0	22 0	19 0	21 0	22 0	17									
	Etah	23 12	23 8	18 4	30 0	30 0	27 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	16 0	15 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Jalaun	20 0	21 0	18 0	22 0	22 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	14 0	14 0	10 0	23 0	23 0	16 8	22 0	22 0	16									
	Jhánsi	18 12	18 8	19 6	25 8	25 13	23 15	8 0	8 0	9 0	14 0	14 0	12 6	22 0	22 0	17 15	20 8	20 8	15									
	Lalitpur	19 4	19 4	20 12	28 0	29 0	28 0	11 0	11 8	11 0	13 0	13 8	12 0	25 0	25 0	20 0	...	...	...									
	Cawnpore	24 8	25 0	17 12	32 0	32 0	23 0	10 0	9 8	8 0	17 0	15 8	14 0	...	...	...	20 0	23 8	...									
	Fatehpur	23 0	23 12	18 4	29 0	29 0	22 0	9 0	9 0	9 8	20 8	20 8	17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Bánda	21 8	21 12	16 4	23 8	23 8	18 12	8 12	8 12	11 6	17 8	17 8	13 10	22 8	22 8	...	21 0	21 8	...									
	Allahabad	19 8	18 12	15 8	28 0	26 4	19 8	7 8	8 4	7 8	17 0	15 4	12 8	...	20 12	...	26 0	25 8	19									
	Hamirpur	20 8	21 8	16 14	24 12	24 12	19 0	11 0	11 0	7 0	17 0	16 0	11 8	23 0	23 0	17 8	20 8	20 8	15									
	Jaunpur	26 2	25 6	16 15	38 0	36 11	24 0	7 1	8 7	7 1	19 12	19 12	16 15	...	...	...	21 0	21 8	15									
	Gorakhpur	29 12	29 8½	15 5	48 2	45 4½	19 4	16 10	17 8	11 6	22 12	23 10	16 10	1 9	...	28 0	...	...	...									
	Basti	29 6	28 12	15 0	42 8	40 0	20 0	13 12	12 8	8 12	21 4	19 6	11 14	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Azamgarh	24 6	24 6	15 8	34 6	34 0	21 12	11 13	11 13	8 14	19 3	19 3	13 5	...	...	23 9	...	...	...									
	Mirzapur	21 0	19 0	14 8	28 0	26 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	17 0	16 0	11 0	30 0	27 0	20 0	24 0	24 0	18									
	Benares	21 8	20 8	14 11	29 6	27 4	20 8	8 6	8 6	8 6	15 12	14 11	10 8	...	...	...	15 12	...	...									
	Ghazipur	20 9½	20 9½	14 2½	28 5	28 5	19 5	7 1½	7 1½	6 7	18 0	18 0	11 9½	25 12	25 12	19 5	23 3	23 3	16									
PUNJAB.	Delhi	21 0	19 12	21 0	28 0	27 8	32 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	26 0	26 0	25 0	23 0	24 0	22									
	Gurgáon	19 12	19 8	19 8	28 8	28 0	32 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	24 8	23 0	26 0	25 8	25 0	23									
	Karnál	21 0	21 0	23 8	31 0	30 0	34 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	22 0	22 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	13									
	Hissár	21 8	19 0	21 0	32 0	30 0	30 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	30 0	27 0	30 0	30 0	24 0	25									
	Rohtak	21 0	20 0	19 8	28 0	27 0	26 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	24 0	21 0	24 0	22 0	21 0	20									
	Sirsa	22 0	20 8	22 0	35 0	30 0	36 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 8	36 0	27 0	35 0	36 0	27 0	33									
	Umballa	24 0	22 4	24 12	32 0	32 0	30 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 0	29 0	29 0	26 0	16 0	16 0	16									
	Ludhiána	25 8	24 8	27 0	37 0	35 0	38 0	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	10 8	35 0	34 0	30 0	24 0	23 0	20									
	Simlá	18 0	17 0	18 0	21 0	22 0	22 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	16 0	18 0	18									
	Jullundur	24 0	25 0	28 0	36 0	40 0	40 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	32 0	36 0	32 0	20 0	20 0	16									
	Hushiárpúr	24 8	25 0	26 0	35 0	40 0	38 6	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16									
	Kángra	19 0	19 0	21 0	27 0	27 0	29 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Amritsar	23 8	23 8	25 10	31 8	35 8	36 8	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	12 4	24 8	24 8	24 8	24 0	24 0	13									
	Siálkot	21 0	21 8	23 8	32 0	35 0	37 8	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 8	30 0	30 0	21 0	27 0	27 0	21									
	Gurdáspúr	21 0	24 0	28 0	28 0	34 0	40 0	...	...	...	12 0	14 0	14 0	24 0	30 0	30 0	18 0	20 0	20									
	Lahore	22 8	23 8	23 0	32 0	34 0	20 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	10 8	31 0	33 0	28 0	20 0	20 0	20									
	Ferozepore	24 0	24 0	26 0	36 0	36 0	41 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	10 0	34 0	32 0	34 0	24 0	25 0	20									
	Gujránwála	21 0	21 12	24 0	35 0	35 0	42 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	20 0	20 0	20									
	Rawalpindi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Jhelum	28 8	30 0	25 8	32 8	31 0	38 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	8 0	32 0	32 0	18 0	37 0	40 0	17									
	Gujrát	26 0	27 0	26 0	38 0	38 0	38 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	38 0	38 0	24 0	38 0	38 0	26									
	Shahpúr	23 8	25 0	26 8	35 0	38 0	44 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	32 0	32 0	24 0	34 0	34 0	30									
	Mooltan	17 0	18 8	18 8	23 8	25 0	29 0	...	...	...	8 0	10 0	10 0	27 0	29 0	28 0	25 0	27 0	12									
	Jhang	18 8	21 0	22 8	25 0	27 0	35 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	20 0	22 0	20 0	25 0	28 0	20									
	Montgomery	19 0	19 0	20 12	25 0	25 0	28 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Muzaffargarh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Dera Ismail Khán	27 8	28 12	25 0	38 2	45 0	41 1	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	7 8	42 8	50 0	37 8	36 4	42 8	37									
	Dera Ghazi Khán	18 2	21 9	20 0	25 10	28 12	26 9	...	...	...	20 0	20 0	20 0	26 4	29 13	30 0	26 4	30 0	21									
	Bannú	35 10	45 0	45 0	42 8	60 5	60 5	...	...	...	9 1	9 6	10 0	50 0	50 0	42 8	45 0	50 0	39									
	Peshawar	24 11	25 0	23 6	35 12	36 1	41 10	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	28 9	27 5	26 10	31 3	35 1	28									
	Kohát	28 11	30 6	28 11	45 14	45 14	54 13	...	...	...	17 14	17 14	16 9	38 4	37 0	40 13	43 6	43 6	43									
	Hazára	25 0	26 0	22 0	35 0	37 0	34 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	30 0	30 0	24 0	22 0	34 0	20									
OUDH.	Lucknow	24 0	25 0	18 0	30 0	30 0	24 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	18 0	18 0	14 8	32 0	32 0	20 0	24 8	23 8	19									
	Unáo	23 12	23 12	17 0	29 0	29 0	22 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	18 0	18 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	16 0	16 0	15 0	14									
	Bára Banki	25 4	24 0	18 8	36 0	32 0	21 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	24 0	16 0	12 0	44 0	30 0	36 0	16 0	16 0	14									
	Sítápur	29 8	29 0	21 0	40 0	40 0	...	8 8	8 8	9 0	19 0	18 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Hardui	24 0	24 6	18 1	34 0	37 8	26 4	6 9	6 9	6 9	15 0	15 0	12 13	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Kheri	31 8	33 0	21 4	60 0	55 0	36 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	26 12	26 12	16 0	...	...	22 8	29 0	29 0	22									
	Fyzabad	25 9	24 15	18 0	34 1	32 13	22 7	14 1	13 9	9 7	18 13	18 7	12 10	34 15	30 8	22 8	18 11	17 0	16									
	Bihraich	32 0	32 0	18 8	60 0	48 0	25 0	13 0	10 0	9 0	20 0	21 0	12 8	40 0	37 0	20 0	...	...	...									
	Gonda	29 14	30 0	16 14	39 8	39 8	20 12	20 0	20 0	13 0	20 6	20 6	13 4	34 8	34 0	17 12	20 0	18 10	13									
	Rái Bareli	26 12	26 8	19 12	36 0	35 0	25 0	22 8	22 8	14 0	24 0	24 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	16									
	Sultánpur	26 0	25 0	18 4	41 0	35 8	24 0	10 0	10 0	8 8	26 0	22 8	15 8	...	...	22 0	...	...	...									
	Pratábgarh	26 13	27 0	18 9	39 4	37 9	25 7	15 0	20 0	12 12	25 0	23 9	16 12	...	...	...	...	...	...									

dia for the 1st half of September 1875 —continued.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, Bajri, &c. (Kavarn, Verago, Sawe, Cheena, Coraloo, Murhwa, Nagleri, Fax-tress Millaceus, &c.			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Districts.	Provinces.	Remarks.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
			9 0	9 0	10 0	240 0	240 0	200 0	6 4	6 4	6 0	Garhwál	N.-W. Provinces—*contd.*	
...	...	...	24 3	23 10	24 12	90 0	112 8	112 8	...	...	...	Bijnor		
...	...	...	29 1	27 8	22 3	100 0	100 0	100 0	10 2	10 2	9 6	Moradabad		
...	...	...	30 0	28 12½	20 11	192 0	192 0	...	9 0	9 0	8 6½	Budaun		
...	...	...	30 0	28 12	20 15	125 0	125 0	112 8	9 6	9 6	8 12	Bareilly		
...	...	...	31 0	29 4	20 2	155 0	152 8	160 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	Sháhjahánpur		
...	...	...	27 8	26 4	21 4	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 12	8 12	8 0	Taráí Pergunnahs		
...	...	...	26 8	25 8	31 0	80 0	80 0	70 0	10 12	10 12	11 0	Muttra		
...	...	...	24 11½	24 12	26 9½	80 0	80 0	80 0	9 12	9 12	8 8	Agra		
...	...	...	27 8	24 8	19 4	158 2	150 0	158 2	8 14	8 12	8 8	Farukhabad		
...	...	...	24 8	23 12	22 4	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	Mainpuri		
...	...	...	23 8	23 0	21 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 8	9 0	8 8	Etáwah		
...	...	...	26 8	26 0	25 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	Etah		
...	...	...	25 0	25 8	21 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	...	...	...	Jalaun		
...	...	...	20 4	20 4	22 13	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	Jhánsi		
...	...	...	22 0	24 2	26 6	240 0	240 0	240 0	6 12	6 12	6 12	Lalitpur		
...	...	...	30 0	29 0	21 0	150 0	155 0	140 0	9 8	9 8	9 4	Cawnpore		
...	...	...	30 0	30 8	25 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 8	Fatehpur		
...	...	...	28 0	28 4	22 4	163 0	163 0	163 0	11 4	11 4	10 8	Bánda		
...	...	...	27 0	26 0	22 0	100 0	100 0	140 0	8 0	8 4	7 12	Allahabad		
...	...	...	26 4	26 0	20 0	140 0	140 0	120 0	...	...	...	Hamirpur		
...	...	...	33 14	34 9	21 14	197 12	197 12	197 12	8 1	8 1	8 1	Jaunpur		
...	...	...	36 4	36 12	14 14	160 0	160 0	156 0	7 2	7 2	7 2	Gorakhpur		
...	...	...	31 14	31 14	15 10	140 0	140 0	150 0	7 3	6 14	6 14	Basti		
...	...	...	28 0	27 5	17 11	177 0	177 0	177 0	6 14	6 14	6 14	Azamgarh		
...	...	...	25 0	24 0	20 0	90 0	90 0	110 0	7 8	7 8	8 0	Mirzapur		
...	...	...	25 3	24 2	16 12	100 0	100 0	100 0	6 5	6 4	6 4	Benares		
...	...	...	28 5	28 5	19 5	180 4	180 4	154 8	7 6	7 6	7 1½	Ghazípur		
														References.
...	...	...	26 0	24 4	28 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	8 4	8 4	7 8	Delhi	Panjab.	
...	...	...	25 4	25 0	29 12	120 0	120 0	120 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	Gurgáon		*a.* Bájra and Gram falling.
...	...	...	28 0	28 0	23 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 4	Karnál		*b.* Barley, bájra, and jowár falli
...	...	...	32 0	27 0	30 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hissár *a*		*c.* Barley and jowár rising.
...	...	...	26 0	23 0	27 8	120 0	140 0	120 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	Rohtak		*d.* Barley rising. "
...	...	...	34 0	31 0	37 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	40 0	40 0	38 0	Sirsa *b*		*e.* Barley, jowár, and gram risi
...	...	...	32 8	32 0	38 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 12	8 0	8 12	Umballa		*f.* Gram rising.
...	...	...	32 0	31 0	37 0	90 0	90 0	120 0	9 8	9 8	9 6	Ludhiána		*g.* Barley, bájra, jowár, and gra rising.
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	22 8	100 0	100 0	120 0	7 12	7 8	7 8	Simlá		*h.* Wheat, barley, bájra, and jow rising.
...	...	...	30 0	31 0	37 0	120 0	110 0	100 0	9 8	9 8	9 4	Jullundur *c*		*i.* Wheat, barley, bájra, and gra rising.
...	...	...	31 0	32 8	34 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	Hushiárpúr *d*		*j.* Bájra rising.
...	...	...	18 0	19 0	25 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	Kángra		
...	...	...	27 4	26 14	36 4	105 0	105 0	105 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	Amritsar		
...	...	...	24 0	26 0	36 0	140 0	130 0	120 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	Siálkot		
...	...	...	32 0	26 0	40 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	8 8	9 0	Gurdáspúr *e*		
...	...	...	26 0	26 8	26 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	Lahore		
...	...	...	34 8	33 8	40 0	140 0	140 0	120 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	Ferozepore		
...	...	...	27 0	28 0	42 0	110 0	110 0	100 0	10 4	10 0	10 0	Gujránwála		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ráwalpindi†		
...	...	...	24 8	26 8	33 0	140 0	140 0	100 0	11 8	11 0	11 0	Jhelum		
...	...	...	24 0	28 0	37 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	10 10	10 8	10 12	Gujrát *f*		
...	...	...	28 0	32 0	40 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	11 8	11 8	11 8	Shahpúr *f*		
...	...	...	20 0	24 8	25 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	10 12	10 12	10 12	Mooltan *f*		
...	...	...	21 8	22 8	30 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	10 10	10 0	10 8	Jhang		
...	...	...	22 0	24 0	28 0	220 0	220 0	220 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Montgomery		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffargarh†		
...	...	...	32 8	37 8	38 12	112 0	100 0	112 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	Dera Ismail Khán *g*		
...	...	...	25 0	27 1	25 1	150 0	150 0	150 0	31 4	31 4	28 12	Dera Ghazi Khán *h*		
...	...	...	40 10	46 14	42 8	90 8	80 0	80 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	Bannú *i*		
...	...	...	28 9	29 14	33 3	110 0	110 0	110 8	58 8	59 13	55 14	Pesháwar		
...	...	...	30 10	37 0	38 4	153 0	153 0	153 0	102 0	102 0	102 0	Kohát		
...	...	...	25 0	25 8	33 8	140 0	140 0	140 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Hazára *j*		
														* Maize or Indian corn.
														† Return not received.
8 32	0	40 0	28 8	28 8	20 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Lucknow	Oudh.	Peas.
...		28 0	28 0	28 2	21 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 10	8 12	8 4	Unáo		
0 36	0	36 0	31 8	30 0	21 0	160 0	160 0	140 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Bára Banki		Sawán and Murhwa.
0 ...		50 0	33 0	32 0	23 0	180 0	180 0	200 0	8 8	8 3	8 0	Sítápur		Sawán.
...		42 4	30 0	30 0	19 8	192 8	192 8	192 8	8 0	8 0	7 1	Hardui		
0 72	0	70 0	36 4	36 0	22 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	Kheri		Sawán.
2 ...		19 7	30 11	29 7	19 4	140 0	140 0	120 0	8 4	8 4	7 12	Fyzabad		Murhwa.
0 *42	0	22 0	50 0	40 0	18 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Bharaich		† Ditto. * Kodon.
9 39	8	26 15	38 8	37 12	17 9	170 0	170 0	140 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Gonda		Sawán, Kodon, &c.
3 ...		37 8	36 0	36 0	26 8	200 0	200 0	180 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Rái Bareli		Murhwa.
0 40	0	48 0	37 0	35 0	22 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 8	8 8	8 2	Sultánpur		Sawán.
10 38	4	66 0	36 5	35 0	22 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	8 0	8 0	6 11	Pratábgarh		Murhwa.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

PROVINCES.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*		
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur ...	19 8	19 0	24 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 4	13 0	17 8	32 0	32 0	35 0	...	...	...
	Bhandara ...	23 12	23 12	23 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	20 0	20 0	19 0	26 0	36 0	32 0	...	...	...
	Chanda ...	23 6	24 3	25 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 7	17 1	18 4	29 7	30 0	62 5	...	...	...
	Wardha ...	22 0	24 0	25 0	...	...	...	9 0	10 0	9 0	14 0	12 0	13 0	38 0	45 0	47 0	...	...	...
	Balaghat ...	26 0	26 0	22 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	15 0	23 0	22 0	22 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jubbulpore ...	25 0	24 4	21 0	17 0	17 8	15 0	12 0	12 8	12 0	14 0	14 8	14 0	22 0	25 0	17 0	15 0	14 0	10 0
	Saugor ...	20 0	20 0	21 8	...	...	...	8 0	9 0	7 0	13 0	13 0	9 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Damoh ...	23 0	23 12	23 12	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	12 8	18 0	18 0	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Seoni ...	31 0	32 2	27 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	22 0	24 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mandla ...	31 0	32 0	19 0	...	...	...	13 0	15 0	12 0	16 0	18 0	14 0	...	...	25 0	...	...	...
	Betul ...	27 0	26 0	23 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	15 0	15 0	13 0	...	...	24 0	...	...	...
	Chindwara ...	28 0	30 0	26 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	36 0	38 0	40 0	...	...	...
	Hoshangabad ...	18 0	18 0	18 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Narsinghpur ...	21 0	21 0	19 8	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nimar ...	14 1	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	26 6	26 6	...	26 4	26 4	...
	Raipur ...	44 0	44 0	42 0	...	...	...	21 4	22 0	21 4	34 0	34 0	34 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sambalpur ...	24 0	24 0	24 0	...	...	...	24 0	24 0	28 0	26 0	26 0	33 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bilaspur ...	48 0	40 0	40 0	...	...	...	24 0	24 0	28 0	52 0	52 0	48 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Upper Godavery ...	19 0	19 0	16 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	50 0	50 0	56 0	...	...	...
CEDED DISTRICTS.	Secunderabad ...	No return received.																	
	Bolarum ...																		
	Chudderghat ...																		
	Cooraotee ...	21 0	21 0	16 0	15 0	15 0	14 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	48 0	50 0	38 0	25 0	26 0	22 0
	Akola ...	17 0	17 0	17 0	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	37 0	39 0	31 0	26 0	27 0	24 0
	Elichpur ...	21 0	21 0	17 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	42 0	42 0	34 0	30 0	30 0	25 0
	Buldana ...	20 0	20 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 0	40 0	40 0	34 0	36 0	36 0	34 0
	Woon ...	23 0	23 0	18 0	14 0	16 0	12 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 0	12 0	59 0	63 0	54 0	16 0	11 0	15 0
	Bassim ...	23 0	23 5	23 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 5	13 5	13 5	11 5	50 5	51 0	55 0	37 0	37 0	22 0
MYSORE AND COORG.	BANGALORE { Wholesale	12 5	12 7	11 2	13 0	13 2	12 0	11 2	11 5	10 5	14 7	15 0	12 2	25 2	25 2	24 8	2 ...	...	...
	Retail ...	12 0	12 2	10 7	12 5	12 7	11 5	10 7	11 0	10 0	14 2	14 5	12 0	24 2	24 2	23 2	...	...	...
	KOLAR ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	11 3	10 8	10 3	17 4	16 8	15 0	17 8	17 9	15 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	...	...	...	13 0	10 6	10 1	17 2	16 4	14 7	17 5	17 6	15 1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	TÚMKÚR ... { Wholesale	12 5	12 0	12 5	12 5	12 0	12 5	16 0	16 0	14 0	18 0	18 0	15 0	24 0	24 0	24 0	...	...	...
	Retail ...	12 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	11 0	12 0	15 0	15 0	13 0	17 0	17 0	14 0	23 0	23 0	22 0	...	...	...
	MYSORE ... { Wholesale	10 6	10 4	11 0	...	...	...	11 1	11 1	11 4	11 7	11 7	12 5	...	29 7	...	27 2	26 2	24 0
	Retail ...	10 4	10 2	10 4	...	...	...	10 6	10 6	11 2	11 4	11 4	12 3	...	29 3	...	26 2	25 6	23 0
	HASSAN ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	10 5	11 5	12 2	12 5	12 0	12 5	12 5	14 2	13 2	14 7	14 7	14 2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	SHIMOGA ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	12 5	12 5	11 0	13 5	13 5	12 0	11 5	11 5	13 0	16 7	16 7	17 0	25 2	25 2	33 0	...	...	...
	KADUR ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	12 0	12 0	10 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 5	14 0	14 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CHITALDROOG { Wholesale	14 8	16 4	12 6	17 0	17 1	15 0	13 8	14 1	...	15 8	16 7	...	29 2	30 1	43 0	28 5	29 8	32 0
	Retail ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	12 0	12 0	13 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	26 0	26 0	35 0	24 0	24 0	30 0
	COORG ... { Wholesale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Retail ...	8 0	7 9	8 2	8 4	8 2	8 5	10 1	9 7	10 3	14 6	14 4	16 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
RAJPOOTANA.	Jaipur ...	16 12	15 4	...	24 8	21 0	...	7 0	6 0	...	9 12	9 0	...	25 0	21 0	...	20 8	19 0	...
	Kishengurh ...	16 4	16 8	...	22 0	21 12	...	9 0	8 8	...	10 0	9 0	...	22 0	21 12	...	18 0	19 12	...
	Alwar ...	No return received.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bharatpur (City) ...	21 8	19 0	20 0	32 0	26 0	29 0	8 0	8 0	...	11 0	8 6	...	26 0	26 0	18 8	25 8	25 0	15 0
	Kerowli (City) ...	18 12	18 12	19 11	27 8	26 4	28 2	11 4	11 4	8 12	12 8	12 6	10 0	27 8	26 4	30 0	23 2	22 13	21 0
	Ajmir ...	No return received.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Deolie Cantonment ...																		
	Erinpura ...	21 4	20 0	20 0	33 8	32 0	27 0	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	7 0	28 0	25 0	22 0	30 0	29 4	22 0
	Sirohi ...	23 0	23 0	20 0	42 0	40 0	27 0	5 0	5 0	5 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	40 0	36 0	24 0	36 0	33 0	28 0
	Aboo ...	No return received.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hilly Tracts of Meywar ...	25 0	25 0	26 0	32 0	34 0	38 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Meywar ...	No return received.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Banswarra (Meywar Agency) ...	21 0	21 4	21 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	8 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Marwar ...	No return received.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bikaneer ...																		
	Bundi ...	...	19 4	15 12	...	30 0	21 0	...	6 0	8 0	...	8 8	9 0	...	25 0	16 0	...	...	...
	Kota ...	17 12	18 4	18 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	23 0	23 0	22 8	...	...	...
	Tonk ...	18 5	18 0	17 4	25 6	28 0	24 2	5 0	6 0	5 0	8 0	9 0	7 0	27 2	26 0	24 6	...	...	...
	Jhallawar ...	15 0	26 0	15 8	27 0	25 0	21 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	9 8	9 0	10 0	20 0	18 0	21 0	...	...	...
	Shahpoora ...	15 12	17 8	16 0	20 8	22 12	23 12	7 8	7 8	7 8	9 4	9 12	9 8	19 0	19 8	16 0	16 8	18 0	15 0
CENTRAL INDIA.	Indore ...																		
	Gwalior ...																		
	Goona ...	No return received.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rutlam ...																		
	Baghelkhund (Sutna) ...																		

India for the 1st half of September 1875—concluded.

IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Lesser Millets, &c. (Kavaru, Sawee, Chena, Murhwa, Nagles) Panicum Miliaceum, &c.			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Districts.	Provinces.	Remarks.
Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
...	...	...	23 8	23 0	22 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	10 4	9 12	10 0	Nagpur	Central Provinces.	
...	...	...	27 0	30 0	26 0	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	9 8	Bhandara ...		
...	...	...	25 0	25 0	23 7	400 0	400 0	600 0	7 0	7 8	8 3	Chanda ...		
...	...	...	22 0	25 0	20 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	9 8	11 0	Wardha ...		
...	...	...	28 0	28 0	26 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Balaghat ...		
...	...	...	33 0	34 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 12	8 8	Jubbulpore ...		
...	...	...	25 0	25 0	23 0	220 0	220 0	200 0	7 4	7 4	6 12	Sangor ...		
...	...	...	30 8	30 0	29 0	280 0	280 0	320 0	7 4	7 0	6 0	Damoh ...		
...	...	...	34 0	32 0	28 0	240 0	280 0	280 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Seoni ...		
27 0	30 0	19 0	45 0	45 0	27 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	6 8	7 0	6 8	Mandla ...		
22 0	23 0	22 0	23 0	27 0	23 0	280 0	280 0	280 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Betul ...		
23 0	23 0	20 0	31 0	33 0	30 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Chindwara ...		
...	...	...	24 0	28 0	21 6	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hoshangabad ...		
...	...	...	32 0	32 0	25 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	Narsinghpur ...		
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	...	160 0	160 0	...	10 4	9 14	...	Nimar ...		
...	...	...	44 0	40 0	37 8	120 0	120 0	...	7 12	7 8	7 4	Raipur ...		
...	...	...	24 0	24 0	21 0	120 0	120 0	150 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	Sambalpur ...		
0 0	100 0	100 0	42 0	35 0	46 0	200 0	200 0	160 0	7 8	7 8	6 0	Bilaspur ...		
...	...	...	30 0	30 0	24 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	10 0	10 0	8 0	Upper Godavery ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Secunderabad ...	Hyderabad Assigned Districts.	
												Bolarum ...		
			22 0	22 0	16 0	...	...	...				Chuddergbat ...		
0 10	8	8	19 0	21 0	17 0	94 0	94 0	57 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	Oomraotee ...		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	16 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Akola ...		
...	...	...	20 0	22 0	24 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	Elichpur ...		
...	...	...	23 0	24 0	17 0	250 0	300 0	200 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	Buldana ...		
0 21	0	14 0	26 5	27 0	22 0	90 0	90 0	64 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	Woon ...		
									9 0	9 0	8 5	Bassim ...		
2 33	0	35 2	21 5	22 5	16 7	...	...	...						
2 32	0	34 2	21 0	22 0	16 5	72 0	72 0	72 0	13 5	13 5	13 5	Bangalore { Wholesale	Mysore and Coorg.	
5 34	5	43 7	24 3	23 4	18 5	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	Retail ...		
2 34	3	43 4	24 0	23 1	18 3	172 4	172 4	172 4	15 7	14 6	14 6	Kolar ... { Wholesale		
2 57	2	58 0	25 0	25 0	21 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	15 4	14 3	14 3	Retail ...		
2 55	5	56 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	Tumkur ... { Wholesale		
5 27	0	29 7	20 4	21 0	19 8	80 4	78 0	78 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	Retail ...		
1 26	2	29 3	19 7	20 4	19 3	77 0	75 0	70 0	9 1	8 7	10 2	Mysore ... { Wholesale		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 7	8 5	9 8	Retail ...		
2 31	5	37 7	16 7	24 2	16 7	150 0	150 0	150 0	...	...	...	Hassan ... { Wholesale		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 5	10 0	10 0	Retail ...		
5 29	5	46 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	360 0	360 0	400 0	...	...	...	Shimoga ... { Wholesale		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 5	9 5	10 0	Retail ...		
0 28	4	32 0	16 0	18 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur ... { Wholesale		
2 56	2	53 9	22 8	22 4	...	60 0	60 0	60 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	Retail ...		
0 29	0	49 0	22 0	22 0	22 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 5	Chital- { Wholesale		
...	...	...	...	...	...	100 0	100 0	100 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	droog. { Retail ...		
1 23	9	32 2	18 6	18 4	15 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg { Wholesale		
						91 6	91 6	110 0	8 7	8 8	9 4	Retail ...		
...	...	...	20 8	18 8	...	...	...	...	18 0	17 0	...	Jaipur ...	Rajpootana.	
...	...	...	18 12	19 8	...	...	...	...	40 0	60 0	...	Kishengurh ...		
0 25	8	18 4	29 4	25 0	31 8	...	...	...	No return received			Alwar ...		
8 22	0	19 2	25 10	24 6	26 14	110 0	120 0	...	24 0	24 0	17 0	Bharatpur (City) ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	160 0	160 0	160 0	28 12	30 0	26 4	Kerowli (City) ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Ajmir ...		
...	...	...	23 0	24 0	17 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	40 0	40 0	40 0	Deolie Cantonment ...		
...	...	...	26 0	24 0	17 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	50 0	50 0	50 0	Krimpura ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Sirohi ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	8 Pie*	8 Pie*	7 Pie*	12 0	11 0	12 0	Aboo ...		
...	...	...	24 0	27 0	21 4	...	...	...	No return received			Hilly Tracts of Meywar...		* Per man's load.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	11 0	11 4	Meywar ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Banswarra (Meywar Agency) ...		
...	...	...	25 4	21 0	...	160 0	160 0	...	...	25 4	25 0	Marwar ...		
...	...	23 8	23 0	21 0	160 0	160 0	120 0	23 0	22 0	24 0	Bikaneer ...			
...	...	25 2	27 0	24 0	150 0	165 0	105 0	35 8	36 0	37 0	Bundi ...			
...	...	18 0	18 0	15 12	80 0	80 0	80 0	27 0	27 0	...	Kota ...			
...	...	18 12	20 0	22 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	36 0	38 0	34 0	Tonk ...			
												Jhallawar ...		
												Shahpoora ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No return received			Indore ...	Central India.	
												Gwalior ...		
												Goona ...		
												Rutlam ...		
												Baghelkhund (Sutna) ...		

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENT OF PRICES-CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE 2ND HALF OF AUGUST 1875, PUBLISHED IN PAGES 828 AND 829 OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DATED 25TH SEPTEMBER 1875.

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Districts.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice. Best sort.			Rice. Common.			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar), *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra), *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kavaru, Verugoo, Sawee, Cheena, Coralloo Murhwa, Nuglee, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	
CENTRAL INDIA.																															
Indore ...	13 14	14 0	13 4	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	19 0	20 0	23 0	18 0	20 0	22 0	...	...	...	18 10	18 8	15 0	88 0	87 0	96 0	8 0	8 8	10 0	
Gwalior ...	14 6	14 4	13 8	16 15	17 7	17 5	6 14	6 14	6 0	8 12	9 2	7 5	17 13	17 6	16 4	17 6	17 4	16 0	...	...	...	16 15	16 15	17 9	100 6	100 6	100 6	10 9	10 9	11 14	
Gooma ...	18 0	18 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	10 4	10 4	7 0	12 0	12 0	8 4	22 0	22 0	23 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	...	...	...	22 0	22 0	26 0	200 0	180 0	160 0	17 0	17 0	17 0	
Rutlam ...	14 0	14 4	13 12	...	...	...	9 0	9 4	8 4	12 8	12 8	12 8	19 4	19 0	21 12	15 8	16 8	18 0	...	...	...	19 12	20 0	17 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 8	10 8	11 4	
Baghelkund (Sutna) ...	25 0	25 0	17 8	...	32 8	...	8 0	8 0	7 0	22 0	21 0	15 0	29 0	29 0	19 0	24 0	24 0	19 0	...	...	...	33 0	31 0	21 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	8 0	8 0	7 12	

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

GENERAL COMPARATIVE ABSTRACT OF THE INDIAN SALT REVENUE (MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS ARE EXCLUDED).

YEAR.	FROM 1st APRIL TO 31st AUGUST.									
	BENGAL.		INLAND CUSTOMS.		MADRAS.		BOMBAY.		TOTAL.	
	Quantity.	Duty.	Quantity.	Duty.	Quantity.	Duty.	Quantity.	Duty.	Quantity.	Duty.
	Tons.	£	Tons.	£	Tons.	£	Tons.	£	Tons.	£
1871-72 ...	120,820	1,070,912	57,927	417,640	92,428	456,889	41,088	203,104	312,263	2,148,545
1872-73 ...	128,600	1,139,871	70,027	505,110	86,657	428,362	52,078	257,434	337,362	2,330,777
1873-74 ...	124,663	1,104,971	66,631	472,839	87,348	431,780	55,168	272,708	333,810	2,282,298
1874-75 ...	126,243	1,103,146	67,444	462,196	85,714	425,253	49,313	243,765	328,714	2,234,360
1875-76 ...	128,404	1,102,607	71,939	494,972	92,542	460,236	59,194	292,605	352,079	2,350,480
AVERAGE ...	125,746	1,104,313	66,794	470,551	88,938	440,504	51,368	253,923	332,846	2,269,292

A. O. HUME.
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

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SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

№ 41.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1875. {Register No. 75.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

KHURREEF SEASON, 1875, COMMENCING ON THE 1st JUNE 1875.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal during the Month of August 1875.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Supply of water in the Canals.		Rice Irrigation.				Sugarcane and other Perennial Crop Irrigation.				Rainfall.			Remarks.
			Estimated full discharge in cubic feet per second.	Average discharge in cubic feet per second during the month.	Area leased on or before the 1st June 1875.	Area leased subsequent to the 1st June 1875 and up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month (columns 6, 7 & 8).	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to date (total of columns 10 & 11).	Grand total of area leased up to the end of the month (total of columns 9 & 12).	Grand total of corresponding period of last year.	Inches during month.	Inches during Khurreef Season.	Average of ten previous years for the same period.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Orissa	Cuttack	Kendraparah	1,200	529·45	3,119	3,703	50	6,872	*115	...	*115	6,987	8,948	8·20	49·12	34·35	(a) The details of column 13 are—
		High Level, Section I.	675	93·72	2,533	2,761	6	5,299	29	...	29	5,328	7,548				
		Toldunnah	1,300	46·45	204	12	...	216	72	...	72	288	2,800				
		Matchgong	650	16·53	139	25	7	171	47	...	47	218	1,761				
		Total of the month	...	...	6,095	6,501	62	13,628	263	...	263	(a)13,921	19,054	...	...	...	
		Total of the corresponding month of previous year	...	...	15,662	3,967	129	19,778	176	...	176	19,954	...	...	...	...	
South-Western	Midnapore	Midnapore	975	663·45	15,306	27,774	317	43,397	...	...	...	43,397	53,938	9·31	31·94	31·77	
	Howrah	Panchkoorah	300	56·80	...	8,054	186	8,240	...	...	...	8,240	10,154	16·49	35·61	31·13	
		Total of the month	...	...	15,306	35,828	503	51,637	...	...	...	(b)51,637	64,092	...	...	...	
		Total of the corresponding month of previous year	...	...	22,646	33,195	8,221	64,062	...	...	...	64,062	...	...	...	...	
		Grand Total of the month	...	...	21,401	42,329	565	64,195	263	...	263	64,458	84,016	...	...	...	
		Grand Total of the corresponding month of previous year	...	...	38,308	37,162	8,350	83,840	176	...	176	84,016	...	...	...	...	

(a) The details of column 13 are—

	Acres.
At the rate of Re. 1	12,831
Ditto of Re. 1-8	115
Ditto of Re. 3	12
	12,958

Perennial—

Sugarcane	178	
Muldi	14	
Garden produce	59	
Brinjals	16	
Plantains	3	
Sarn	2	
Garden-nut	1	
		263
Total		12,921

(b) The area in column 13 has been leased at the following rates—

	Acres.
At Re. 1-8	51,081
Ditto 3-4	456
Total	51,537

*Three acres were inadvertently omitted from last month's Statement.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 23rd September 1875.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lieut.-Colonel, S. C.,*
Asst. Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENT OF PRICES-CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE 1ST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1875, PUBLISHED IN PAGES 846 AND 847 OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DATED 9TH OCTOBER 1875.

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

	Districts.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice. Best sort.			Rice. Common.			Great Millet (Cholum, Jowar), *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet (Cumboo, Bajra), *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c. (Kavaru, Veragoo, Sawee, Cheena, Corelos' Murhwa, Nugles, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine Coracana,* &c.			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
		Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	Present fortnight.	Past fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1874.	
		S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	
Rajpootana.	Meywar ...	14 11	15 10	5 6	21 6	20 11	21 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	9 2	9 10	7 13	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	20 2	20 5	14 11	165 0	165 0	165 0	20 5	20 5	29 5	
	Marwar ...	15 5	15 15	... ...	25 0	25 0	... ...	5 0	5 0	... ...	7 8	7 8	... ...	20 10	21 4	... ...	21 4	22 8	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	15 0	14 11	... ...	70 0	70 0	... ...	56 4	56 4	... ...	
Central India.	Indore ...	13 4	13 12	14 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	9 0	9 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	19 0	19 0	24 8	18 0	18 0	23 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	18 5	18 5	14 8	88 0	88 0	87 4	8 0	8 0	9 8	
	Gwalior ...	14 10	14 6	13 11	16 7	16 15	18 0	6 14	6 14	6 0	8 12	8 12	7 5	18 4	17 13	17 1	18 4	17 6	17 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	17 5	16 15	18 15	100 6	100 6	100 6	10 9	10 9	11 14	
	Gooma ...	16 8	18 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	10 4	10 4	7 0	12 0	12 0	10 0	22 0	22 0	24 0	20 8	20 8	16 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	20 0	22 0	23 4	200 0	200 0	180 0	17 0	17 8	17 0	
	Baghelkund (Sutna) ...	24 0	25 0	18 8	... ...	... ...	... ...	8 0	8 0	7 0	22 0	22 0	15 8	... ...	29 0	21 0	24 0	24 0	16 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	32 0	33 0	22 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

EXCURSION TO THE KARCHUNG VALLEY.

No. 67, dated Yarkund, 15th June 1875.

From—ROBERT B. SHAW, Esq., Political Agent on Special Duty, Kashgar,

To—C. U. AITCHISON, Esq., C. S. I., Secy. to the Govt. of India, FOREIGN DEPT.

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith a report of an excursion recently made by me to the Karchung Valley, the head of the canal system of the Yarkund district, together with a sketch map.*

* Not published.

REPORT OF AN EXCURSION TO THE KARCHUNG VALLEY.

The district of Karchung possesses a double interest. It is the head of the irrigation system on which the plains around Yarkund depend for their cultivation; and it is also the actual representative of the mysterious country of *Karchu*, which has for some time perplexed those geographers who have been endeavouring to interpret the records of ancient travellers and the old maps of this region by the light of recent inquiries.

2. I left Yarkund for a visit to this district on the afternoon of the 25th May with a small camp, and accompanied by Mahomed Yakub Yuzbashi, who was charged on the part of the Ameer with the duty of arranging for the supply of our requirements during the trip. For the first few miles the road (leading in a south-westerly direction) passed between avenues of mulberry trees, whose fallen fruit blackened the ground beneath them. The country was rich with crops of young wheat, and with the deep verdure of the thick-growing lucerne, the chief fodder of this country, which reaches an even height of nearly three feet, and is cut four or five times in the year. Fields of flax, grown for the seed, were also common. Walled gardens and orchards adjoining the farm-houses and country abodes of the people, and clumps of tall trees surrounding the shrines and grave-yards, and even an occasional college, close the view a short distance on either side of the road, and give a well-wooded aspect to the country. Canals and water-courses intersect it in every direction. Groups of women and men returning from merry-makings in the neighbouring gardens, cavalcades of donkeys either ridden or driven along laden with country produce, are met with or passed in pretty frequent succession. The loads of these consist chiefly of corn which is exported in considerable quantities to the less fertile neighbourhood of Kashgar, where, moreover, the consumption of food is increased by the presence of the Ameer's troops and of his chief officers and their followers who are cantoned around the city. Salt, in rough earthy-looking lumps, is met with coming in to Yarkund from the mountains.

3. After passing Urda Ustang, some three miles from the city, the trees become wider apart and the country less well cultivated. Occasional waste tracts overgrown with wild plants occur, and it is sometimes difficult to distinguish these from the sown fields, as the latter are not carefully weeded. Many fields were being got ready for rice, Indian-corn, and cotton sowings.

4. At about five miles from Yarkund we descended slightly to the important *Urpa* (or *Opy*) canal, a body of water which has every appearance of being natural, as on its east side it

is divided from an ancient bank by a low flat a little above the present level of the stream; while on the west it flows under a high bank or little cliff which it has cut out of the plain (some 15 or 20 feet above its level) on that side. Notwithstanding these natural appearances, the Urpa is said to be the work of one of the native Kings before the time of the Chinese. I should imagine, however, that it can only have been improved and regulated by human labour, acting upon a natural line of drainage.

5. The road crosses this canal or stream by a substantial wooden bridge (recently erected by the Dad-khwah of Yarkund). Beyond the bridge is a little bazaar, consisting chiefly of empty stalls, lining both sides of the road, and occupied only on the weekly market-day by the itinerant traders, who thus supply the wants of different villages in succession. From this practice (common in Eastern Turkistan) originate the names of many villages and small towns, as *Yak-Shamba* bazar ("Sunday-market"), &c. The name of this bazaar, however, at the Urpa bridge, is Munguchak.

6. Beyond this point sandy tracts alternate with fields and villages, testifying to the natural state from which man has rescued the country. At a little more than a mile from Munguchak bridge we encamped in a shady orchard in the village of Boŭa after our first short march. Here we were met by an old acquaintance, the Sarkâr, or Revenue Officer of the Rabatchi district, which extends from beyond the Kashgar road on the north to the mouth of the Karchung Valley on the south; and in breadth from the skirts of the hills to the Urpa canal. It contains eighteen villages. He had now come to escort me through his district until I should pass into the hands of his colleague of Karchung.

7. The next day's march led for the most part through the lands of the Popan and Khojarik villages, latterly keeping to the banks of the small trunk canal (from the Yarkund river) which feeds the greater part of the district of Rabatchi, and is called after its name. After some eight miles of road the cultivation became confined to the neighbourhood of this canal, ceasing to be connected by a net-work of water-courses with that of the neighbouring canals; and we entered an open tract sloping gently up towards the hills (dimly visible through the haze). The ground began to be in part covered with beds of large pebbles, derived from the river which we were now approaching; and here and there with hillocks of blown sand (from the north) which had in one place invaded a patch of cultivation surrounding a rest-house, where the sand had risen around the trunks of the windward trees and had half covered a grave-yard. Thence could be seen straggling and broken lines of trees and fields fringing the courses of the canals across the desert plain. At one of these, the village of Kaltala, situated on the canal which we had been following up, we camped after our second day's march at a distance of some 15 miles by road from our last halting place.

8. On the third day we continued our course in the same direction (roughly S. S. W.), the edges of the cultivation merging into the pebbly and sandy plain, villages and trees becoming scarce in front of us. We made towards a low point of hill stretching out from a rounded mass which showed itself on our right front. To the left of this point the gently rising plain formed a horizon not far off. Shortly before reaching the above-mentioned point whose peculiar shape has earned for it the name of *Tumshuk* (*i. e.*, the "beak" or "bill"), we diverged a few hundred yards to the left of the road to have a look at the Yarkund river which here flows in several branches (only one of which was visible from where we stood) over a broad pebbly bed depressed some eight or ten feet below the level of the sloping plain at that point. Riding along its barren banks studded with occasional patches of green, and crossing two canals (those of Kuzmal and of Yakarik) near their heads we reached the village of Tumshuk-Saraï, situated below the above mentioned point of hill. Here beds of stratified clay cover or replace the pebble beds. From the cliff here (the edge of a higher and absolutely barren plateau, which slopes up to the outer hills, of which it is in fact the skirt), I afterwards obtained an excellent view of the neighbouring district which forms the head of the water-supply of Yarkund.

9. At our feet was a broad green valley covered with marshes and pastures, and bounded on the further or eastern side by a low sandy cliff nearly three miles off under which runs the river. This cliff or bank increased in height as it runs south, as does also that on which I was standing; and far away into the deep bay enclosed between them the valley is covered with groves of trees, marking the sites of villages which become more and more contiguous till they form in the distance a dark line detached against the light sandy sides of the valley. This is Karchung. The further bank seems to curve round to the right (or west), breaking into irregular masses, above which, apparently closing the head of the valley, show themselves, first a ridge of high black mountains, and above this a line of distant snow peaks of bold outline said to be in the neighbourhood of Sarikol.

10. Looking east and north where the river makes its way out to the plains, one can trace the radiating lines of trees and villages marking the course of the canals which are derived from the river at this point. They spread like the ribs of a fan, until they are lost in the continuous cultivation on the horizon. The shape of the ground now becomes evident. It is a very flat cone or "alluvial fan," whose apex coincides with the point at which the river issues from the Karchung Valley. The slope in all directions downward from this point is very gentle, but still sufficiently decided to send natural water-courses, radiating over the surface of the cone whenever a flush of water or the accumulation of material brought down by the river causes a rise of level in the stream where it issues from between the hills.

11. Thus, in opposition to the general rule, we have streams flowing *out of* instead of *into* the river. This contravention to the usual course of nature may perhaps be ascribed to the entire absence of vegetation on the hill sides, which allows the melting snows to carry annually into the river a vast proportion of débris, which would be deposited at the point

where it leaves the mountains, and where the current would no longer have a rapidity sufficient to transport the material. This accumulation in its front would cause the stream continually to seek in every direction from that centre new channels of least elevation, which in their turn would become choked. The stream above this point, confined in the valley, would thus be checked and would consequently deposit its material, thus raising the bed of the river for a certain distance back. So that the formation of the cone at the mouth of the valley, and the elevation of the river bed within the valley, would go on alternately, or in practice simultaneously; and the result would be what we see, a wide alluvial cone *outside*, and a level fluviatile plain *inside*. The phenomenon of conical deltas, or "alluvial fans," as they have been called by Mr. F. Drew in an interesting paper read before the Geological Society of London, is common in Eastern Turkistan, and also, on a smaller scale, in Thibet where many of the climatic conditions are the same.

12. Man has of old interfered with the natural radiation of the streams from the mouth of the Karchung Valley; and taking advantage of the shape of the ground has confined the wandering waters to certain courses where they can be useful to him, deepening their entrances so that the supply which they afford may no longer be precarious. Hence we have a radiating system of canals (or rather canalized streams) which, starting from the mouth of the Karchung Valley or its neighbourhood, spreads over and irrigates the whole Yarkund district, which, but for it, would be a desert, or at best a thin fringe of vegetation confined to the banks of the main river.

13. It is thus evident that before the city of Yarkund can have been built (and its antiquity is supposed to be considerable), the people of the country must have reached a stage of progress that enabled them to construct many canals of considerable length, or at least to canalize the wandering streams derived from the Yarkund river; and thus to establish, on the originally barren land, a settled population of sufficient numbers to require and to support a town in their midst.

14. The probability of already existing water-courses having been utilized, rather than entirely new lines taken, for the trunk canals, is shown by the appearance of ancient banks often divided by flat terraces from the present bed of the stream (as was mentioned above in the case of the Urpa), and by the rarity of any signs of spoil-banks where the excavated soil could have been deposited. In some places a dry channel between steep sides, obviously marking some former course of the stream, diverges from the present line of a canal. In others the stream runs like an English brook deep down between level banks lined with willows that bend over the water. Dry water-courses lined with deposits of clay and probably due to floods, score the surface of the alluvial fan; taking radial directions like those of the present canals from which they probably do not differ in origin. The trunk canals are seldom straight, and it is generally a puzzle to tell whether a given large water-course is natural or artificial. The name "Ustang" is applied to all but the principal rivers of the country, and may perhaps be defined as a 'canalized stream.' The smaller water-courses (or 'ariks') on the other hand bear obvious signs of being the result of man's handiwork, often running along the top of raised embankments. Thus if the people of Eastern Turkistan have shown from early times a considerable aptitude for canal works, it is nature that has been their teacher and their example. It would seem that the very barrenness of the country supplies its own remedy. The unusual proportion of débris washed into the upper course of the river from the naked hill sides is the cause of the alluvial fan which radiates the waters over a broad expanse of country. Were the mountains covered with verdure, the stream would wend its way in unblessed singleness through the plain.

15. The heights obtained from the boiling point of water at the different places show the slopes to be as follows:—

	From Chamasal (Inside the Valley.)	Apex of alluvial cone (near Tumshuk).				
		Viâ main River.				
(Within the limits of the cone) ...	1 in 189	1 in 242	1 in 284	1 in 254	1 in 194 to Kaltala.	1 in 203 to Yakarik.
(Intermediate)		to ford near Otunchi.			1 in 227	1 in 222 on to Kambujash. / 1 in 301
(Out in the plains)		to Posham.		to Yarkund.	on to Yarkund.	on to Kok-Rabat.
		1	2	3	4	5

16. These figures are merely rough approximations, as the boiling point method is not susceptible of very great accuracy, nor are the distances known with any exactness. Columns 4

and 5 give separately the slope down to the limits of the cone, and the gentler inclination onwards in the plain. Columns 1 and 3 (being founded merely on a comparison of the heights of the two ends of the respective lines) show an inclination compounded of the slope of the cone and of that of the plain, and the resultant is therefore intermediate between the two. We may therefore suppose that the slope of the cone, towards Yarkund and towards Poskam, does not differ much from the inclination in the directions of Kaltala and Yakarik. But by column 2 it will be seen that the bed of the main river slopes more steeply down (its compound or resultant inclination as far as Otunchi being equal to the simple inclination of the cone towards Kaltala). It must therefore be depressed below the surface of the cone, as in fact it was seen to be near Tumshuk-Saraï; and this shows that its action must at present be to excavate a bed out of the alluvium deposited by it in former ages. There are numerous instances of this in the alluvial fans of Thibet, where secondary cones are thus formed.

17. Vestiges of a canal constructed by Yunus Wang (a Turki Governor of Yarkund under the Chinese) are to be seen in the form of long parallel mounds of earth and sand, between Kaltala and Tumshuk and again north of Yakarik. This canal (constructed, it is said, at the cost of many lives) succeeded in carrying water to Kok-Rabat where it was intended to put more land under cultivation; but it cannot have been very successful, for on Yunus Wang's death it fell into disrepair. Its course lay athwart the present line of canals.

18. The management of the canals is in the hands of a local *Mir-ab* (Lord of Water) in each district. There is no special taxation, but the repairs of each canal are executed by the inhabitants of those villages all down its course which are dependent on it for irrigation. Smaller canals are kept in order under the authority of the Sarkâr or Revenue Officer of the district; while in the case of the larger ones orders are issued when necessary by the Governor of the province. The work is thus performed by those who have the greatest interest in its being well done; and a journey of three or four days (generally accomplished on the stout asses of the country) is thought nothing of by the cultivators. I have not heard any complaints of other labour being exacted by local officials from the gangs thus assembled away from their homes—an abuse that would be very likely to arise in some oriental countries. In fact the canal management here is merely a system of self-help under the guidance of the authorities.

19. A vast amount of land that now lies waste would seem to be capable of cultivation if irrigated, and the present canals by no means exhaust all the available water. A rough attempt to estimate the amount of water passing Chamasal (above Karchung) at this season of the year (half flood), gave as the result between 6,000 and 7,000 cubic feet per second. This is above all the canal heads; but below them enough remains to form a good sized stream estimated by Dr. Henderson in August 1870 (when at its highest flood) as from 70 to 150 yards in width. Where widest it contained shoals on which a man could stand with water above his middle. All this water runs to waste. But a good deal of the land (especially in the Kashgar Province) is almost useless on account of a salt efflorescence that is brought out by watering it. With regard to the rest, the people say that the present population does not require more land than is now under cultivation, so that it lies waiting till the number of mouths to be fed and of arms to labour shall have increased. There are already signs of this; several places have been brought under cultivation since my first visit and other agricultural settlements are talked of. A certain number of foreigners (especially Baltis) also annually settle in the country. An attempt has been made of late years to increase the amount of land under cultivation, by compelling villagers to pay for land adjoining their fields but hitherto lying waste, so as to induce them to try and make something out of it. The system of taking in lieu of land tax only a fixed proportion of the crops actually raised in any year, allows the peasants to leave a part of their holdings fallow without any loss to themselves, though to the diminution of the general food stock of the country. The formation of gardens and orchards is now discouraged by an increase in the *Tanab* tax, a fixed rate assessed by measurement irrespective of production, and which acts as a differential duty against land devoted to such purposes. It is uncertain whether this effect is intended by the authorities; but the increase in the tax has been productive of some discontent lately, as also has the innovation recently introduced of levying those taxes in advance.

20. To return to the Karchung Valley from whose mouth the canals that water the Yarkund district branch off: the river runs under the right hand or *eastern* bank, a low sandy cliff, the edge of a raised desert plain. On this bank as many as five or six river terraces can be traced in places, showing the former levels of the stream at heights of apparently six or eight feet between each. The *western* side of the valley slopes down very gently from the *talus* of the western cliff to the edge of the river, forming a plain covered for some miles up from the entrance of the valley, with marshes and pastures dotted with cattle. Some four miles up the cultivation becomes continuous extending through the small districts (or scattered villages) of Kamyantak and *Karchung*, of which the latter is the more important. In this part of the valley wells for drinking water are occasionally to be seen, where water is found at about 10 or 12 feet below the surface. The wells penetrate into beds of large pebbles, similar to those in the bed of the river. This cultivated part of the valley near its western side is probably on a level with the highest of the terraces seen on the opposite bank.

21. Some four miles above Karchung a long slope of barren alluvium issuing from the hills on the same side, approaches the river and cuts off the cultivation of Karchung from that of Chamasal which is further up, and where a flat partly cultivated plain again extends on the left bank of the river, shut in on the west by a cliff some 25 or 30 feet high cut in the lateral alluvium, whose section shows beds of pebbles (similar to those in the bed of the river, chiefly granite or gneiss) interstratified with a few layers of clay and sand. These cliffs after a while

give way to slopes of gravel from the western hills, and the cultivation of Chamasal extends on to the lower part of these slopes. Its fields have therefore a more diversified aspect than is often seen in Eastern Turkistan. The village is a large one, with numerous groves and avenues of large trees and orchards and gardens. The slopes above it look the more barren from the contrast with the well cultivated fields which appear to be almost on the same level. This desert is considered sacred as containing the graves of a large army of the faithful said to have been slaughtered here in very early times under their leader, Mahomed Sadik Kirmâni, whose shrine situated at the edge of the desert is much venerated. The date of his death is given in an old Turki manuscript, obtained from the shrine, as in A.H. 352 (A.D. 962). Beyond Chamasal there extends another partly cultivated plain for a few miles, after which the valley is uninhabited.

22. On the right or eastern side of the river there are but few villages. The important one of *Kusharâb*, however, is situated opposite a point some three or four miles above Chamasal at the junction of a side stream. Kusharâb, from its high situation, obtains no water for irrigation from the river, but depends on the supply from the side stream which is fed entirely by the melting of the snows and the rainfall on the higher mountains (the Arpatallak Ridge) whence it descends. It is reckoned that if in the course of the spring there are three or four fair showers of rain, this stream will supply enough water for the irrigation of their fields, otherwise their crops are lost. This is said not often to happen however; and the fact indicates a greater rainfall in those mountains than in the plains of Yarkund.

23. Up this side valley runs one of the roads to Sarikol, which seems to be used to the exclusion of the route by the valley of the main river, notwithstanding the fact that the Arpatallak Ridge or Range has to be crossed, in order to rejoin the river further up its course. On the other side of the river too, a road leading from Chamasal avoids the course of the river for some distance up, rejoining it similarly after crossing a ridge. This indicates some difficulties in this part of the main valley. The absence of habitations is said to be one of them. In the side valley above-mentioned (of the Kusharâb stream) there are two villages, Uch-Baldir and Igiz-arik ("the high water-course"), situated at intervals of a day's march apart, counting from Kusharâb. At the latter of these, a fort was built by the Dâd-khwah some years ago where a guard is now stationed.

24. Kusharâb is noted for its mines of lead; but the river being in flood and there being no ferry so high up, I had not the opportunity of examining them. This Kusharâb must not be confounded with the other village of *Kusharâb* situated higher up near the junction of the Sarikol stream with the Yarkund River.

25. Opposite the narrows between Karchung and Chamasal another side stream comes in from the south, which is said to depend in like manner on rainfalls; on a triangular alluvial terrace in the angle between it and the river stands the village of Chumdi. Besides these, the only cultivation on the right bank of the river seems to be at the shrine and grove of Yastung lower down opposite Karayantak, and just above the point where the canal system begins to branch off.

26. A high antiquity is ascribed to Karchung by its inhabitants. It is said to have been settled long before the Yarkund district and other neighbouring parts. This tradition seems to be in accordance with probability; for this plain between the last spurs of the mountains, enriched by fluviatile deposits, covered with natural verdure, and which could be irrigated with little trouble from the neighbouring river, would of course be first occupied by the early settlers, before they had made sufficient progress to undertake the elaborate system of canalization, by which the neighbourhood of Yarkund was reclaimed from its original barrenness.

27. In a country where unburnt bricks are the usual material of construction, remains of very ancient buildings are not likely to be found. Still the rainless climate allows even such materials to retain their form during a much longer period than would be the case in other lands. The ruins caused by the rebellion in this country, 10 or 12 years ago, seem to be absolutely in the same condition as when they were left by the Chinese; and therefore give no standard of comparison for other remains.

28. At the mouth of the Karchung Valley under the "Bill" (*Tumshuk*) there is an old building with its walls still standing, called "Rustam Sarai," and also "Kirk-bir Kurghan," ('the fort of forty-one') from the supposed number of rooms contained in it; though they are said to have the mysterious property of never being counted twice running with the same result. It is separated into four divisions by two passages crossing one another at right angles in the centre. An old man of some 70 years of age, belonging to the spot, remembered playing in these chambers in his childhood when it had the same reputation of antiquity, but the walls were then somewhat higher. This building is ascribed by some to the time of the Kalmak rule, in which case it would be about 150 years old, and this seems not improbable. By others it is said to have been built by *Nukta Rashid* and *Chukta Rashid*, two mythical personages much spoken of in the early traditions of Kashgaria, and who seem to represent the Chinese power in contact with these more western regions in the tenth and eleventh centuries of our era. This date is, however, inadmissible in the present case.

29. About half a mile from this building, on the edge of a bank overlooking the green plain of the river, is a much older ruin called Rustam's or Ali's kitchen, but ascribed by some to Kara Khan, a Kalmak chief. Scarcely any traces remain to distinguish it from the surrounding plain. Compared with this the fort of the forty-one rooms appears an affair of yesterday. Shallow ditches still mark its outline, an oblong about 30 yards by 20; but the

walls have crumbled into low mounds edging the interior (which is higher than the ground outside), and subdividing it into rooms or compartments. At the four angles blocks of earth-work retain somewhat of their former consistency, and probably mark the site of corner turrets more massive than the walls. In the interior, signs of fire are visible in the reddened soil—an appearance which has originated the popular name of the ruin. On the cliff above (about 100 feet high) there is another relic called Ali's manger. It is merely a small earthen mound with a depression in the middle, and might have been a small watch tower or sentinel's post attached to the fort below, the position of which, overlooking the Karchung Valley and the road up it, would have been very suitable for a robber chief, its situation being adapted rather for offence than defence. The vague traditions of Ali and of Rustam give no assistance in the attempt to ascertain the age of this ruin.

30. I am told of other ancient remains situated some distance up a dry side-ravine on the other (eastern) side of the valley. Under a cliff in this ravine some old terraces fit for vine-yards where now no water flows, mark the former existence of cultivation here, and are said by tradition to have belonged to the garden of an ancient chief.

31. The number of old trees in the valley is considerable. On the road between Karchung and Karayantak is to be seen a possible relic of tree-worship. Two large old Kairagach trees (elms) stand by the roadside, and are surrounded by a trench into which water is led from a neighbouring canal to irrigate them. At their side stand a number of long sticks surmounted with rags and yaks' tails, such as are usual on the *mazars* or shrines of saints. These yaks' tails (called "tugh") are the same as those which mark the rank of living dignitaries among the Turks ("three-tailed bashaws," &c.), and probably represent the chieftain's standard stuck on a spear-end in front of his tent during life, and on his tomb after death.

32. On inquiry I learned that no tomb was known to exist under these trees, but that it had been a custom handed down from of old to give them these marks of respect. Some referred it to the fact of the wife of the Holy Haz't (Hazrat) Khoja having been abandoned here in her husband's flight from the Chinese and their Kirghiz allies. Others thought it probable that some Shahid (martyr) must have been buried here, but no tradition of the kind had come down. Now all the cairns erected on passes and other remarkable spots throughout the mountain region north of the Panjab are claimed by the Mussulmans as tombs of saints, though it cannot be conceived that one should have been available for burial on every such spot, which possesses a cairn as a matter of course. Similar cairns occur in similar positions throughout the Hindu and Buddhist mountain regions also; and are then assigned as the habitation of local demons or deities. The Mussulman theory seems invented, therefore, merely to account for existing facts, and to carry on the tradition of reverence for certain previously hallowed spots. This is perhaps the case with the trees at Karchung, whose predecessors may have been the object of worship by the early inhabitants. I have nowhere else in the country heard of an instance of trees being thus honoured and benefited by a special water-cut; though at many *mazars* the old trees seem to be the object of a veneration distinct from that of the shrine itself, and accounted for by the fable that they have sprung from the walking-stick of the saint planted there in the ground by him, and taking root by a miracle. A small modern mosque has been built close to the holy trees at Karchung, and a regular *mazar* exist a short way off.

33. The people of the Karchung Valley do not differ from the inhabitants of the plains, unless it be that there is a greater proportion amongst them of men with regular features and a less Tartar appearance. In the Yarkund villages there is often a small proportion of people thus characterised, besides those in whom the difference is due to their Balti or Badakhshee origin. It is difficult in a flying visit to make certain of such a point, but such was my impression of the inhabitants of Karchung. *Góitre* does not seem to be prevalent in the valley, although the district of Poskam lower down the river (in the plains) is the head-quarters of that affection. The people of Karchung tell me that none of them get it but those that have gone down to Poskam and lived there two or three years.

34. Having said thus much regarding Karchung that now is, I may turn to the mythical *Karchu* of geographers with which I am disposed to identify it; and here I may say that in the slurring manner of speaking common among the Yarkhundis the final consonants of this word are almost lost, and the name as pronounced by them might easily be taken to be Karchu. Colonel Yule (Introductory Essay to Wood's "Oxus," p. lv.) says:—"As regards apocryphal topography we can only briefly notice *Bolor* and *Karchu*, which have haunted the map of Central Asia for the greater part of this century, but neither of which, *as applied therein*, have any corresponding localities *in rerum naturâ*." From the position of the latter Colonel Yule is disposed to consider the name an erroneous transliteration of Katchut, which of course, as he says, must be intended for Kanjut.

35. But it appears that the Karchu of maps occupies a position on the upper course of the Yarkund River; and (notwithstanding the numerous misleading identifications against which Colonel Yule rightly protests) this *Karchu* can be none other, I think, than the *Karchung* lately visited by me, which is actually situated above Yarkund on the river of that name between the skirts of the mountains, and to which both tradition and natural conditions would assign a greater antiquity than to Yarkund itself, though the latter has surpassed it in importance.

36. Like Bolor, which has been so clearly proved by Colonel Yule and others to have no existence in the place assigned to it by fable, and yet to have been a veritable country in

another locality; so also Karchu, if it has strayed out of its proper position on our maps, may now be brought back with certainty and placed where the modern Karchung is, some 30 miles up the river from Yarkund between the eastern spurs of the Tsung-ling mountains, and to the east of Sarikol nearly at the intersection of the 38th parallel of latitude with the 77th meridian of longitude.

37. On my return to Yarkund I took a more westerly route than in going, a route which leads almost due north from the mouth of the valley. We followed a course parallel with the Yakarik *(Yaka-arik,* "edge water-course") canal, which probably owes its name to its running along the skirt of the hills. At the village of the same name, where the main road from Badakshan *viâ* Sarikol enters the plains, I visited the fort built by the Chinese whose frontier station it used to be. It is in the usual Chinese style with high walls of hardened mud each side about 100 yards in length, and small projecting turrets at the corners. I was received with all the honours by the officer in command and his small guard of Yarkund troops, and shown over the interior. Heaps of stones are still lying arranged along the battlements, having been placed there by the Chinese to be used as missiles. About a quarter of a mile off on the edge of a higher plain which slopes up towards the mountains are two tall watch towers in the form of truncated pyramids, or large square buildings about 40 feet high, whose bases are much wider than their tops. The interior is hollow, but is roofed over to form a floor at the level of the battlements. An extensive view is obtained both over the higher plateau down which comes the road from Badakshan, and also over the plain below. In the time of the Chinese high masts were mounted on these watch towers, from which telegraphic signals were made by means of flags to other stations said to have formed a line as far as Ila, to whose Governor (or Jang-jung) the Ambans of Kashgar and Yarkund were subordinate.

38. Beyond the village of Yarkarik (where we spent a night) our route diverged to the east from the canal, which continues its course as far as Kok-Rabat on the Kashgar road, which is irrigated from it and forms the limit of the Yarkund Province in that direction. All along this skirt of the cultivated country the villages used to be subject to incursions from the Kirghiz of the neighbouring mountains. The state of affairs seems to have been similar to that of the Scotch counties adjoining the highlands during the middle ages and beyond them. The Chinese took no trouble to protect their subjects from their unruly neighbours. In one or two villages I saw watch towers and fortified enclosures in ruins said to have been raised to keep an eye on the belt of desert sloping up to the mountains. If a Kirghiz band were espied on this kind of neutral ground a signal was made, and all the inhabitants of the scattered farm-houses hastened with their cattle to take refuge in their stronghold. All this, it need scarcely be said, has now ceased. Sarikol has been included within the Kashgar dominions and is garrisoned by the Ameer's troops. The Kirghiz are as much subjects of the State as the villagers are. Their Chief lives at Kashgar the greater part of the year, visiting the scattered tribes occasionally, and the people of the plains carry on a mutually profitable intercourse with the nomads of the mountains, who still however look with somewhat of contempt on the *Sarts*, as they call all people of settled habits of whatever nationality.

39. In compliance with the entreaties of Ayub, the Sarkâr of Rabatchi, I diverged from my direct road home to visit his house at Karabujash, near which he promised us some sport after wild pig on the morrow. He insisted on entertaining our party at his own expense (our wants having during the rest of the trip been supplied from the Government store-houses), and after a successful morning's sport (Ayub keeps a small pack of hounds for hunting the wild pig in the marshes and reeds of that neighbourhood) we reached Yarkund before evening on the ninth day since our departure.

YARKUND,
The 15th June 1875.

ROBERT B. SHAW,
Poltl. Agent, on special duty, Kashgar.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

CIVIL WORKS.

Irrigation.

REVENUE REPORT OF IRRIGATION WORKS IN THE NORTH-WEST PROVINCES FOR THE YEAR 1873-74.

Nos. 239—53 I., dated Simla, the 26th July 1875.

Read—

Letter from the Government of the North-West Provinces, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, No. 76 A., dated the 26th January 1875, forwarding copy of the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in the North-West Provinces for the year 1873-74, and of the Resolution of that Government reviewing the same.

OBSERVATIONS.—The submission of this Report, though 3 weeks earlier than its predecessor, is nearly 2½ months behind time, owing, it is reported, to the needful statements from the Board of Revenue not having been received. It is observed that this matter has received the attention of the Local Government, so that greater punctuality will, it is hoped, be ensured for the future.

2. The operations of the year having been reviewed in detail by the Local Government, only the general results and a few points requiring attention will be noticed in this Resolution.

3. In the abstract of general financial results annexed to the Chief Engineer's report on which the conclusions in paras. 3—5 of the Resolution of the North-West Provinces Government are based, there are a few errors which will be remarked on separately. The profits are calculated only on the assessments for the year, and the amount of accumulated interest charges is not quite correctly stated. The correct figures will be found in the two annexed statements, the first of which shows the results according to the actual cash receipts during the year, and the second according to the assessments for the year.

4. The general financial results according to these tables are as follows:—

	£
The aggregate capital outlay on Irrigation Works in the North-West Provinces to the end of the year was	3,979,164
Of this amount the sum spent on works in progress not yet yielding revenue is £920,154, and outlay on works abandoned is £22,197, or a total of ...	942,351
Leaving as the capital outlay on works in operation	3,036,813
The gross returns derived by Government from these works by direct receipts of water-rate and miscellaneous items of income during the year under review was	252,785
The expenses of maintenance	123,520
Deducting which the net direct revenue amounted to	129,265
And the increased Land Revenue due to the works is reported to amount to ...	55,405
Making a total net revenue of ...	184,670

This result, based on the cash collections, gives a net profit of 6·08 per cent. on the capital outlay. In the previous year it was 5·35 per cent., so that there is a satisfactory increase in the rate of return.

If the calculations be made on the earnings of the year, *viz.*, on the *assessments* of water-rate on crops irrigated during the year, the results are as follows:—

	£
* *Vide* Report of the Government, North-West Provinces	266,147
Less remissions of revenue included in that sum	1,529
	264,618

	£
Gross income	*264,618
Deduct maintenance expenses	123,520
Net direct revenue	141,098
Increased land revenue due to the Works ...	59,150
Net profit ...	200,248

Or 6·58 per cent. on the capital outlay.

5. If the total net revenue be taken on the entire expenditure, including unfinished and abandoned works, the return is 4·64 per cent.

6. The total charges for simple interest during the year amounted to £146,262, so that the net realizations of the year show a clear excess over all charges of £38,408, which is increased to £55,515 if the calculations be made on the earnings, *viz.*, the assessments of the year.

7. The accumulated simple interest charges up to the end of the year exceeded the accumulated net revenue from all sources by £929,747. This is still a heavy weight on the Canal finances; but it is satisfactory to find that it is annually decreasing, as the following figures will show. The amount of the debt was at the end of—

	£
1870-71 ...	1,009,264
1871-72 ...	972,887
1872-73 ...	968,155
1873-74 ...	929,747

In the review of the previous year's operations a contrary conclusion was drawn owing to imperfections in the accounts of former years, which have since been rectified.

8. In the conclusions arrived at in paragraph 5 of the Resolution of the Local Government there appears to be some error. It is said that "the profits from all sources exceeded the interest charges by Rs. 5,39,863;" but a reference to the statement of general financial results attached to the Report, which is based on *collections*, shows that the net revenue amounted to Rs. 18,46,682, while the interest charges came up to Rs. 14,62,616, from which figures the gain would appear to be only Rs. 3,84,066, instead of Rs. 5,39,863 as stated; and if indirect profits be excluded, there would apparently be a loss of Rs. 1,69,995 on the year's transactions.

Again, it is said that "the accumulated interest charges exceeded the accumulated revenue by Rs. 80,99,002;" but the actual excess seems to be Rs. 92,97,488,* as shewn on the margin. Calculations of this nature should be based on the cash collections and not on assessments.

*See statement of Financial results.	Rs.
Interest ...	2,54,06,499
Net revenue ...	1,61,09,011
Excess ...	92,97,488

9. The working expenses for the year, as shewn in statements at pages I and XXVII of Appendix, do not agree with one another; nor do either agree with the figures given at paragraph 4 of the Chief Engineer's Report. The interest charges, as shewn in Table XXVII, are not quite correct. These and other discrepancies in other portions of the Report need not be further noticed here, but it is hoped that the Local Government will adopt such measures as will insure the accuracy of the figures in future reports.

10. In paragraph 69 of the Chief Engineer's review, there is a statement to the effect that the question of removing the debit against the irrigation accounts of the Agra Irrigation Works is now before the Government of India. But there must be some misapprehension on this point, as the question was referred back to the Local Government for further information a year ago; *vide* Public Works Department letter No. 213A.—I. of 6th July 1874.

11. The working expenses were less by £5,481 than in the previous year, which is due in part to a larger expenditure having been debited to capital, and a smaller proportion consequently of the permanent establishment charges having been debited to the revenue account. The maintenance charges for the last six years have been as follows:—

	£
In 1868-69 ...	101,313†
In 1869-70 ...	116,465
In 1870-71 ...	112,659†
In 1871-72 ...	118,953†
In 1872-73 ...	129,001
In 1873-74 ...	123,520

12. The year was, on the whole, a favorable one for the Canal finances. The direct assessed income shows an increase of £34,882 over that of the previous year, and is the largest yet reached, with the exception of that of 1868-69, a year of drought, although the area irrigated was exceeded in three of the previous years. The increase is shewn to be due

† Including charges against the Agra Irrigation Works, which were abandoned.

to the distribution of the rainfall, which, although actually heavier than in 1872-73, fell so as not to relieve the cultivators from the necessity for applying for canal water; also to the considerable increase in the sugarcane and indigo cultivation, the areas of which were the largest yet obtained.

13. It is observed with much satisfaction that the greater portion of the increase is due to the Ganges Canal, which is doubtless owing in a great measure to the careful administration commended by the North-West Provinces Government. The decreasing cost of maintenance on this canal during the last three years is also very noticeable.

14. The increase in maintenance charges on the Eastern Jumna Canal during the year under review is mainly due to the expenditure on works of improvement now charged against Revenue, the effect of which will probably be a decrease in current expenses in future years.

15. The Report shows that the boat traffic on the Ganges Canal is increasing, as the obstructions are being gradually removed. The fact that the capacity of the boats has increased from a maximum of 350 maunds in 1869 to 750 maunds in the year under review, and that of the latter there are now 102 out of a total of 365 plying on the Ganges Canal, is significant. This, with the large passenger traffic which is known to exist, though there are as yet no registers of it, and the increased activity in carrying operations at the Cawnpore terminus, are hopeful signs for the future. A registration of the passenger traffic should be undertaken if it can be managed without additional expense.

16. The praise bestowed by the Lieutenant-Governor on the Canal administration, and the officers to whom its success is mainly due, is fully endorsed by the Government of India. The results of each succeeding year show that the difficulties to be overcome are being gradually surmounted. Improvement is apparent in every branch of the Canal administration.

ORDER.—Ordered that copies of this Resolution and of the Report be forwarded to the Secretary of State, and to the Financial and Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce Departments for information.

Ordered also, that copies of the Resolution be forwarded to the Government of the North-West Provinces and the several* other Local Governments and Administrations in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, for information.

* Madras.	British Burmah.
Bombay.	Mysore and Coorg.
Bengal.	Hyderabad.
Punjab.	Central India.
Oudh.	Rajpootana.
Central Provinces.	

Ordered further, that this Resolution, the Resolution of the Local Government, and extracts from the Chief Engineer's Report, be forwarded to the Home Department for publication in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

C. H. DICKENS, *Colonel, R. A.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESULTS OF IRRIGATION WORKS IN THE NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES FOR AND UP TO THE END OF THE YEAR 1873-74, BASED ON THE ACTUAL CASH RECEIPTS.

	Works in operation.						Canals abandoned.	Canals under construction.					Total.
	Ganges Canal.	Eastern Jumna Canal.	Dun Canals.	Rohilkand Canals.	Bundelkhand Irrigation Works.	Total.	Agra Irrigation Works (abandoned).	Agra Canal.	Lower Ganges Canal.	Eastern Ganges Canal.	Bundelkhand Irrigation Survey.	Total.	
CAPITAL. (WITHOUT INTEREST).	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
For the year — Ordinary	—3,833	1,358	654	9,826	238	8,243	...	...	...	70	6,181	6,251	14,494
For the year — Extraordinary	43,280	207	...	5,670	...	49,157	...	118,978	264,347	1,737	...	385,062	434,219
For the year — Contributions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For the year — Capitalization of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For the year — Total	39,447	1,565	654	15,496	238	57,400	...	118,978	264,347	1,807	6,181	391,313	448,713
To end of year — Ordinary	2,342,680	201,035	57,907	110,535	7,441	2,719,598	22,197	1,108	...	980	9,647	11,735	2,753,530
To end of year — Extraordinary	301,945	6,708	...	8,562	...	317,215	...	539,237	318,786	26,094	13,402	897,519	1,214,734
To end of year — Contributions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
To end of year — Capitalization of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,900	...	...	...	10,900	10,900
To end of year — Total	2,644,625	207,743	57,907	119,097	7,441	3,036,813	22,197	551,245	318,786	27,074	23,049	920,154	3,979,164
REVENUE ACCOUNT. GROSS REVENUE.													
For the year — Direct	186,860	56,174	5,242	4,215	294	252,785	...	...	...	...	...	...	252,785
For the year — Indirect	34,427	16,988	475	3,260	255	55,405	...	...	...	...	...	...	55,405
For the year — Total	221,287	73,162	5,717	7,475	549	308,190	...	...	...	...	...	...	308,190
To end of year — Direct	1,915,320	919,126	62,013	68,678	1,612	2,966,749	11,083	...	...	...	...	...	2,977,832
To end of year — Indirect	202,861	157,709	5,222	7,872	3,469	377,133	...	...	...	...	...	...	377,133
To end of year — Total	2,118,181	1,076,835	67,235	76,550	5,081	3,343,882	11,083	...	...	...	...	...	3,354,965
WORKING EXPENSES.													
During year	92,230	20,819	2,747	6,952	772	123,520	...	...	...	...	...	...	123,520
To end of year	1,198,197	416,310	47,201	66,221	5,050	1,732,979	8,292	...	...	...	...	...	1,741,271